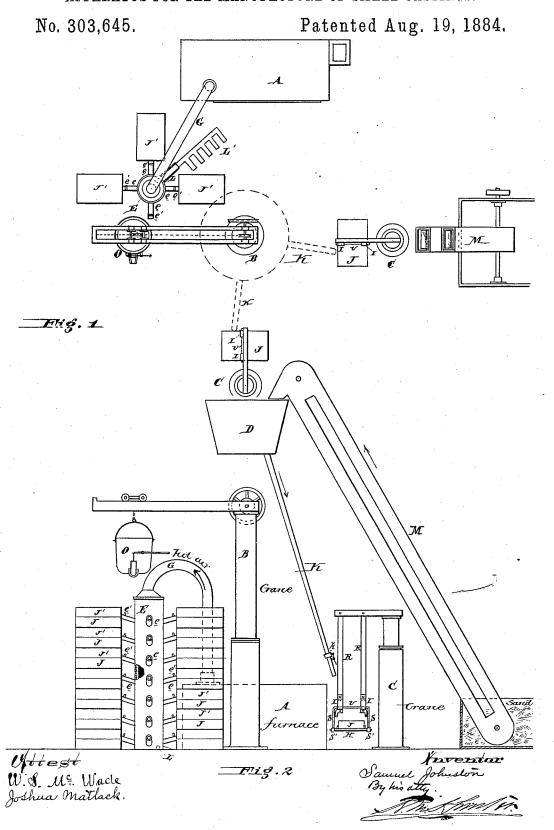
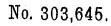
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APPARATUS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF SMALL CASTINGS.

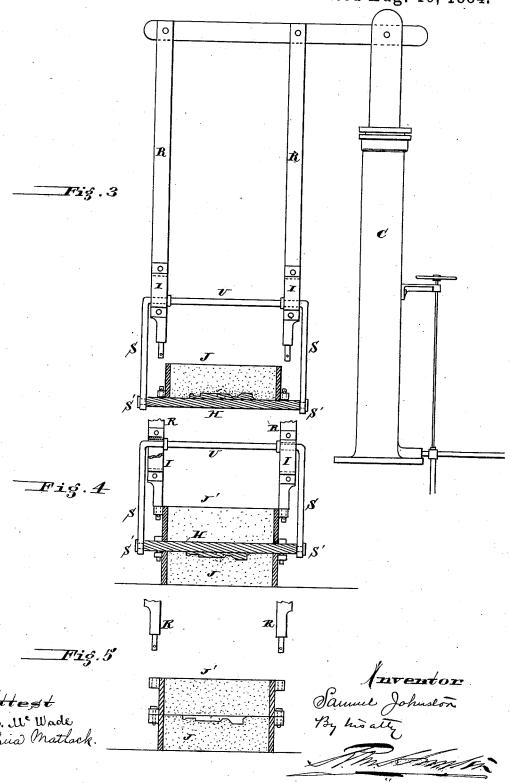


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APPARATUS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF SMALL CASTINGS.



Patented Aug. 19, 1884.



- United States Patent

SAMUEL JOHNSTON, OF BROCKPORT, NEW YORK.

APPARATUS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF SMALL CASTINGS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 303,645, dated August 19, 1884.

Application filed June 27, 1883. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, SAMUEL JOHNSTON, of Brockport, county of Monroe, and State of New York, have invented an Improvement in Apparatus for the Manufacture of Small Cast-

ings, of which the following is a specification. My invention has reference to foundry apparatus; and it consists in a central crane adapted to handle the cast ladle and flasks, com-10 bined with a stand-pipe having a series of radiating conduits arranged in series, and one above the other; further, in said elements above set forth combined with means to pass air through said stand-pipe and its conduits; 15 further, in combining with the apparatus above referred to molding apparatus within range of said crane; further, in combining with a central stand pipe and its conduits such as set forth above, flasks arranged about said 20 stand-pipe and piled one upon the other in series; further, in the elements last set forth combined with a valve arranged at the bottom of the said stand-pipe; further, in the combination of the stand-pipe, with its conduits, 25 flasks arranged about said stand-pipe and connected with said conduits, and a hot-air pipe or conduit connecting with the top of said stand-pipe; and, finally, in the combination of a central crane and molding apparatus ar-30 ranged about said crane and within range of it, an elevated sand-tank, and discharging-chutes provided with valves and terminating over the molding apparatus, all of which is fully set forth in the following specification 35 and shown in the accompanying drawings,

which form part thereof. In the drawings, Figure 1 is a plan view of molding apparatus embodying my improvements. Fig. 2 is an elevation of same; and 40 Figs. 3, 4, and 5 show the process of forming the mold in the flask.

