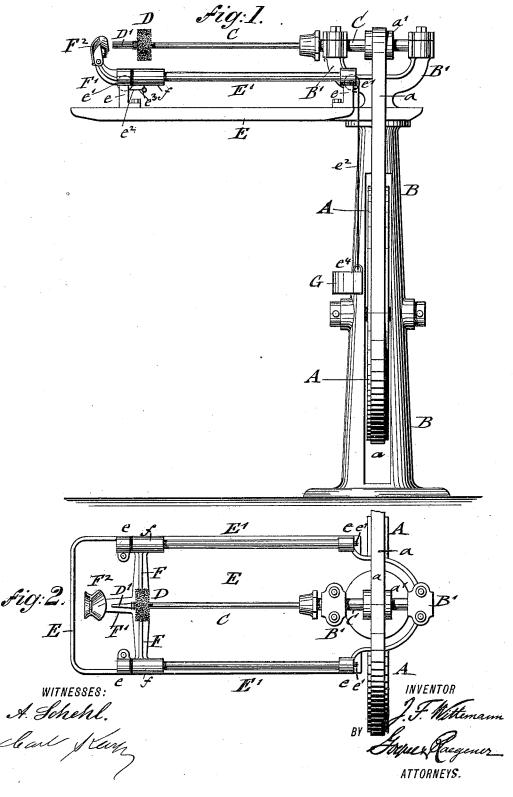
J. F. WITTEMANN. BOTTLE WASHING MACHINE.

No. 419,486.

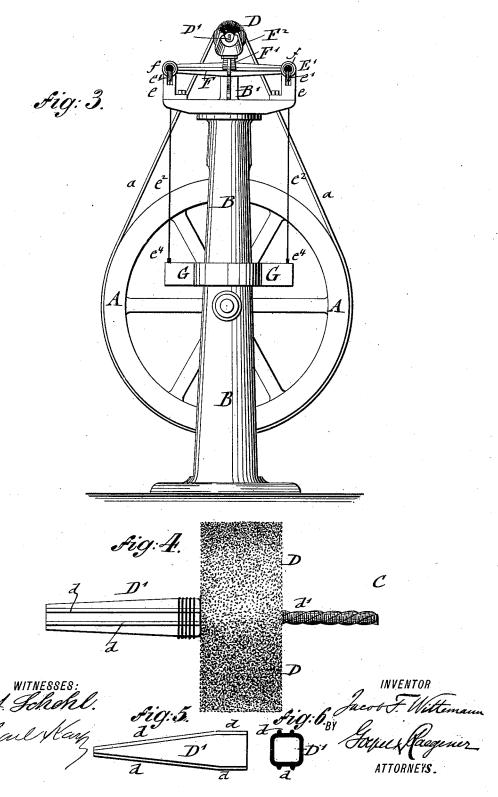
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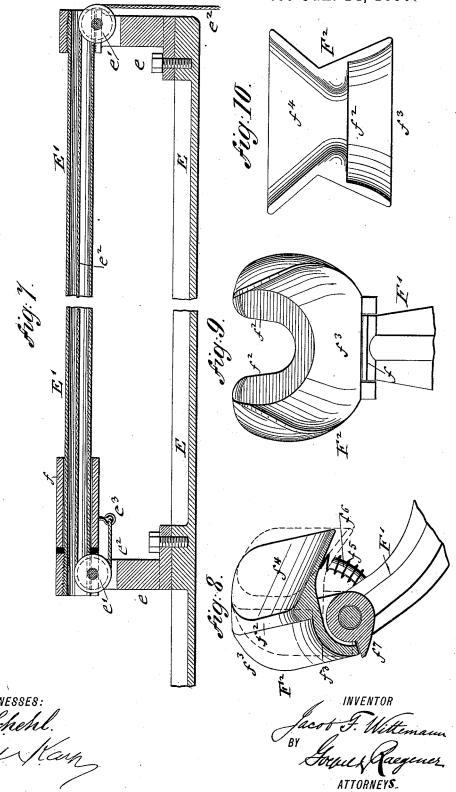
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JACOB F. WITTEMANN, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

BOTTLE-WASHING MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 419,486, dated January 14, 1890.

