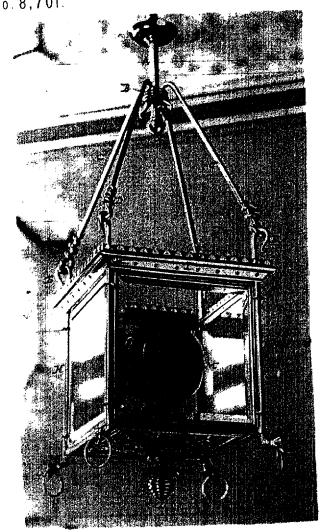
Lampesign.

C. HERTER. Lamp.

No.8,701.

Patented Oct. 5, 1875.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHRISTIAN HERTER, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

DESIGN FOR A LAMP.

Specification forming part of Design No. 8,701, dated October 5, 1875; application filed August 27, 1875.

[Term of Patent 3½ years.]

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Christian Herter, of the city of New York, N. Y., have invented a Design for a Lamp or Lantern, of which the following is a specification:

The nature of my design is fully shown in the accompanying photographic illustrations, Figure 1 being an embodiment of the design in a cylindrical, and Fig. 2 an embodiment in

a square or cubical, form.

 $\hat{\mathbf{A}}$ is a vertically-depending pipe, at the extremity of which is the knob a, a short distance above which is the coil B. C are depending rods or pipes, the upper ends of which are bent into crooks c, which are attached so as to present the appearance of being hooked into the coil B. The lower ends of the pipes or rods C, which are separated, as shown, terminate in rings, the extremities being reduced in size, and wrapped upward, to form the helical coils D. E are the upper ends of the vertical pipes or frame-pieces H, which are crooks analogous in shape to the upper ends of the pipes C, and immediately below which is the crown-piece I. K is the bottom piece, which is carried downward at its center to form an inverted apex, whereat is attached the corrugated conical ornament L. The piece K is supported by the pipes or frame-pieces H, the lower extremities of which, N, are in the form of dragon heads, each projecting outward, and holding a ring, O, substantially as shown. A glass case rests upon the piece K within the pipes H, and the globe M is provided within the case.

The bottom piece K is of open work, by preference, and the crown-piece I is heavily molded toward its upper edge, as shown in the illustrations; but I do not regard the exact construction of these and other parts as set forth

as essential to the production of the design. Thus, if the general shape be varied from a round or square configuration, and the different rods and pipes be made square or otherwise, the same effect will be produced if the details of ornament are employed, substantially as shown and described.

I prefer to make the globe M of colored glass; but do not consider the appearance thus produced an essential element of the design.

I do not claim to be the first producer of a design for a lamp or light, the shape of which is that of a cylinder or cube, or analogous thereto, as I am aware that such shapes have long been known and used; but

What I do claim, and desire to secure by

Letters Patent, is—

1. A design for a light or lantern, in which a crown piece, I, pipes C and H, and bottom piece K are employed, the whole being ornamented substantially as specified.

2. A design for a light or lantern, in which a globe is used within a glass case, substan-

tially as shown and described.

3. The design of the rods or pipes H, the upper extremities being in the form of crooks E, and the lower in the form of dragonheads N.

4. The design of the rods or pipes C, the upper extremities being in the form of crooks c, and the lower in the form of a ring, having adjacent to it the coil D, substantially as shown and described.

Witness my hand this 21st day of August, A. D. 1875.

CHRISTIAN HERTER.

Witnesses:
EDWIN C. CLARKE,
MARY MILES.