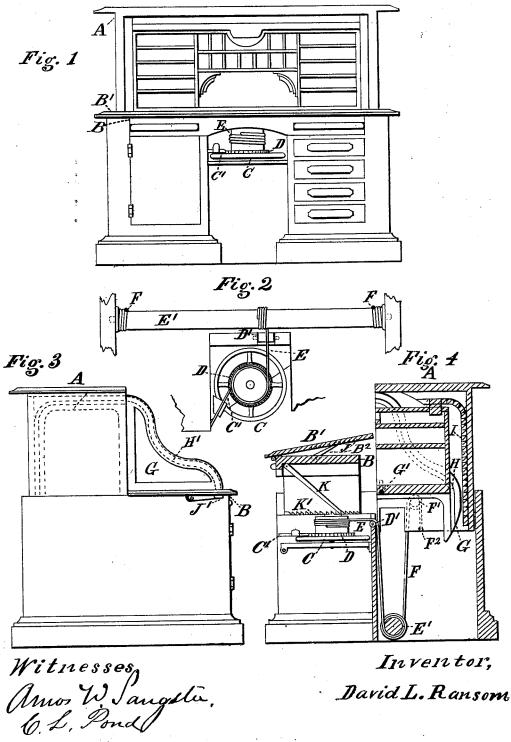
D. L. RANSOM. Desk.

No. 197,290

Patented Nov. 20, 1877.



David L. Ransom .

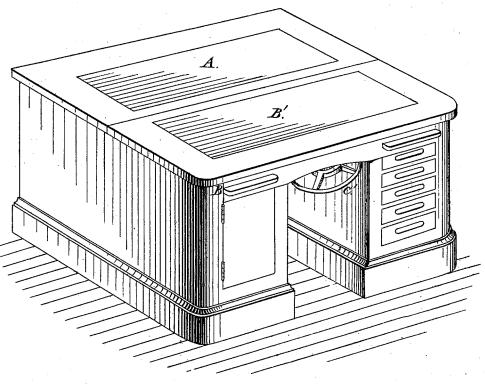
D. L. RANSOM.

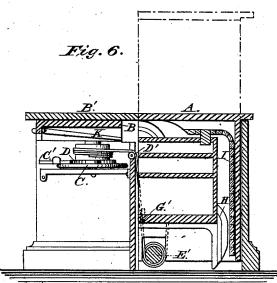
Desk.

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Fig. 5.





Witnesses:

Inventor:

Amos W. Saugster. C. L. Pond.

David L. Ransom

NITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

DAVID L. RANSOM, OF BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

IMPROVEMENT IN DESKS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 197,290, dated November 20, 1877; application filed April 24, 1877.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, DAVID L. RANSOM, of the city of Buffalo, in the county of Erie and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Business-Cabinets, which improvements are fully set forth in the following specification and accompanying

drawings, in which-

Figure 1 is a front elevation; Fig. 2, a plan view of the machinery for raising or lowering the back or main desk. Fig. 3 represents a side elevation; and Fig. 4, a cross-section through the center of the cabinet, showing a side elevation of the machinery for operating the several parts. Fig. 5 is a perspective view of the desk, and Fig. 6 is a cross-section of Fig. 5.

The object of my invention is to construct a business-cabinet composed of two adjustable parts, that can be easily adjusted to form a writing-desk, either level or inclined, to sit down by while writing, or a standing-desk, having either a level or an inclined top, and also capable of being readily converted into a broad, flat drawing-table, or conveniently adjusted so as to form an inclosed business-cabi-

My invention consists, first, in the combination of two vertically-adjustable tables, one forming a front writing-desk, the other a cabinet for holding books, &c., both of which are separately adjustable, so that a flat drawing-table may be formed, or the back desk elevated so as to bring the books, papers, &c., within easy reach when required.

Second, my invention further consists in the arrangement and combination of a windlass, a pawl and ratchet-wheel, and aroller and cords, or their equivalents, for the purpose of adjusting the back desk or cabinet vertically.

Ain said drawings represents the back desk or cabinet. It is made vertically adjustable by means of the windlass C, which is prevented from turning backward, except when required, by the pawl C and ratchet wheel D. E is a cord or chain (or belt) connected to the windlass C, and extending therefrom over a friction-roller, D', and from thence down to the roller E', around which it is wound several times, and fastened thereto. At each end of the roller E' is connected a cord, or its | quired by means of the pawl K and rack K'.

equivalent, F, which is wound around it several times, and passed upward and over a friction-roller, F1, (shown in dotted lines, Fig. 4,) from which it passes down, and is firmly fastened to the bottom of A, at F2, one at each side.

The operation of this part of my invention is as follows: When it is necessary to lift the desk or cabinet A, the windlass C is turned so as to wind up the cord or chain E, which turns the roller E' by unwinding the cord or belt E therefrom. This operation, as will be easily seen by reference to Fig. 4, winds up the cords or belts F on roller E', and consequently draws them over the rollers F1, and the ends F2 upward, thereby elevating the desk. In letting it down, the pawl C' (which is kept in place in the usual way by a spring) is pushed back out of the way, or from the teeth of the ratchet-wheel, thereby releasing the windlass, and allowing the desk to move down by its own weight as far as may be required, after which the pawl is allowed to

spring back to its place.

If it is designed to use the cabinet having the parts adjusted as shown in Fig. 3, the part A is raised up high enough to allow the side pieces G to be turned out, as shown in

They are shown as turned back into the desk A, in Fig. 4, to which they are fastened by the pins G'. When turned out, as shown in Fig. 3, they assist in holding A up firmly in position. The inner sides of G are grooved, as shown at H, Fig. 4, and by the dotted lines H', Fig. 3, so that the ordinary flexible cover I, Fig. 4, may be made to slide therein, and close the desk in the usual way, while adjusted, as shown in Figs. 1 and 3.

B represents the front desk; B1 an adjustable top, which may be inclined to any angle desired by means of the pawls B2 and racks J. Two of such pawls should be arranged on a shaft placed lengthwise of the desk. J' is a handle, (shown in Fig. 3,) connected to one end of the shaft for lifting or operating said pawl or pawls, so as to catch in the teeth of the

racks J.

The front desk B, being light, is easily lifted by the hands, and adjusted to the height reIt will be readily seen that both desks may be adjusted so as to be in the same plane, thereby forming a broad, flat table, for drawing or other purposes, by combining the tops of the two desks.

I claim as my invention-

1. The combination of two vertically adjustable tables, operated by means substantially as specified, one forming a front adjustable writing-desk, the other a cabinet for holding books, papers, &c., both of which are separately adjustable, so that a flat drawing-table, adjustable to the height desired, may be formed, or the back and front tables adjusted to form a convenient cabinet and writing-desk, as described.

2. The combination of the table A, side pieces G, and table B, arranged substantially as specified, for holding and supporting the desk or cabinet A, when elevated, as shown in Fig. 3.

Fig. 3.
3. In a vertically adjustable desk, A, the combination of the side pieces G, pins G', and curtain or flexible cover I, for the purposes de-

scribed.

DAVID L. RANSOM.

Witnesses:
Amos W. Sangster,
James Sangster.