Application filed January 10, 1889. Serial No. 295,921. (No model,)

To all whom it may concern:
Be it known that I, JACOB F. WITTEMANN, of the city, county, and State of New York, a citizen of the United States, have invented 5 certain new and useful Improvements in Bottle-Washing Machines, of which the following is a specification.

The object of this invention is to provide a simple, compact, and convenient bottle-

10 washer.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 represents a side elevation of my improved bottle-washing machine. Fig. 2 is a plan; Fig. 3, a front elevation of the same; Fig. 4, 15 a side view of the brush with its elastic scraper, drawn on a larger scale. Figs. 5 and 6 are a detail side view and a vertical transverse section of the scraper. Fig. 7 is a detail vertical longitudinal section of the 20 slide-frame of the bottle-rest and the guidetubes for the same; and Figs. 8, 9, and 10 are details of the pivoted bottle-rest.

Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

sponding parts.

My improved bottle-washing machine is specially intended to be worked by footpower with a suitable treadle, by which motion is imparted to the spindle of the cleaning-brush. It can also be used with 30 steam or other power, if desired, by applying a pulley to the shaft of the fly-wheel. The action of the treadle is transmitted by a pitman and crank to the shaft of the flywheel A, which is supported in bearings of a 35 recessed upright standard B, said fly-wheel serving also as a pulley for transmitting by a belt a motion to a pulley a' on the spindle C of the rotary cleaning brush D. The spindle C is supported in bearings of the fork-40 shaped upper part B' of the standard B, as shown in Fig. 1. A horizontal table E is attached to the upper part of the standard B, said table supporting in sleeves of short upright arms e e parallel guide-tubes E', on 45 which a transverse reciprocating slide-frame F is guided by end sleeves f f. The transverse slide-frame F carries at its center a curved upwardly-extending arm F', which supports an open bottle-rest F², which latter 50 is located in front of the rotary brush D and

e e are provided at both ends of the parallel guide-tubes E' with pulleys e', over which are passed wire or other cords e^2 , that are attached at their front ends to eyes e^3 at the 55 under side of the guide-sleeves f of the transverse slide-frame F. The cords e^2 pass from the eyes e^3 of the guide-sleeves f over the pulleys at the front end of the table and in the guide-table E' to the pulleys at the rear 60 and of the table than decreased at the rear 60. end of the table, then downward to the eyes e4 of a weight G, which is suspended in front of the standard B, as shown in Figs. 1 and 3. The weight G serves to balance the transverse slide-frame F in its reciprocating mo- 65 tion along the guide-rods E' and to return the same to its normal position at the front ends of the same.

The open bottle-rest F² serves to support the neck of the bottle to be cleaned, and is 70 formed of a transverse semicircular rib f^2 and an outwardly-curved flange f^3 , in front of said rib, said flange and rib forming a socket for the neck of the bottle. From the rib f^2 extends in backward direction a flaring flange 75 f^4 , which serves to guide the rotary brush D and an elastic scraper D', in front of the same. into the mouth of the bottle supported on the bottle-rest.

The form of the bottle-rest F² is clearly 80 shown in the detail, Figs. 8, 9, and 10. The bottle-rest F2 is hinged to the upper end of the curved arm F', for the purpose of imparting a small degree of oscillating motion thereto. A spiral spring f^5 is interposed between 85the arm f and the bottom part of the bottlerest and placed on a curved pin f^6 of the arm F', as shown in Fig. 8, for the purpose of imparting a certain degree of oscillation to the bottle-rest, and permitting the pressing of the 90 elastic scraper against the bottom of the bottle and into the corner of the same, so as to produce thereby the more perfect and effective cleaning of the inner surface of the bottle. The front flange f^3 of the bottle-rest 95 abuts against a fixed stop f^7 , and the rear flange f^4 against the end of the guide-pin f^6 , said stop and pin limiting the extent of oscillating motion of the bottle-rest. The scraper D' is preferably made of soft rubber and provided with longitudinal ribs d, as shown in in line with the axis of the same. The arms | Figs. 4, 5, and 6, said scraper being made of

hollow tapering shape and rigidly attached by wire to the front end of the wire shank of

the brush D.

The brush D is formed of a number of radial bristles, which are firmly retained by spirally-twisted-wire shank d', which is threaded at the rear end for being readily screwed into a threaded socket at the front end of the spindle C, as shown in Fig. 4.

