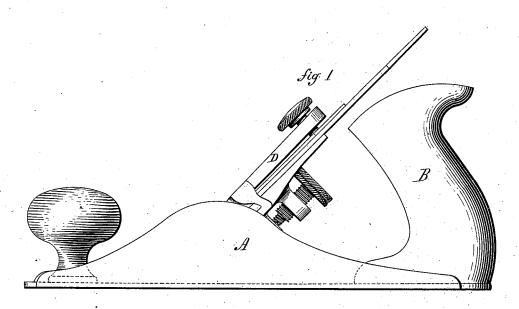
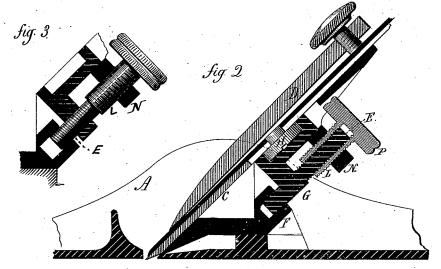
H. A. FOSS. BENCH-PLANE.

No. 186,998

Patented Feb. 6, 1877.





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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

HENRY A. FOSS, OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT.

IMPROVEMENT IN BENCH-PLANES.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 186,998, dated February 6, 1877; application filed January 9, 1877.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY A. Foss, of New Britain, in the county of Hartford and State of Connecticut, have invented a new Improvement in Bench-Planes; and I do hereby declare the following, when taken in connection with the accompanying drawings and the letters of reference marked thereon, to be a full, clear, and exact description of the same, and which said drawings constitute part of this specification, and represent, in—

Figure 1, a side view, and in Fig. 2 a longigitudinal central section; and Fig. 3, a modi-

fication.

This invention relates to an improvement in the method of adjusting the bit or iron of bench-planes. It consists in the arrangement of a differential screw, one portion of which is connected with the bit, the other with the stationary nut, and so that, by turning the screw, the iron will be moved only the difference between the thread of the two parts, as

more fully hereinafter set forth.

A is the body of the plane; B, the handle; C, the bit or plane iron, held in place by the clamp D, all in substantially the usual manner. Referring to Fig. 2, the screw is shown as made in two parts. In rear of the bit C, and in a line substantially parallel thereto, one part, E, of the screw is arranged, its lower end supported in a suitable socket, F, and with an arm. G, extending toward the bit, and connected therewith through the cap-screw H or otherwise, so that the movement of the serew will move the bit accordingly. Onto the part E of the screw the second tubular part L of the screw is set, threaded both inside and out, the inside thread corresponding to the thread of the part E, and either coarser or finer than the thread on the outside of the part L-that is, so that there be a substantial difference in the two threads. The part L is placed in a stationary nut, N, and is provided with a suitable head, P, by which it may be

The screw-threads are both the same—that is, both right or left hand threads, as may be desirable—therefore, by turning the part L so as to run it downward, the part E will correspondingly run up into the part L, and the downward movement of the part L will be only the difference between the two threads; as, for instance, suppose the external thread of the part L to be twenty, and that of the part E thirty, then a full revolution of the part L would run that screw down one-twentieth of an inch, and draw the part E up onethirtieth of an inch; hence the downward movement of the part L would be one sixtieth of an inch, and the bit would be moved accordingly. This enables a very fine and delicate adjustment of the bit, but yet positive and firm in its operation.

Instead of making the differential screw in two parts, as in Fig. 2, it may be a single piece, as in Fig. 3, the upper part L engaging in the nut in the same manner as the first illustration, the lower part E working in a connection which extends to the bit; making therefore the same difference between the two parts E and L, the same result will be at-

tained

I am aware that various devices have been used in bench-planes for the mechanical adjustment of the bit, and that among these a single screw has been used; I therefore do not wish to be understood as broadly claiming such a mechanical device; but

What I do claim as my invention, and de-

sire to secure by Letters Patent, is-

In combination with the body and bit of a bench-plane, a differential screw, one part working in connection with the bit, the other in a stationary nut, substantially as and for the purpose described.

HENRY A. FOSS.

Witnesses:

AUSTIN HART, MICHAEL T. TOOMEY.