(No Model.)

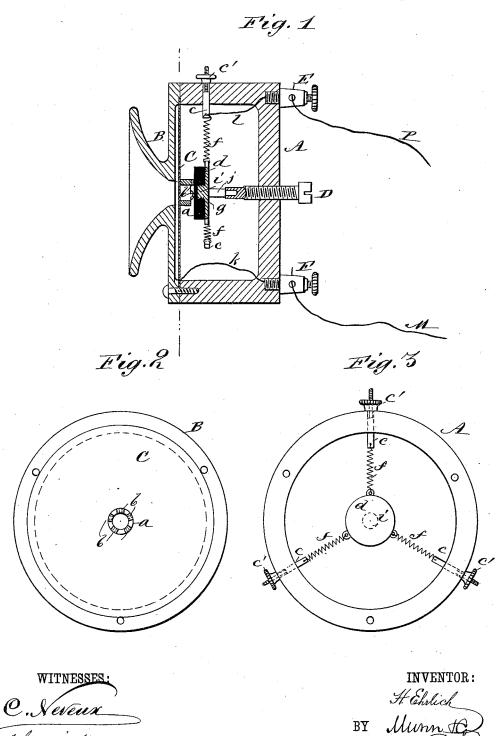
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TELEPHONE TRANSMITTER.

No. 346,846.

Patented Aug. 3, 1886.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HERMAN EHRLICH, OF JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY.

TELEPHONE-TRANSMITTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 346,846, dated August 3, 1886.

Application filed March 31, 1886. Serial No. 197,313. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HERMAN EHRLICH, of Jersey City, in the county of Hudson and State of New Jersey, have invented a new 5 and Improved Telephone - Transmitter, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, 10 in which similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a sectional elevation of my new and improved transmitter. Fig. 2 is a rear elevation of the mouth-piece and diaphragm; 15 and Fig. 3 is a front view of the box, carbon, and centering springs, the mouth piece and diaphragm being removed.

The invention will first be described in connection with the drawings, and then pointed

20 out in the claims.

The box A and mouth-piece B are of the usual construction, and the diaphragm C is held between the box and mouth-piece in the usual manner. Upon the inner surface of the 25 diaphragm is secured the button a, preferably cylindrical in form, and provided at its inner edge with several platinum points, b, for contact with the carbon d. The contactpoints are formed by soldering or otherwise 30 securing small curved plates of platinum to small projections formed on the edge of the button a, and by the use of several points arranged in the same plane slight vibrations of the diaphragm will effect as perfect con-35 tact as vibrations of considerable amplitude, so that both low and loud tones of the voice will be transmitted with equal distinctness. The carbon d is held in the box A by three or more radially-arranged springs, $f \, \tilde{f}$. The 40 inner or adjacent ends of the springs are by preference connected to the metal disk g, which is formed or provided with a screwstud, i, on which the carbon is placed. The outer ends of the springs are by preference 45 attached to small bars c, which reach through apertures made in the box A, and have small thumb-nuts c' placed upon them, by which

the springs and the carbon may be adjusted so the latter may be easily brought to and held at the proper contiguity to the contact- 50 points b.

To prevent the carbon d from vibrating too sensitively from the motion of the diaphragm C,I place back of it, or rather back of the disk g, the cushion j, of soft rubber. This is attached 55 to the inner end of the screw D, fitted in the back of the box A, so that by turning the screw the pressure or resistance of the cushion may be regulated-that is, increased or diminished; so the screw D and cushion jalso 60 serve as means for adjusting the carbon d to or from the contact-points b.

The line-wires P M are connected with the box A, in the usual manner, by the binding-posts E and F, the latter of which is put in 65 electrical connection with the diaphragm C by the wire k, the former with the carbon d

by the wire l, spring f, and disk g.

By constructing the transmitter as described a very delicate adjustment of the carbon in 70 position relatively to the contact-points b may be easily effected, which is necessary to the efficiency of the transmitter, and this adjustment may always be easily maintained, and there is little danger of the parts getting out 75

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is-

1. The electrode d_i held in position by flexi- 80 ble connections with the box, in combination with the cushion j and a support or holder for the cushion, substantially as described.

2. The button a, attached to the diaphragm C, and provided with several contact-points, 85 in combination with the electrode d, held in position by yielding connections with the box and backed with the cushion j, and adjustingscrew D, substantially as described.

HERMAN EHRLICH.

Witnesses:

H. A. West. C. Sedgwick.