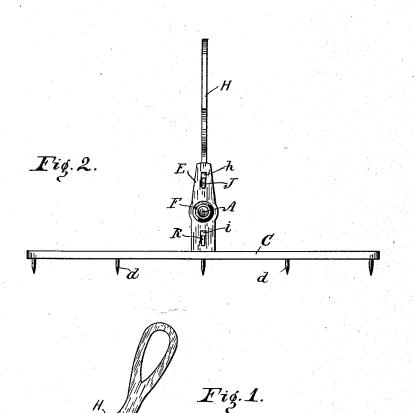
(No Model.)

## C. C. F. NIESCHANG.

CARPET STRETCHER.

No. 384,926.

Patented June 19, 1888.



Witnesses. V. M. Hood. A.M. Hood.

Enventor. Charlet. Nusehang. Brb. P. Hoood.

attorney.

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES C. F. NIESCHANG, OF FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

## CARPET-STRETCHER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 384,926, dated June 19, 1888.

Application filed March 9, 1888. Serial No. 266,742. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES C. F. NIES-CHANG, a citizen of the United States, residing at Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and 5 State of Indiana, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Carpet-Stretchers, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to an improvement in that class of carpet-stretchers in which a mov10 ablehead, adapted to engage the carpet, is drawn by a lever along a fixed bar which is secured to the floor.

The objects of my improvement are to cause the movable head to advance by both the for15 ward and backward movement of the lever, to dispense with the usual ratchet teeth on the fixed bar, and to so arrange the lever that its action shall not operate, as heretofore, to force the movable head downward, all as here20 inafter fully described.

The accompanying drawings illustrate my

Figure 1 represents a side elevation. Fig. 2 represents a rear elevation.

A is a straight and smooth bar having at one

end a sharpened hook, B.

C is the movable head having projecting from its under side sharp spurs d d, which engage the carpet, and a standard, E, projecting from the center of its upper side.

Standard E is provided with a hollow hub, F, which projects from opposite sides of the standard, and fits easily over bar A, so as to slide longitudinally thereon. Standard E is also provided with mortises hand i, arranged above and below the hub.

H is the operating-lever, which is pivoted

to bar A at j, near the hook B.

J and K are a pair of ratchet-bars which are pivoted at one end to lever H at equal distances above and below the fulcrum j, the ratchet-teeth l being on the under edge of each bar. The free ends of the ratchet-bars pass through the mortises h and i in standard E, and the ratchet-teeth engage the side of the standard farthest from the operating-lever. Each ratchet-bar thus operates as a retaining-pawl while the other is moving to take a new hold.

In operation hook B is driven into the floor 50 close to the base-board. Spurs d on movable head C are forced into the carpet, and the movable head is then drawn along bar A toward hook B by means of lever H and the ratchet-bars J and K, which alternately engage standard E of head A at each forward and backward movement of the lever. When the lever is released by the operator, both of the ratchet-bars J and K operate as retaining-pawls to hold the head in position on the bar. 60

Heretofore in this class of carpet-stretchers the fixed bar A has been provided with ratchet-teeth, and the operating-lever and a retaining-pawl have been secured to the movable head, the lever engaging the ratchet-teeth 65 in succession. By such a construction the movable head is carried forward at one movement only of the lever, and the pressure on the operating-lever operates to force the movable head downward, thus causing the spurs 70 which pass through the carpet to stick into or drag heavily along the floor or the under carpet or lining. By my improvement these difficulties are avoided. The operating-lever being pivoted to the fixed bar near the point of 75 attachment to the floor, the tendency is to lift the movable head rather than to force it downward, and both the forward and backward movement of the lever operate to carry the head forward.

I claim as my invention-

In a carpet-stretcher, the combination of the following elements, namely: a guide-bar having at one end means for securing it to the floor, a movable head adapted to engage and 85 hold a carpet and arranged to slide along said bar, a lever pivoted to the bar, and a pair of ratchet-bars pivoted at one end to the lever on opposite sides of its fulcrum and adapted to alternately engage with their free ends the 90 movable head at each forward and backward movement of the lever, all substantially as specified.

CHAS. C. F. NIESCHANG.

Witnesses:

H. P. Hood, V. M. Hood.