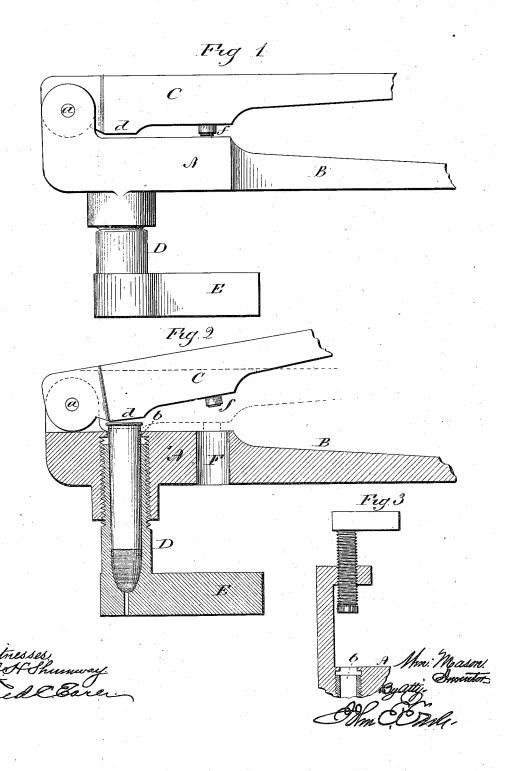
(No Model.)

$\label{eq:wason.} \textbf{W.} \ \textbf{MASON}.$

CARTRIDGE RELOADING IMPLEMENT.

No. 382,482.

Patented May 8, 1888.



United States Patent

WILLIAM MASON, OF NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT, ASSIGNOR TO THE WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS COMPANY.

CARTRIDGE-RELOADING IMPLEMENT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 382,482, dated May 8, 1888.

Application filed January 9, 1888. Serial No. 260,226. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beit known that I, WILLIAM MASON, of New Haven, in the county of New Haven and State of Connecticut, have invented a new Improvement in Cartridge-Reloading Implements; and I do hereby declare the following, when taken in connection with accompanying drawings and the letters of reference marked thereon, to be a full, clear, and exact description of the to same, and which said drawings constitute part of this specification, and represent, in-

Figure 1, a side view; Fig. 2, a vertical central section of the lower lever, showing the upper lever in side view; Fig. 3, a modification.

This invention relates to an improvement in that class of implements which are employed in loading metallic cartridges, and which are adapted to resize the shell which has been exploded and bring it again to its original size 20 for its proper insertion into the chamber of the barrel; the object of the invention being the construction of a device composed of a pair of levers, and in which the full power of the levers may be employed within a short 25 range of movement, and whereby there will be substantially no rubbing contact between the lever bearing upon the head and the head itself; but parts of the invention are applicable to resizers in which other devices than hinged 30 levers are employed for forcing the cartridge into the resizing chamber; and the invention consists in the construction, as hereinafter described, and particularly recited in the claims.

In Figs. 1 and 2 I illustrate the best con-35 struction of the apparatus embodying the in-

A represents the lever, which substantially forms the base of the implement. The said lever terminates in a suitable handle, B, and Cto the other lever-also terminates in a similar handle, the two levers hinged together upon a pivot, a. The lever A is constructed with an opening, b, through its inner or face side, of a diameter slightly larger than the body of 45 the cartridge at the head end, but smaller than the head of the shell, as seen in Fig. 2. The lever C is provided with a bearing-face, d, corresponding to said opening b in the lever A. From the reverse or back side of the 50 lever A the opening through the lever is enthis screw-threaded opening a follower, D, is introduced, being correspondingly serewthreaded, so as to be drawn from or forced toward the face side of the lever A. This fol- 55 lower is chambered upon its inside, corresponding to the shape of a complete cartridge, as seen in Fig. 2. The length of the chamber in the follower is, however, considerably less than the length of the cartridge. The follower 60 is provided with a suitable handle, E, by which it may be turned, so as to be drawn into or from the lever A, according to the direction in which the rotation is made.

