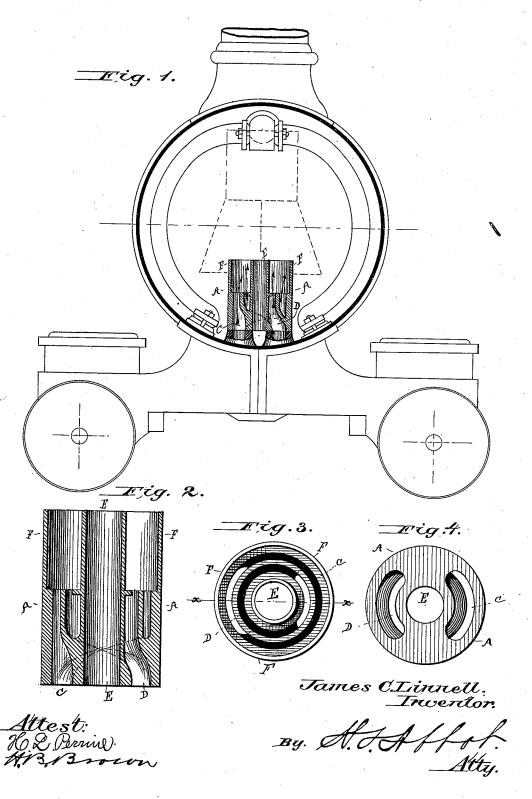
J. C. LINNELL. Exhaust-Pipe for Locomotives.

No. 212,560.

Patented Feb. 25, 1879.



NITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JAMES C. LINNELL, OF ADRIAN, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF HIS RIGHT TO S. S. LINNELL, OF KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN.

IMPROVEMENT IN EXHAUST-PIPES FOR LOCOMOTIVES.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 212,560, dated February 25, 1879; application filed September 11, 1878.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES C. LINNELL, of Adrian, in the county of Lenawee and State of Michigan, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Exhaust-Pipes for Locomotives; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof.

This invention relates to certain improvements in exhaust-pipes for locomotives; and the invention consists in the construction and arrangement of parts, which will be hereinaf-

ter more fully set forth.

In order to enable others skilled in the art to which my invention appertains to make and use the same, I will now proceed to describe its construction and operation, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification, and in which-

Figure 1 is a view showing the double nozzle in position under the smoke stack of a locomotive, the nozzle being in section. Fig. 2 is a central vertical section of the double nozzle, taken on line x x of Fig. 3. Fig. 3 is a top view, and Fig. 4 is a bottom view.

In the drawings, A represents the double nozzle. This nozzle is formed with two steampassages, C.D., and a central passage, E.

The steam-passage D, connecting with one cylinder a suitable distance above the lower end of the nozzle, extends completely around the central passage, E, as shown in Fig. 3 of drawings.

The steam-passage C, connecting with the other cylinder a suitable distance above the

lower end of the nozzle, extends completely around that part of the passage D extending around the central passage, E, as shown in Figs. 1, 2, and 3 of drawings.

The central passage, E, and pipe F extend up above the steam-passages C and D, as

shown in Figs. 1 and 2 of drawings.

The operation is as follows: When the exhaust-steam first comes from either cylinder, its greatest force creates a partial vacuum in the space between the passage E and pipe F and the other cylinder, by sucking the steam out, thus alternately reducing the back-pressure in each cylinder. The steam, on passing beyond the pipe F, creates a strong draft through the air-passage E.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by

Letters Patent, is—

1. An exhaust-nozzle having two independent steam-passages, C and D, the passage D surrounding the central passage, E, and the passage C surrounding the passage D, constructed and arranged as shown and set forth.

2. An exhaust-nozzle having a central passage, E, pipe F, and two independent steampassages, C and D, constructed and arranged as shown and set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JAMES C. LINNELL.

Witnesses:

R. B. Robbins, JOHN L. SCHOOLCRAFT.