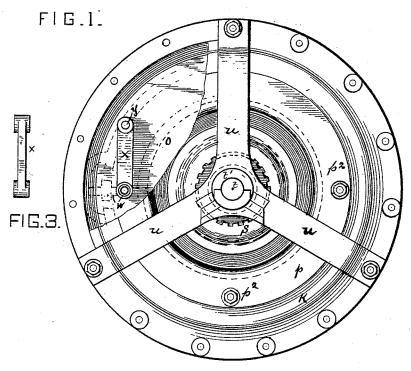
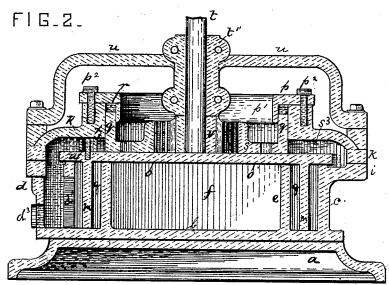
## E. C. JOHNSON. STEAM ENGINE.

No. 453,643.

Patented June 9, 1891.





Attest: John Lepper IM. Bartlett.

Inventor: E. C. Johnson By WABartest Att'y.

## E. C. JOHNSON.

STEAM ENGINE. No. 453,643. Patented June 9, 1891. FIG.4. F16\_6\_

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDWARD C. JOHNSON, OF KEOKUK, IOWA.

## STEAM-ENGINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 453,643, dated June 9, 1891.

Application filed September 11, 1890. Serial No. 364,665. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWARD C. JOHNSON, residing at Keokuk, in the State of Iowa, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Steam-Engines, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings.

This invention relates to cycloidal engines having vertical cylinders. The engine illustrated has a single cylinder and single-acting

piston

The object of the invention is to produce a cycloidal engine with connections from the piston to the driving-shaft and a guiding15 fulcrum from which the piston swings in its movement, and also to improve the construction of the engine and casing.

Figure 1 is a plan of the engine, part of the piston-head or cover being broken away. Fig. 2 is a vertical section through the center of the piston and easing. Fig. 3 is a detail of the link. Fig. 4 is a section of the piston and gear, partly broken away. Fig. 5 is a bottom plan of the piston. Fig. 6 is a top plan of cyl-

25 inder, partly broken away.

The reference-letter a indicates the supporting-base of the engine, and b the cylinder supported thereon. The cylinder b has an outer annular casing c with a steam-chest d at one 30 side and an inner ring of the same height as the casing. The inner circular chamber fmay be empty or steam may be permitted to enter, so as to balance the piston. The rings c and e are connected at the side of the cas-35 ing next the steam-chest by the partition h, which partition crosses the chamber g. The outer upper edge of the ring c has a flange ito receive the cylinder head or cover k. A ring or broken hollow cylindrical piston m 40 enters the chambers g, the width of the ring being the same as that of the walls ec and its diameter such that when placed in chamber c the outer face of the ring will rest against the outer casing cat one side, while the inner face of 45 the ring rests against ring or wall eat the other side of the engine. The ring m is broken, leaving a space n a little wider than the thickness of partition h, and a disk o surmounts the ring and projects at each side thereof. 50 The disk o is surmounted by a cover k, which

cover is cut away at its central portion, and a ring p is secured to the inner edge of the cover having a downturned flange p'. The ring p is held to the cover by bolts  $p^2$ . A ring q lies between the inner edge of the cover k 55 and the flange p' and projects down onto the disk o of the piston. Packing r serves to close the ring q closely against the top of cover o. The steam-space outside the packing-ring r above the disk should about equal the un- 60 der surface of said disk exposed to pressure,

so that the piston will be balanced.

The central part of piston-disk o has an annular internal gear-piece s secured thereto concentric to the disk o. The shaft t has its 65 bearings t' in cross-bars u above the cover. The bearing t' is long to relieve the shaft t from tendency to cramp. The end of shaft t next the disk o has a pinion V attached.

The piston-disk o has an upwardly-project- 70 ing pin w, which enters one end of a swinging link x, the other end of the swinging link x being pivoted to the cover p by a pivot y. The piston-ring m is eccentric to the chamber g. Chamber g has an entrance-port d' 75 and an exhaust-port d2 through the steamchest d. The steam - chest d has a port  $d^3$ , through which steam enters. The steam bears the piston-ring across the chamber g. Steam enters said chamber first outside and then in- 80 side the ring m, bearing on the ring and rocking disk o about partition h, the link x connecting the piston to the fulcrum y. The oscillating movement of the disk o causes the teeth of gear s to engage the teeth of gear V 85 and drive said gear V and the shaft t. The engagement of the teeth of gear s with gear V is continuous, but the teeth engage only on one side at a time. The gear s has more teeth than gear V (being larger in diameter) and 90 each oscillation of the disk o moves the gear V one tooth. Gear V being attached to shaft t, said shaft will turn with said gear.

The disk o overhangs ring c so far that the edge of said ring is covered when disk o moves 95 with its ring-piston across the easing. The steam enters space  $s^3$  above the disk and between the outer edge of cover k and the ring q, serving to balance the pressure on disk o. The steam passes from the outer to the inner 100

side of ring m alongside the partition h, or attached to a disk covering said cylinder, and ports may be made through the ring near the

The single-acting engine is very simple. A 5 compound cycloidal engine of the vertical type may also be made.

What I claim is-

 In a steam-engine, the gyrating cycloidal broken piston-ring attached to a disk and 10 working eccentrically in a divided annular fixed chamber or cylinder and a ring connected to the cover and bearing on this disk, substantially as described.

2. The combination of the fixed cylinder 15 and gyrating piston, substantially as described, the cover, and a ring secured to the cover and having its edge covered by a packing and supported by a flange attached to the cover, so as to bear on the head of the piston,

20 substantially as described.

3. The combination of the divided annular steam-chamber, the broken-ring piston secured to a disk and resting in said chamber, and a link pivoted to said disk and to the 25 cover and serving as a guiding-fulcrum, sub-

stantially as described.

4. The combination, with the divided cylinder, of the broken-ring piston therein and a movable link pivoted to the disk and cover 30 or casing, substantially as described.

5. The combination of the divided annular fixed cylinder, broken-ring piston attached to a disk overlying the cylinder and gyrating therein, a ring-cover over the outer edge of 35 the piston-disk, and a ring within the cover, bearing on the disk.

6. The divided annular fixed cylinder, the broken-ring piston arranged to gyrate therein, and a gear attached to the gyrating piston 40 and arranged to engage another gear on a suitable support or driving-shaft, substan-

tially as described.

7. The divided annular fixed cylinder, the broken-ring piston eccentric to said cylinder 45 and having a disk provided with an internal gear, and a shaft concentric with the cylinder, supported in bearings above the disk and having a pinion thereon, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in

presence of two witnesses.

EDWARD C. JOHNSON.

Witnesses:

W. A. BARTLETT, PHILIP MAURO.