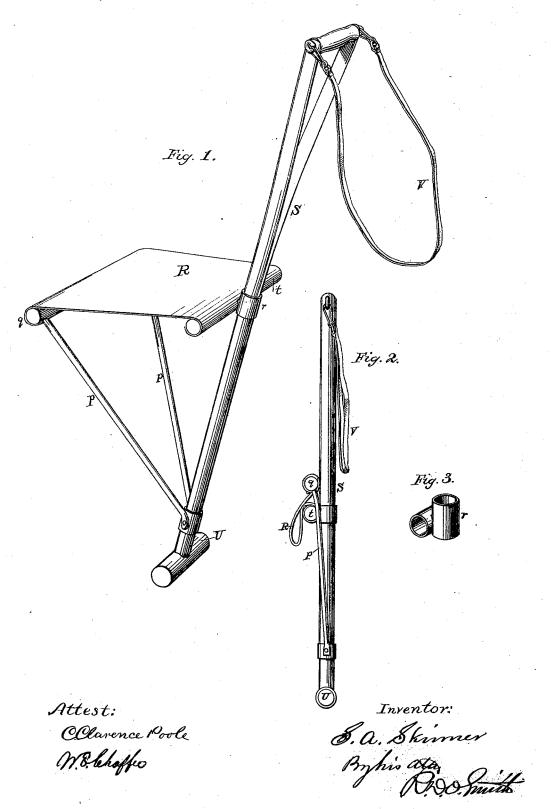
S. A. SKINNER. FOLDING CHAIR.

No. 180,074.

Patented July 18, 1876.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

SMITH A. SKINNER, OF HOOSICK FALLS, NEW YORK.

IMPROVEMENT IN FOLDING CHAIRS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 180,074, dated July 18, 1876; application filed April 17, 1876.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, SMITH A. SKINNER, of Hoosick Falls, Rensselaer county, in the State of New York, have invented an Improvement in Folding Stools, of which the following is a

full and exact description:

The object of this invention is to provide a novel and useful folding stool, which may also be conveniently used for other purposes, to wit, a staff in walking or a croquet-mallet—a very convenient article for use in excursions or upon lawns, where persons engage in croquet; and it consists of a staff of suitable length to be conveniently used as a walking-staff, and provided at its lower end with a cross-head or mallet, and also provided with a transverse bar or round, to hold one edge of a canvas or cloth seat, the opposite edge of which is held by a similar round, connected to said staff by two braces, pivoted at their lower ends to the staff near its lower end.

That others may fully understand my invention, I will particularly describe it, having reference to the accompanying drawings,

wherein-

Figure 1 is a perspective of my stool unfolded and in position for use. Fig. 2 is a side elevation of the same closed. Fig. 3 is a perspective of the cross-ferrule for uniting the round and staff.

S is the shaft, of suitable length and size. At a distance of about sixteen inches from its lower end I attach a cross-piece or round, t, to which is secured the rear edge of the seat R, of canvas or other suitable material. I find it convenient to attach said cross-piece t to the staff by means of a double or cross ferrule, r, which may be cast in one piece. The front edge of the seat R is secured to a similar cross-piece or round, q, which is supported

by two brace-rods, p p, the lower ends of which are pivoted to the sides of the staff S, near its lower end. The round q can therefore be folded up against the shaft; and I find it convenient to graduate the proportion of the parts, so that in folding said bar q against the staff the braces p p will necessarily spring apart slightly to pass the ends of the crossbar t, which will therefore serve as a shaft to retain said braces and round q in place when folded

The cross-head or mallet U serves at once for a foot, to prevent the sinking into the ground of the staff S under the weight of the person sitting upon the seat, and for a croquet-mallet, if such is wanted. If not desired, however, the mallet may be removed or entirely dispensed with.

The upper end of the staff is provided with a suitable handle; but the structure shown is preferred, because that affords not only a ready means of holding it, but also is of a convenient construction for slipping the arm through when carrying it from place to place.

A sling, V, may be attached for its more convenient transportation.

Having described my invention, what I claim as new is—

1. A folding stool composed of a staff, S, with a permanently-fixed cross-piece, t, and a movable cross-piece or round, q, attached to said staff by pivoted braces p p, and a seat, R, of canvas or other suitable material.

2. A staff, S, provided with a cross-head, U, forming a mallet, combined with a seat, R, folding substantially as described.

SMITH A. SKINNER.

Witnesses:

S. D. LOCKE, A. C. EDDY.