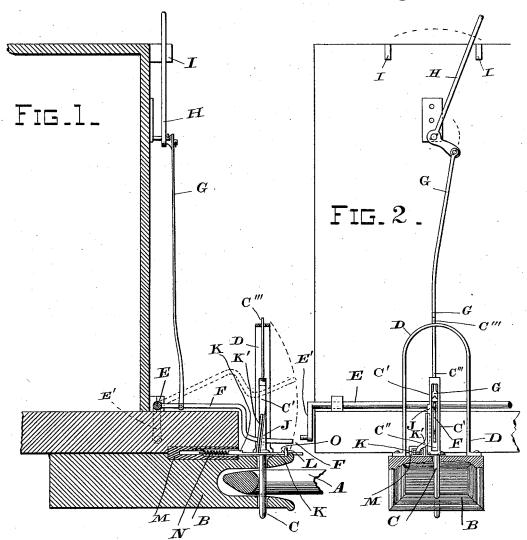
L. A. BRANCHAUD.

CAR COUPLING.

No. 303,698.

Patented Aug. 19, 1884.



WITNESSES Wilmer Bradford INVENTOR.

Zonio A. Branchaged

By Lown Smith

UNITED STATES PATENT

LOUIS A. BRANCHAUD, OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

CAR-COUPLING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 303,698, dated August 19, 1884.

Application filed December 13, 1883. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Louis A. Branchaud, a subject of the Queen of Great Britain, and residing at San Francisco, in the county of San 5 Francisco and State of California, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Car-Couplings, of which the following is a specification.

Figure 1 is a longitudinal vertical section 10 through the draw-head and one end of a car, showing my improved coupling device in position. Fig. 2 is a front view of the same, showing the draw-head partly broken away.

Similar letters of reference are used to in-15 dicatelike parts throughout the several figures.

The coupling-link A is made somewhat ovalshaped in plan, and has its lower front edges or ends rounded off, as shown in Fig. 1, in order that it may more easily be entered into 20 the link-cavity of the draw-head B. In practice the link-cavity of the draw-head is made of such a size as to permit of a forward and backward play of two or three inches being given to the connecting-link when in position, 25 yet otherwise conforming so closely to the shape of the link as to hold it in a nearly horizontal position when the coupling-pin has been passed through the said link.

The coupling-pin C is provided with an up-30 ward extension, C', having therein a slot, C' and the whole is surmounted by a stem or guide-rod, C''', which passes through a bracket, D, attached to the upper face of the draw-

head, as shown in Fig. 2.

In the angle formed by the end wall of the car and the platform I journal insuitable bearings the crank-shaft E, the cranks E' of which are extended past the side of the car-body sufficiently far to permit of their being operated 40 by an attendant.

To the center of the shaft E, I weld or otherwise firmly secure the lever-arm F, which is extended forward and enters the slot C" in the extension of the coupling pin, as shown in

45 Fig. 1.

Near the pivoted end of the lever F, I attach a rod, G, connected to the lower end of the bent lever H, pivoted on a pintle attached to the upper part of the end of the car. The upper end or handle of this lever may play within a ratchet-toothed guide in the usual manner, or its movement may be regulated or lim-

ited by two projecting blocks or lugs, II, as shown.

In order that the coupling-pin may be held 55 up when not in active use, I attach to one side of it an inclined tapering lug, J, which is made wedge-shaped, having its base on a horizontal plane with the lower face of the coupling-pin head.

A sliding rod, K, is placed upon the top of the draw-head and in close proximity to the coupling-pin, its forward end passing through a small guide-block, L, and its rear end being contained within a suitable box or case, M, and 65 pressed forward by the action of the expansive spring N, which is contained within the said box M. A stud, O, upon the forward end of the sliding rod, by coming in contact with the guide L, limits the forward movement of the 70 said rod and prevents it being shot forward beyond its proper position by the spring N. The rod K is provided with an upward extension, K', the upper end of which is inclined slightly forward, the degree of inclination be- 75 ing the same as that given to the wedge-shaped lug upon the extension of the coupling-pin.

It should here be remarked that the forward end of the trigger or sliding rod K is projected a short distance in front of the draw-head, for 80 a purpose to be hereinafter more fully explained, and also that the lever-arm F may be provided with a hinge-joint, to permit of lateral vibration or play when the cars are turn-

ing short curves.

This device may be operated either by the short cranks E' upon the side of the car, or by the lever H and connecting-rod G, as may be

most convenient to the operator.

Supposing that it is desired to uncouple the 90 cars, the operation will be as follows, to wit: The outer end of the lever-arm F is raised up until it comes to the head of the slot C" in the extension of the coupling - pin, as shown by dotted lines in Fig. 1, and the lifting opera- 95 tion being continued, the coupling-pin will be raised up out of contact with the link, which may now be withdrawn. As the coupling-pin is raised up, the wedge-shaped lug J upon the extension of the coupling-pin, by pressing 100 against the finger or extension K' of the sliding rod K, will gradually force the said rod backward, compressing the spring N. As soon as the coupling-pin has been raised sufficiently

high to permit of the butt of the wedge J clearing the point of the finger K', the expansive power of the spring N will shoot the rod K forward, bringing the point of the finger be-5 neath the butt of the wedge, and thereby supporting the coupling-pin in its raised position when the lever-arm F has been moved back to its original position, which can be easily done, owing to the great length of the 10 slot C". If a similarly-constructed car having a coupling-link in position in its draw-head be now backed up against the one under consideration, the said link will be entered into the draw-head of the stationary car, and the 15 draw-head of the approaching car will strike against the projecting end of the sliding rod or trigger K and force it back sufficiently far to release the finger K' from contact with the wedge J, when the coupling-pin C will de-20 scend, and, engaging with the link, will firmly couple the cars together. Having thus described my invention, what I

claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent,

1. In an automatic car-coupling, the couplingpin C, having an upward slotted extension, C', provided upon its outer face with an invertedwedge-shaped lug, J, and guide-rod C'', engaging in a suitable bracket, D, substantially as shown, for the purpose set forth.

2. The combination, in a car-coupling, of the draw-head B, slotted bracket D, coupling-pin C, having a slotted extension, C', guidered C''', and tapering lug J, the shaft E, leverarm F, sliding spring-rod K, having finger K', 35 and stud O, the guide L, and the casing M, substantially as shown and described.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing I have hereunto set my hand and seel

have hereunto set my hand and seal.

LOUIS A. BRANCHAUD. [L. s.]

Witnesses:

C. W. M. SMITH, CHAS. E. KELLY.