The cartridge to be loaded or resized is in 65 troduced through the opening b in the lever and into the chamber of the follower D. The follower is unscrewed or drawn from the lever until the flange of the cartridge shall nearly reach the inner face of the lever A, as seen 70 in Fig. 2. Then the two levers are brought together. The bearing d, coming directly upon the head of the cartridge, will force the shell downward and into the follower until the head comes to a bearing upon the inner face of the 75 lever, as indicated in broken lines. Then the levers are again opened and the follower screwed into the lever A, to again raise the head above the face of the lever, and a second pressure is produced by closing the levers, 30 forcing the shell onto the bullet to a farther extent. Then the levers are again opened and the follower is turned still farther into the lever, which again raises the head from the inner face of the lever A. Then the levers are again 85 closed, and so on, step by step, until the shell has been forced to its full extent onto the bullet. The forcing of an expanded shell into the chamber of the follower contracts it by each of such steps until finally it is brought to the 50 required size, and-this resizing may be produced in the same manner upon the shell alone before loading, if desirable. After the complete loading or resizing, as the case may be, the shell or cartridge will naturally adhere to 95 the inner surface of the follower. To remove the cartridge the follower is unserewed. The flange of the cartridge resting upon the inner. face of the lever holds the cartridge, while the follower will by such unscrewing be drawn 100 therefrom, so that after a few revolutions of larged and is internally screw-threaded. Into the follower the cartridge may be easily removed from its place in the levers and a second introduced.

For convenience, one of the levers is provided with a recess, F, to receive the shell, and the other with a stud, f, as a capping device; but this capping device constitutes no

essential feature of my invention.

2

By the employment of the adjustable follower I am enabled to make the opening for to the cartridge close up to the hinged end of the levers, whereby the full power of the levers may be applied directly to the cartridge-head and yet permit the bearing d to operate upon the head with but a slight or substantially 15 no rubbing movement upon the head; and this is due to the fact that I am enabled to govern the extent of projection of the cartridge above the face of the lever irrespective of the size of the cartridge with relation to the chamber 20 into which it is introduced; whereas, were the chamber stationary upon the lever, as in the usual construction, the cartridge or shell to be resized would necessarily project so far above the frame of the lever that it would be 25 necessary to make the chamber or opening for the cartridge at a considerable distance from the hinge in order that the working-face of the lever might be brought to a bearing with sufficient directness upon the face of the head.

the base with the adjustable follower may be employed with other forcing or setting devices—say as represented in Fig. 3, where the forcing device is represented as a screw. In this case the adjustable follower serves the same purpose as a powerful extractor to remove the cartridge from the chamber in the follower. I therefore do not wish to be understood as limiting this part of my invention to any particular device for producing the forcation and the cartridge to drive it into the

chamber in the follower.

I do not wish to be understood as broadly claiming a reloading implement having an adjustable support for the cartridge as such I

45 am aware is not new.

I claim-

1. In a cartridge implement consisting of a base constructed with an opening adapted to receive the cartridge, but of smaller diameter than the head of the cartridge, the said open- 50 ing enlarged below, the enlarged portion internally screw threaded, combined with a follower screw-threaded upon its outer surface corresponding to the screw-thread of the said opening, and so as to be adjustable therein, the 55 said follower constructed with a chamber in line with the said opening in the base and corresponding in shape to the exterior of the cartridge shell, and the bottom of the chamber corresponding to the shape of the ball, the fol- 60 lower provided with a handle by which it may be rotated, and a forcing device, substantially such as described, adapted to operate in line with the said follower, substantially as specified, whereby said follower serves the double 65 purpose as a support for the cartridge and as an extractor for the cartridge.

2. The combination of the two levers A C, the said lever A forming a base constructed with an opening, b, therein in diameter less 70 than the diameter of the head of the cartridge, the other lever constructed with a workingface, d, corresponding to said opening, the said opening in the base below the face enlarged and internally screw-threaded, and the fol- 75 lower D screw-threaded corresponding to the screw-thread in said opening, the follower constructed with a chamber in line with said opening and corresponding to the outer surface of the shell, the bottom of the recess correspond- 80 ing to the shape of the bullet, the said follower provided with a handle, substantially as described, whereby said follower serves the double purpose as a support for the cartridge and as

an extractor for the cartridge.

WILLIAM MASON.

Witnesses:

DANIEL H. YEADER, J. C. LIPPENCOTT.