

C. PABST.
WARDROBE-BEDSTEAD.

No. 192,711.

Fig. 1.

Patented July 3, 1877.

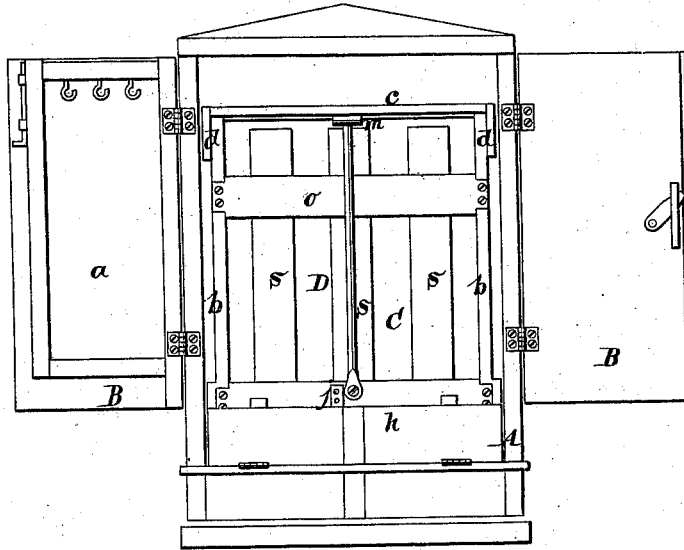


Fig. 2.

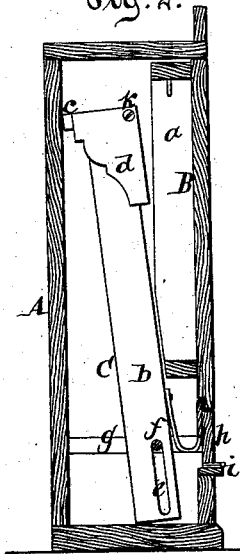
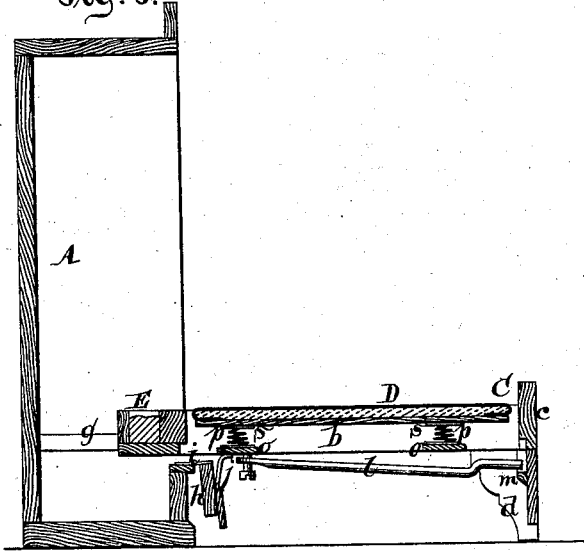


Fig. 3.



Witnesses.
Otto Schufeland
Doct. E. Miller

Inventor.
Charles Pabst
by
Van Santvoord & Hauff
his attorneys

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES PABST, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

IMPROVEMENT IN WARDROBE-BEDSTEADS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. **192,711**, dated July 3, 1877; application filed January 24, 1877.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES PABST, of the city and county of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Wardrobe - Bedsteads, which improvement is fully set forth in the following specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 represents a front view of my wardrobe-bedstead when the doors are open and the bedstead is turned up. Fig. 2 is a transverse section of the same when the doors are closed. Fig. 3 is a similar section when the doors are open and the bedstead is turned down ready for use.

Similar letters indicate corresponding parts.

This invention relates to a wardrobe-bedstead, the door or doors of the wardrobe being constructed to form receptacles for garments, while the case itself is intended to receive the bedstead, which swings on pivots secured in the sides of said case, the side rails of the bedstead being provided with slots, so that in folding the same up its inner end drops down close to the bottom of the case, and the height of the case can be reduced, the outer legs of the bedstead being hinged and provided with a shoulder, and a gravitating-handle being connected to the bedstead and adapted to bear at its other end upon said shoulder when the hinged legs are turned down to support the bedstead, all of which will be fully hereinafter described.

In the drawing, the letter A designates the body or case of my wardrobe, which is provided with two doors, B B. One or both of these doors are formed on their inner sides with receptacles *a* for garments, so that the interior of the case A is left free for the bedstead. In the example shown in the drawing only one of the doors is provided with such a receptacle, and on the top slat of this receptacle are secured hooks for suspending coats, pants, or other garments. When the doors are closed the garments contained in the receptacle or receptacles *a* are fully protected against dust, and when the doors are opened these garments can be readily and conveniently reached.

C is the bedstead, which is constructed of the side rails *b b*, the foot-board *c*, the outer legs or supports *d*, and the mattress D. The side rails are provided at or near their inner ends with slots or grooves *e*, which engage with pins *f* projecting from brackets *g*, which are firmly secured in the sides of the case A. When the bedstead is being turned up from the position shown in Fig. 3 to that shown in Fig. 2 its inner end drops down close to the bottom of the case A, and the height of said case can be reduced. The front of the case beneath its doors is made in sections, the top section *h* being connected to the lower section by hinge-joints, *i*, and this hinged front section connects with the bedstead by a strap, *j*. When the bedstead is turned down the hinged front section assumes the position shown in Fig. 3, and when the bedstead is turned up said hinged front section is brought in the position shown in Figs. 1 and 2 by means of the strap *j*, and after the doors are closed the wardrobe has a finished appearance.

The outer supports *d* are connected to the foot-board *c* by pivots *k*, (see Fig. 2,) so that the same can be turned down to the position shown in Fig. 2. The bedstead is provided with a gravitating-handle, *l*, which extends out to the foot-board, and if the bedstead is turned down to the position shown in Fig. 3 the outer end of said handle drops upon a shoulder, *m*, formed on the supports *d*, and thereby said supports are locked.

On the inner end of my bedstead is formed a box, E, for the reception of a weight, which facilitates the operation of turning the bedstead in or out.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. As a new article of manufacture, a wardrobe-bedstead composed of the case A, doors B having receptacle *a*, the brackets *g* having pins *f*, the side rails *b* of the bedstead having slots *e* adapted to the pins *f*, and the section *h* hinged to the case A and connected with the bedstead.

2. In combination with the case A, bedstead C, connected to the hinged section *h*, and

pins *f* of the brackets *g* of the outer hinged supports *d*, having the shoulder *m* and the gravitating-handle *l* attached at one end to the bedstead, and adapted to bear at its other end upon the shoulder *m* when the hinged support is turned down, substantially as described.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing, I have hereunto set my hand and seal.

CHAS. PABST. [L. S.]

Witnesses:

JOHN URIAN,
GEO. B. MASSEY.