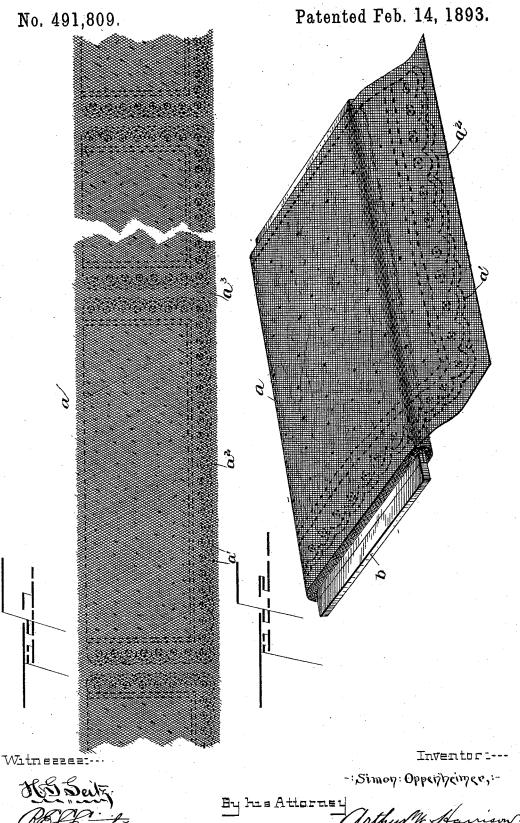
(No Model.)

## S. OPPENHEIMER. CONTINUOUS VEILING FABRIC.



HE NORRIS PETERS CO., PHOTO-LITHO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

## United States Patent Office.

SIMON OPPENHEIMER, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## CONTINUOUS VEILING FABRIC.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 491,809, dated February 14, 1893.

Application filed November 17, 1892. Serial No. 452,291. (No specimens.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, SIMON OPPENHEIMER, of New York, in the county of New York and State of New York, have invented new and 5 useful Improvements in Continuous Veiling Fabrics; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of said invention, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters of 10 reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to veiling or ladies' face veils and my object is to produce a strip or piece of veiling fabric having raised orna-15 mentation in separate patterns, whereby veils may be provided in a form which will cheapen their manufacture, prevent their becoming creased or tangled, lost or misplaced, and to

facilitate their exhibition. Heretofore it has been customary to manufacture and sell in separate pieces or lengths, ladies' face veils having border designs and it has been customary to fold and place such veils in boxes which are placed on the coun-25 ters or shelves of the retail stores, and sold therefrom. Many disadvantages attend this method. For instance, when they are exhibited for the purpose of sale, to customers, or for other purposes, the separate veils are 30 liable to become lost or misplaced or taken by shop-lifters; the material of which the veils are made, is so thin that the separate veils are liable to become tangled and the beads or tufts of which the borders are com-35 posed, catch upon each other so as to prevent the ready separation of one veil from another or the easy unfolding of a single veil; to restore the veils to the boxes after the veils have been handled requires much time to 40 properly disentangle them and fold smoothly. Furthermore, since such veils cannot be kept on the counters or shelves so as to be visible, owing to their light nature which renders them liable to be swept away by a draft of 45 air, it is necessary to place them in boxes as above described and therefore particular patterns, shades or colors, cannot be quickly selected. To overcome these objections, and

also to enable the veils to be more cheaply

50 manufactured, I make a continuous strip of

material of which the veils are composed and produce designs thereon in separate and distinct locations and leaving a slight space between the separate patterns, whereby a single 55 complete veil may be cut from the strip without disarranging the balance of the length, said strip being wound in bolt form upon a suitable board of paste-board or other material. By this construction or method of manu- 60 facturing the veils and providing them for sale, all the above mentioned disadvantages are obviated, since the veils are kept smoothly wound, are of sufficient weight with their board or support, to enable them to be visibly 65 placed upon the shelves or counter of a store, cannot become lost or readily stolen, and if unwound to any great extent, may be easily and smoothly wound again without creases.

To this end my invention consists in a piece 70 of veiling fabric provided with a plurality of separate patterns composed of raised ornamentation, as hereinafter described and

claimed.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1—75 represents a portion of a continuous strip of separate veils, and Fig. 2—is a perspective view of a board or support with such continuous strip wound thereon.

Similar letters of reference indicate like 80

parts in both views.

Referring to Fig. 1, a represents a strip of silk netting or other material forming the body of the veil, which strip may be of any suitable length, from twelve to twenty-five 85 yards or more or less. To this strip are applied beads or tufts, a' or other material, forming patterns  $a^2$ . These patterns are of such length, as for instance a yard, to form a complete veil, when the body a is cut along 90 the intervening spaces  $a^3$ .

In Fig. 2, b represents a suitable support, made of paste-board on which a strip of the continuous distinct veils is wound. When a length of veils so made and wound upon the 95 board, is to be exhibited, the spaces  $a^3$  indicate, at once, how far it is necessary to unwind the strip from the board, and the point at which it is to be cut, if a customer wishes to make a purchase; and if more than this is 100 unwound, it can be readily wound and placed a number of yards of the silk netting or other I again in a suitable and accessible place or on

exhibition, without the risk of disarrange-

Having now described my invention, what I claim is:—

A piece of veiling fabric provided with a plurality of veiling patterns, each pattern being composed of a raised ornamentation, a blank space being left between each two patterns, whereby patterns may be severed with-

out the mutilation of either, substantially as 10 described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two subscribing witnesses.

## SIMON OPPENHEIMER.

Witnesses:

ARNO R. THURM, HERMAN ALTSTAEKY.