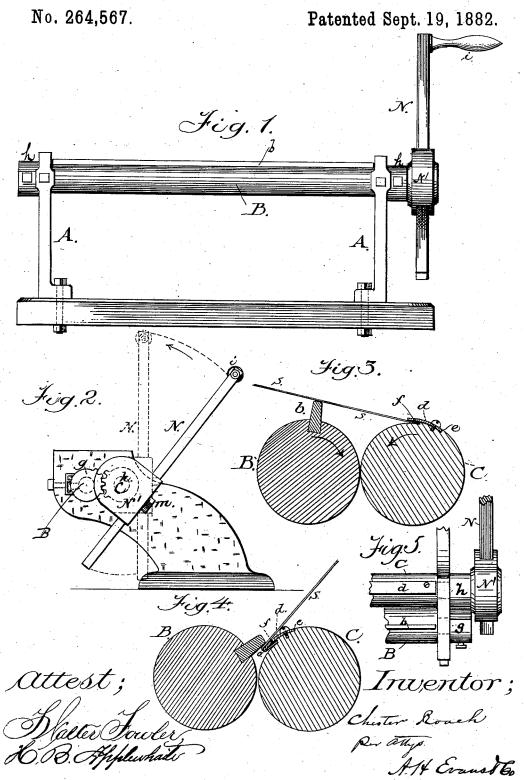
C. ROACH.

SHEET METAL BENDING MACHINE.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHESTER ROACH, OF MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA.

SHEET-METAL-BENDING MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 264,567, dated September 19, 1882.

Application filed July 22, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHESTER ROACH, of Minneapolis, in the county of Hennepin and State of Minnesota, have invented a new and Improved Sheet-Metal-Bending Machine; and I hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description thereof, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, making part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a front view of the machine. Fig. 2 is a side elevation. Fig. 3 is a cross-sectional view through the rollers with a sheet of metal inserted to be bent. Fig. 4 is a view of the same with the metal sheet bent. Fig. 5 is a top plan view of one end of the machine.

The object of my invention is to provide a machine which will with facility and certainty bend or fold sheet-iron or other sheet metals; and my invention consists in a pair of rollers, one bearing a holding-lip and the other a projecting tang or rib which are mounted in a frame and so geared that by means of segmental cogs and a crank the rollers revolve toward each other, and as the rib approaches the holding-lip the metal sheet is bent back over the lip by a kind of rubbing-pressure, all of which is hereinafter fully described, and specifically pointed out in the claims.

In order that those skilled in the art may 30 make and use my invention, I will proceed to describe the manner in which I have carried it out.

In the said drawings, A A represent a frame, in the upper end of which are journaled two rollers, B C, with their axes in the same plane. The front roller, B, has inserted in its circumference in a longitudinal central line a projecting rib, b, and in the back roller, C, within a recess, e, is set a removable holding-lip, d, conforming in some degree to the outline of the roller, and beneath this lip is a space, f, to receive the edge of the sheet-metal plate to be folded. As the thickness of lip d determines the space within the bight of the bent edge of the metal sheet, lips of varying thickness may be inserted

at will to obtain various-sized bights. On the ends of the journals of rollers B and C are segmental $\cos g h$, which, by means of a handle on the back roller, C, operate both rollers simultaneously, their revolution being toward each other. One of the $\cos g$, g, is fitted to the spindle by means of a collar and set-serew, so it may be adjusted in relation to the rib on roller B.

The operation is as follows: The rollers being in the position seen in Fig. 3, the sheet of metal S is inserted edgewise within the space beneath lip d and resting on rib b. The operator then seizes handle i, and bringing it toward him the rollers are revolved and rib b and lip 60 d approach each other until the end of rib b rests upon the edge of lip d, carrying the sheet of metal over until the fold o is made, as seen in Fig. 4. The handle is then pushed back, the rollers retracted, and the folded sheet withdrawn from lip d. The handle or crank consists of a square bar, N, which passes through a square hole in a hub, N', on the journal of roller C, it being secured to the hub at any desired point of its length by means of a set-70 screw, m, whereby the amount of leverage may be increased or diminished.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a sheet-metal-folding machine, the longitudinally-ribbed roller B, in combination with the roller C, provided with the longitudinal holding-lip d, substantially as and for the purpose described.

2. In a sheet-metal-bending machine, the roller C, provided with a segmental \cos , h, in combination with roller B, carrying rib or taug b, and the adjustable segmental $\cos g$, provided with collar and set-screw, all constructed, aranged, and operated as specified.

CHESTER ROACH.

Witnesses: FRED P. FOSTER, E. W. ROSSMAN.