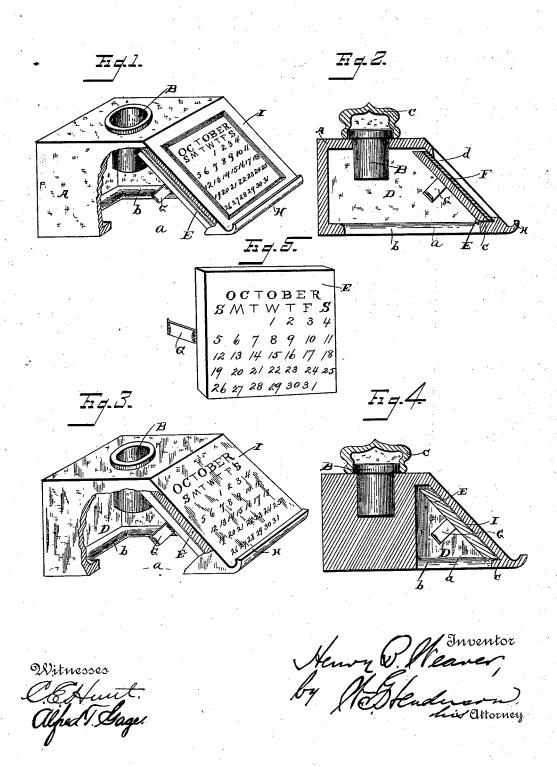
H. B. WEAVER. COMBINED INKSTAND AND CALENDAR.

No. 455,648.

Patented July 7, 1891.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HENRY B. WEAVER, OF BURLINGTON, NEW JERSEY.

COMBINED INKSTAND AND CALENDAR.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 455,648, dated July 7, 1891.

Application filed October 9, 1890. Serial No. 367,533. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY B. WEAVER, a citizen of United States, residing at Burlington, in the county of Burlington and State of New Jersey, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in a Combined Inkstand and Calendar; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in 10 the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to inkstands, and has for its object to combine an inkstand and calendar so that the calendar will always be exposed to view and yet protected against injury or damage by being confined within the 20 body of the stand in such manner that as the month or week or day changes a leaf can be torn off or removed, so as to bring to view the next day, week, or month.

To the accomplishment of the above objects 25 I have illustrated the preferred form in the

accompanying drawings, in which-

Figure 1 is a perspective of the inkstand and calendar with a portion broken away and representing the main portion of the stand as 30 made of metal. Fig. 2 is a vertical section through Fig. 1 and the cover to the stand. Fig. 3 is a perspective view similar to Fig. 1, but representing the stand of glass. Fig. 4 is a vertical section of a modified form of stand. Fig. 5 is a perspective of the calendarpad detached.

The body of the stand is designated by the letter A and is formed with the well B, which may be removable or not, as desired, and 40 which is provided with the top or cover C.

Within the body of the stand is formed a cell or recess D, open on one side, preferably on the bottom, as shown at a, for the insertion of a tablet E, composed of a series of leaves, each having imprinted thereon either the days of the whole month or of a week or a single day or other portion of a year, as desired. This tablet is set up in the recess and against the front inclined face I of the stand, 50 so that the characters thereon may be read from the front face, as illustrated. The recess referred to may be formed by making the linkstand itself. It will also be observed that

entire body A hollow, as indicated in Figs. 1, 2, and 3, or by making only a portion thereof hollow, as indicated in Fig. 4. It is preferred 55 to make an inwardly-projecting flange b at the base of the body, which will give strength; but the same may be omitted.

The body A, instead of being made entirely of glass, as illustrated in Figs. 3 and 4, may 60 be made of any desired metal or other material, as illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2, and the body may be of any design and made as

elaborate or as plain as desired.

When the body is of metal, there will be 65 formed an opening d in the front inclined face, as shown clearly in Fig. 2, and a separate glass F will fit across said opening, as indicated in Figs. 1 and 2, so that the face of the calendar may be viewed through the same. 70 This glass F may be held in place by the calendar-pad or otherwise. When the whole body is made of glass, no such additional glass plate is necessary.

The calendar-pad E is preferably placed flat 75 against the rear of the inclined glass face of the stand and is held in place by suitable means—say by means of spring-clasps G, secured in any suitable way to the calendar-pad and adapted to bear against the side walls of 80 the body, so as to hold the pad in place by the pressure of the spring-clasps against said sides. When a leaf is to be torn from the pad, the springs are compressed and the pad removed, and then, after the leaf is torn off, 85 the pad is put back in place again. The pad may also be made to rest on the flange c at the front of the recess, and said flange will thus guard against any possibility of the pad slipping down, and will also take some strain go or weight from off the spring-clasps, if the same should be necessary.

By forming the inclined face to the stand the calendar can be easily read and all parts of it will be brought clearly to view, and by 95 inclosing the pad within the body of the stand it is entirely protected from dust and from ink, and from injury that might result from various causes, if exposed, and as one calendar can be readily replaced by another when 100 out of date a perpetual inkstand-calendar is formed, the inkstand and calendar together taking up no more room on the desk than the

by making the front face of the inkstand inclined all points of the face of the calendar can be viewed whether the calendar itself be inclined or upright.

If desired, a pen-rack H may be formed at

the base of the inclined front.

The combined inkstand and calendar, besides being cheap to manufacture, affords an ornamental as well as a useful article for the table or desk of the business or the literary

Many modifications can be made without departing from the spirit of my invention; but the form and construction shown and described are what at this time are considered the best form of the invention.

Having described my invention and set forth its merits, what I claim is—

1. The inkstand, substantially as described,

having a recess formed in its body, an open- 20 ing in its bottom to permit the insertion of a calendar into said recess, and an opening in its top for an ink-well, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

2. The inkstand, substantially as described, 25 having an inclined front face with a recess formed in its body back of said face, with its under side open, an opening in the top of the body for an ink-well, and a calendar set in said recess and adapted to be viewed from 30 the inclined face of the stand, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

HENRY B. WEAVER.

Witnesses:

HENRY S. PRICKETT, JOHN S. WILSON.