The operation of the machine is as follows: The bottle is taken from the washing-tank and placed with its neck on the bottle-rest, being then in line with the axis of the spindle of the brush D. The bottle is then pressed 15 against the bottle-rest and moved with the latter and its supporting slide-frame in backward direction, so as to raise the balanceweight of the slide-frame. By the backward motion of the slide-frame and bottle-rest the 20 bottle is passed over the scraper and brush, the flaring rear flange of the bottle-rest guiding the scraper and brush into the mouth of the bottle, so that the brush, which is rotated at the same time, cleans the inner surface of 25 the bottle, while the ribbed scraper is bentat right angles to the spindle and serves to clean the bottom of the bottle. The bottle is held by the hand, and is quickly cleaned by the rotary motion of the brush and scraper, the 30 oscillation imparted by the pivoted bottle-rest serving to clean the bottom of the bottle in a more perfect manner.

When the bottle is cleaned by the action of the rotary brush and scraper, the pressure on the bottle-rest is relaxed, so that the balance-weight is lowered and the slide-frame and bottle-rest returned to their normal position at the front end of the guide-tubes E'. The bottle is thereby withdrawn from the brush and scraper and set aside. The next bottle is then taken up and the same action repeated. The rotary motion of the brush and scraper is kept up by the motion-transmitting mechanisms, which are operated by

45 the foot or other suitable power.

My improved bottle-washing machine has the advantage that the same can be furnished at a comparatively low price and that it forms an effective machine for cleaning bottles in

50 a quick and reliable manner.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. The combination of a rotary brush-shaft, a rotary brush thereon, two parallel tubular guideways, supports for said shaft and guideways, a slide-frame on said guideways, a bottle-rest on said slide-frame, pulleys on said supports at opposite ends of said tubular guideways, cords connected at their front 60 ends to said slide-frame and passing over said pulleys and through said tubular guidways, and a weight suspended from the rear ends of said cords.

2. The combination, with the balanced horizontally-reciprocating slide-frame having an 65 upright central arm, of an open spring-actuated bottle-rest pivoted to said arm, and a rotary brush in line with said bottle-rest, sub-

stantially as set forth.

3. The combination of a rotary brush-shaft, 70 a rotary brush thereon, a horizontal table, supports for said shaft and table, parallel tubular guideways supported on said table, a slide-frame on said guideways, a bottle-rest on said slide-frame, pulleys on said supports 75 at opposite ends of said tubular guideways, cords connected at their front ends to said slide-frame and passing over said pulleys and through said guideways, and a weight suspended from the rear ends of said cords. 80

4. The combination of a vertical slotted standard having a forked bracket at its upper end, a driving-shaft in said standard, a fly-wheel pulley on said driving-shaft within the slot of said standard, a brush-shaft sup- 85 ported at its rear end in bearings in said forked bracket, a rotary brush on said brushshaft at its front end, a pulley on said brushshaft between the forks of said bracket, a belt passing over said pulley and fly-wheel 90 pulley, a horizontal table attached to said standard near its upper end and provided with upright arms, parallel tubular guideways supported in said arms, a slide-frame on said guideways, and a bottle-rest supported 95 on said slide-frame.

5. In a bottle-washing machine, an open bottle-rest formed of a center rib, a curved flauge in the front of the same, and a flaring flange at the rear of the same, substantially

as set forth.

6. In a bottle-washing machine, the combination of a horizontally-reciprocating slide-frame, an upright arm at the center of the same, an open bottle-rest pivoted to the upper end of the arm, said bottle-rest having a curved front flange and a flaring rear flange, a stop for the front flange, a guide-pin attached to the arm, and a spiral spring on said guide-pin for cushioning the rear flange of the bottle-rest, substantially as set forth.

7. In a bottle-washing machine, a cleaningbrush provided with a ribbed elastic scraper in front of the same, substantially as set forth.

8. In a bottle-washing machine, an elastic 115 scraper formed of a hollow tapering body provided with longitudinal ribs, substantially as set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my invention I have signed my name in pres- 120 ence of two subscribing witnesses.

JACOB F. WITTEMANN.

Witnesses:
PAUL GOEPEL,
JOHN A. STRALEY.