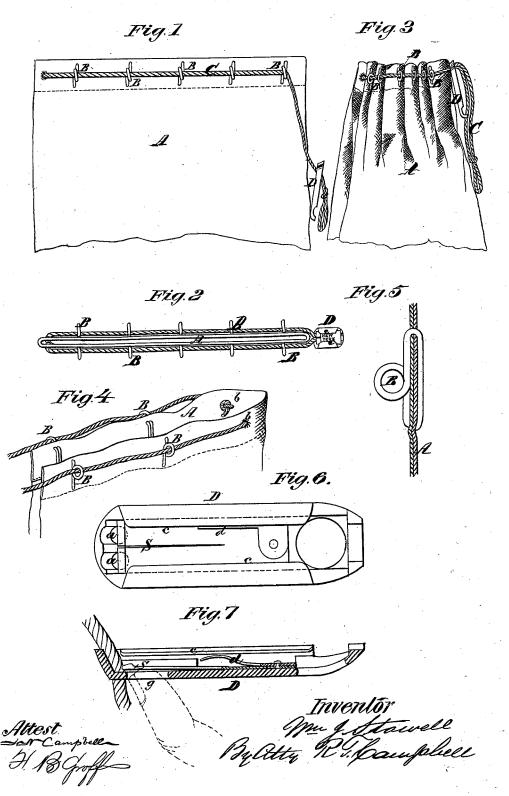
## W. J. STOWELL. Mail-Bag Fastenings.

No. 209,723.

Patented Nov. 5, 1878.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM J. STOWELL, OF BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

## IMPROVEMENT IN MAIL-BAG FASTENINGS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 209,723, dated November 5, 1878; application filed September 30, 1878.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM J. STOWELL, of the city and county of Baltimore, in the State of Maryland, have invented a new and valuable Improvement in Mail-Bag Fastenings; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the construction and operation of the same, reference being had to the annexed drawings, making a part of this specification, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon.

In the annexed drawings, Figure 1 is a side view of the upper portion of an open mail-bag having my invention applied to it. Fig. 2 is a top or end view of the bag. Fig. 3 is a side view, showing the end of the bag closed. Fig. 4 is a perspective view in detail of a portion of the open end of the bag. Fig. 5 shows a mode of fastening the eyes or loops to the bag. Figs. 6 and 7 show the ticket-holder and its rope-clamps.

Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

sponding parts.

This invention relates to mail-bags wherein a draw string or rope is applied at the open end of the bag for the purpose of closing this

end when the bag is filled.

Previous to my invention the draw-rope was passed through eyelets made through the bag, which left loose loops of the rope inside of the bag, that caused great trouble and frequent mistakes while emptying the bag of its contents, in consequence of packages lodging on said loops and being arrested, or being thrown off upon the wrong pile; and previous to my invention the draw-rope had to be tied in a knot after the end of the bag was closed, which caused delay, and the knots were not always secure.

To obviate these objections, the nature of my invention consists, first, in fixing loops or eyes on the outside of a mail-bag, near its open end, and passing the draw-rope through these eyes, so that none of the loops of this rope will be exposed on the inside of the bag nor be in the way while emptying the same; second, in combining with the draw-rope a clamping device, which, when the end of the bag is closed, can be forced up tightly and will bite on the

rope and safely hold the bag closed. At the same time the clamp can be quickly loosened when it is desired to open the bag, as will be hereinafter explained.

The following description of my invention will enable others skilled in the art to under-

In the annexed drawings, A designates a mail-bag of the usual well-known make, and B B are eyes or loops, which are fixed in any suitable manner on the outside of the bag, near its open end. These eyes or loops are arranged at proper distances apart, and they may be made of wire bent and fastened to the bag, as shown in Fig. 5, or they may be made and fastened to the outside of the bag in any other suitable manner.

C designates a rope, which is doubled, and its ends passed through holes a a of a ticketholder and clamp, hereinafter described, and then passed through the eyes or loops B on both sides of the bag A, and fastened at b b by knots or in any other suitable manner. This is the draw-rope, by means of which and the combined holder and clamp the end of the bag is held tightly closed, as shown in Fig. 3. It will be seen that the inner side of the open end of the bag is perfectly clear of any obstruction which might interfere with a proper

discharge of its contents.

The holder D is a strong narrow piece of metal, having parallel lips cc and a frictionspring, d, to receive and retain in place the ticket which indicates the place where the contents of the bag are to be delivered. At one end of the holder Done or more holes, a a, are made, which, as above stated, receive through them the two portions of draw-rope C; and in close relation to these holes I apply one or more spring-tongues, S, which will allow the ropes C to be drawn freely through the holes a a in one direction; but any attempt to draw the ropes back or in the opposite direction will be arrested by the ends of the tongues biting hard on the ropes. I thus have a rope-clamp combined with the ticketholder, which, when it is forced up tightly against the the bag, as shown in Fig. 3, will securely hold it shut. To open the bag, the ropes are released from the bite of the tongue or tongues S by pressing the finger against them through a hole, g, as indicated in dotted lines, Fig. 7.

I contemplate using a single spring-tongue, S, instead of two tongues, as shown in Fig. 6; and either one or two holes, a, may be made

for the rope C.

I am aware that mail-pouches have been provided with projecting eyes or loops on one side of the bag, over which the flap on the other side is fastened; but such is well known and not claimed, as my invention is applied to another class of mail-receivers, known as "pouches."

Having described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent,

1. A mail-bag provided with outwardly-projecting eyes or loops B entirely around its open end at or near the edge, adapted to cooperate with the draw-rope C, for the purpose set forth.

2. The combination, with the bag, provided with the projecting loops or eyes around its open end, of the draw-rope C and clamping device D, all constructed and arranged as

shown and described.

In testimony that I claim the above I have hereunto subscribed my name in the presence of two witnesses.

WILLIAM J. STOWELL.

Witnesses:

R. T. CAMPBELL, J. N. CAMPBELL.