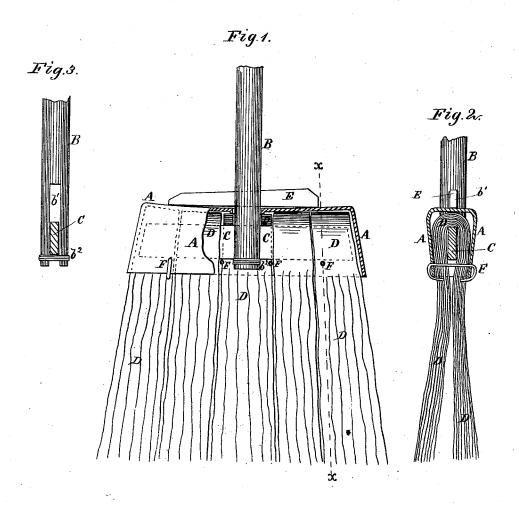
## W. WALTER. Broom.

No. 207,464

Patented Aug. 27, 1878.



WITNESSES:

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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM WALTER, OF ARCADIA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

## IMPROVEMENT IN BROOMS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 207,464, dated August 27, 1878; application filed June 11, 1878.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM WALTER, of Arcadia, in the county of Mason, Washington Territory, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Brooms, of which the following is a specification:

Figure 1 is a side view of one of my improved brooms, partly in section, to show the construction. Fig. 2 is a detail section of the same, taken through the line xx, Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a side view of the lower end of the handle, the cross-strip being shown in section.

Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

sponding parts.

The object of this invention is to furnish brooms which shall be so constructed that the brush when worn may be readily replaced by a new one, and which shall be simple in construction, strong, and durable, and may be easily made.

The invention consists in the combination of the sheet-metal head, made with a slightly concaved top and flaring ends, the slotted handle, the cross-strip, and the key with each other to form a head to receive and hold the brush of the broom, as hereinafter fully described.

A is a sheet-metal head, cap, or case, which is made of the shape and size desired to be given to the broom-head. The top of the head A is slightly concaved, and its ends are slightly flared to give a proper spread to the brush of the broom. If desired, the top of the head A may have longitudinal slits formed in it to give a swell or bulge to the broom-head. Through the center of the top of the head A is formed a hole to receive the handle B, which hole should be made with wide smooth edges, so that the said edges will not cut the said handle.

The handle B has a slot,  $b^1$ , formed in its lower end, in which is placed a cross-strip, C, the ends of which should be beveled to fit

against the flaring ends of the head A. The parts of the handle B should fit into shallow grooves formed across the middle parts of the sides of the strip C, and may be further secured to the said strip C by a pin. The strip C is further secured in the slot of the handle B by a wire,  $b^2$ , wound around the end of the said handle, as shown in Figs. 1 and 3.

D is the brush of the broom, which is folded or doubled over the strip C, and is then drawn snugly into the head A, where it is secured in place by a key, E, driven through the upper part of the slot b¹ along the top of the head A, firmly clamping the various parts of the broom together. The brush D is further secured in place by wires F, passed through holes in the side parts of the head A and through the said brush D. The brush D may be made of the shavings or splints of any suitable tough timber, such as hickory, white oak, white elm, birch, hazel, &c., of broomcorn, flax, feathers, cane, and various kinds of tough and hard grasses. When the brush D is formed of grasses or other small fibers, the said fibers may be tied together in small bundles before being doubled over the strip C to prevent them from being drawn out.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent.

The combination of the sheet-metal head A, made with a slightly concaved top and flaring ends, the slotted handle B, the cross-strip C, and the key E with each other, to form a head to receive and hold the brush of the broom, substantially as herein shown and described.

WILLIAM WALTER.

Witnesses:

CHARLS SAEGERS, TOMOS PETERS.