A is the ordinary reverberatory furnace. B is the central crane, so situated as to take the flasks from the smaller cranes and pile them

45 around the pouring stand-pipe.

C are small hydraulic cranes to be used by the molder. The crane C is provided with suitable arms, R R, extending downward from the boom or arm, to which the flask and match 50 are attached during the process of molding.

match H is secured to the rods S S by journals S', which are attached to the arms R R by the broad loops I I. The match is lowered to the ground or floor. The nowel J is then 55 fastened firmly to the match H. The sand is then drawn down the chutes K from tank D, being regulated by valve k, as desired, until the nowel is filled. The bottom board, J^2 , is then hooked on and fastened. These are then 60 raised by the crane and turned over. They are then lowered to the ground, so that the cross-rod U, secured to rods S S, comes to the top of the loops I I. The cope J' is then laid on and fastened to the rods R R by any suit- 65 able means, and sand is let in until the cope is filled. The crane then rises, taking with it the cope fastened to R R, thus leaving the match H stationary. When the rod U strikes the bottom of the loops II, the match begins 70 to rise, and is thus withdrawn from the nowel. The match H is then swung up and fastened to rods R R. The cope is then lowered to the nowel and the mold is finished. The large crane B then takes the flasks and places them 75 in piles F about the central stand-pipe, E, the radial conduits e of which enter the cast aperture in the flasks. e' are the gates in said conduits e. When ready for drying, a pipe, G, connects the furnace A with the stand-pipe 80 E, and hot air is passed through the flasks, drying the molds from the inside out. When dry, this pipe G is removed, and the ladle O of molten iron is raised by the crane B, and the metal is poured into the stand-pipes E and then 85 into the molds. When the casting or pouring operation is completed, the iron in pipe E may be tapped off by discharge aperture L and run into ingots L'. The sand is raised to the tank D by an elevator, M.

I do not limit myself to the exact apparatus shown, as it may be modified in various ways without departing from my invention.

Having now described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters 95

1. In foundry apparatus, the combination of central crane, B, adapted to handle the cast ladle and flasks, and stand-pipe E, having a series of radiating conduits, e, arranged in se- 100 ries, and equidistant one above the other, sub-The manner of molding is as follows: The | stantially as and for the purpose specified.

2. In foundry apparatus, the combination of central crane, B, adapted to handle the cast ladle and flasks, stand-pipe E, having a series of radiating conduits, \hat{e} , and means to pass air through said stand-pipe E and its conduits, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

3. In foundry apparatus, the combination of central crane, B, adapted to handle the cast ladle and flasks, stand-pipe E, having a series 10 of radiating conduits, e, means to pass air through said stand-pipe E and its conduits, and molding apparatus within range of said erane B, substantially as and for the purpose

specified.

4. The central stand-pipe, E, closed at the bottom and open at the top, and provided with a series of radiating conduits arranged in series one above the other, so as to fit a corresponding series of flasks piled upon each 20 other, in combination with flasks radially arranged about said stand-pipe and piled one upon the other in series, and having their cast holes connected with the conduits, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

5.-The central stard-pipe E, closed at the bottom and open at the top, and provided with a series of radiating conduits e, inclined upward from the stand-pipe, and provided

with valves e', in combination with a series of flask's radially arranged about said stand-pipe, 30 and having their cast holes connected with the conduits, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

6. The central stand-pipe, E, closed at the bottom and open at the top, and provided with 35 a series of radiating conduits, in combination with a series of flasks radially arranged about said stand-pipe, and having their east holes connected with the conduits, furnace A, and pipe G, substantially as and for the purpose 40

specified.

7. The elevated sand tank D, its discharging-chutes K, provided with valves k, and means to elevate the sand from the ground to said tank, in combination with a central crane 45 and a series of molding apparatus arranged radially about said central crane and within range of it and at the outlets of the discharging chutes K, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

In testimony of which invention I hereunto

set my hand.

SAMUEL JOHNSTON.

Witnesses: R. S. CHILD, Jr., WILLIAM MCWADE.