## J. A. EVERITT. HAND SEEDING MACHINE.

(Application filed Oct. 29, 1900.) (No Medel.) Fig.1. Fig. 3. Fig. 5. 5 Witnesses John Pof Fr. John Pohermoo Inventor, James A. Everitt, By Joseph A. Mintuin

## United States Patent Office.

JAMES A. EVERITT, OF INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

## HAND SEEDING-MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 676,182, dated June 11, 1901.

Application filed October 29, 1900. Serial No. 34,794. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES A. EVERITT, a citizen of the United States, residing at Indianapolis, in the county of Marion and State 5 of Indiana, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Hand Seeding-Machines, of which the following is a specifica-

The object of this invention is to simplify 10 and cheapen the construction of the seedthrowing arms and to provide a compact and durable mechanism thoroughly and substantially braced for driving the same, to provide a seed-holding sack or receptacle with a hop-15 pered outlet at the middle of its bottom, and to provide means for regulating the size of the discharge-opening. The object also is to provide a machine complete in all of its parts, which while being durable can be produced 20 and sold at small cost.

I accomplish the objects of the invention by the mechanism illustrated in the accompany-

ing drawings, in which-

Figure 1 is a left side elevation of my in-25 vention; Fig. 2, an under side view of same; Fig. 3, an under side view with seed-throwing arms and mechanism for driving same and frame for supporting said driving mechanism removed; Fig. 4, a vertical section of the seed-30 ing-machine on the line 44 of Fig. 2, and Fig. 5 a detail in plan view of the center plate with one of the grain-throwing arms attached.

Like letters of reference indicate like parts throughout the several views of the drawings.

A is the bottom of the hopper or seed-receptacle and is preferably an elongated rectangle in general shape with concaved inner and convexed outer ends, although this shape may be departed from, if desired. This bottom 46 will be made from any suitable material, preferably wood, and at the middle of its side will have a circular opening a, passing through the bottom, leading into which from above is the hoppered or countersunk portion a'. The 45 sack S is tacked to the edge of this rectangular bottom, and the seed-throwing mechanism is attached to the under side of the latter. The curved board A' at the concave end of the bottom is for the purpose of a bearing-

Secured to the under side of the bottom A at the opening a therethrough is plate B, I

50 board against the body of the operator.

larger in diameter than the said opening a, and formed through the plate is the opening b of somewhat less than a semicircle in order 55 to leave ample metal at the center of the plate to form a bearing for the spindle carrying the seed-throwing arms. This opening b is large enough to afford the maximum opening required, and for discharges less than this maxi- 60 mum I provide an adjustable cut-off D, comprising a plate hinged at one end d to an integral extension of the plate B and extending thence across the plate B and a suitable distance beyond the edge of the bottom, as 65 shown in Figs. 2 and 3. The plate B has an integral extension  $b^2$ , which turns and projects laterally of the bottom A to provide an attachment for the handle C. This extensionbar b2 has an upper side lug b3 with a perfo- 70 ration through which passes a controlling-rod  $d^2$ , which is pivotally attached to the end of the cut-off D. The rod  $d^2$  is provided with a handle  $d^3$  and is within easy reach and control of the operator's hand at handle C. The 75 discharge-opening in plate B is changed in size by shifting the cut-off D. The lug  $b^7$  on the under side of plate B stops the movement of the plate B in the direction to close the outlet.

E is a bar secured to the side edge of the bottom A. It projects laterally below the bottom A and is slotted longitudinally. The projected end of the cut-off D is passed through this slot, the slotted bar E thus forming a sup- 85 port and guide therefor.

F is an adjustable stop which can be set to block the throw of the cut-off D at any fractional part of the length of the slot in said bar plate B. The stop is set by means of the bolt and nut f. E, thereby fixing the size of the opening in 90

Parallel with the bottom A and suitably below it to allow of the placing of the seedthrowing arms between it and said bottom is 95 a bar forming the horizontal member of a frame G, and at suitable distances to afford ample clearance for the rotation of the arms between them are the integral posts g g, which attach to the bottom A. The horizon- 100 tal bar or member of the frame G has a downwardly-projected hanger g' with bearing to support a crank-shaft h, having crank h' at one end and the wheel H, with side cogs, at

the other, the latter wheel being adjacent to said hanger.

J is the spindle or shaft carrying the seed-throwing arms previously referred to. Its lower end is seated in a socket in the horizontal member of the frame G and its upper end passes through the opening provided for it in the plate B. Pin j on the lower side of plate B and pin j' on the upper side of said plate prevent the displacement of the spindle, and the pin j' serves the additional purpose of acting as an agitator to stir up the

seed and force it down through the opening.

Mounted on the shaft J is the horizontal plate l, having on the under side a pinion l', the teeth of the latter meshing with the teeth of the wheel H, and integral with the upper side of said plate is the hub l². Extending on tangents with this hub and secured upon the plate l are a plurality of seed-throwing arms L, one of which is shown in position in Fig. 5. The plate is provided with marginal flanges j³ between the arms, which help to make the arms secure and also keep the grain from discharging from the arms too near thelf bases.

The grain falling through the bottom A in regulated quantity upon the bases of the arms is thrown out by centrifugal force induced by the rapid rotation of the arms. This rotary movement is produced by turning the crank h', which rotates the wheel H, thereby actuating the pinion l', which is a part of the seed-throwing plate carrying the arms L.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and wish to secure by Letters Patent of the United States, is—

1: In a hand seeding-machine, a seed-receptacle having a rectangular bottom with a 40 central funnel-shaped outlet, a plate under said bottom closing said outlet except for an opening in the plate, a cut-off pivotally secured at one side of the plate and crossing same and projecting beyond the receptaclebottom on the other side of the plate from its 45 pivotal attachment, said cut-off regulating the size of the discharge through said plate, seed-throwing arms radiating from a revolving plate, a frame secured at either end to the receptacle-bottom on opposite sides of 50 the circle of rotation of the arms said frame passing under the said arms and supporting the plate which carries them, and means for rotating the revolving plate and arms, substantially as described and shown.

2. In a hand seeding-machine, a seed-receptacle having a rectangular bottom with a central funnel-shaped outlet, a plate under said bottom having an opening and closing the outlet save for the opening in the plate, a 60 cut-off pivotally secured at one side of the plate and projecting beyond the receptaclebottom from the side opposite the pivotal attachment, a handle-bar having a handle projected from the same side of the receptacle- 65 bottom, a bar fixed longitudinally of the edge of the bottom and having a longitudinal slot through which the cut-off is projected, an adjustable stop in said slot, a rod pivotally attached to the projecting end of the cut-off 70 and passing through an eye on the handlebar, a frame supported at either end from the under side of the bottom, a plate having radial seed-throwing arms supported by said frame and located between the frame and bot- 75 tom, a pinion attached to the plate and a crank-shaft supported by a hanger from said frame and having a hand-crank at one end and a toothed wheel at the other to engage the pinion, all substantially as described and 80 shown.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal at Indianapolis, Indiana, this 24th day of October, A. D. 1900.

JAMES A. EVERITT. [L. S.]

Witnesses:

JOSEPH A. MINTURN, JOHN B. J. FENTON.