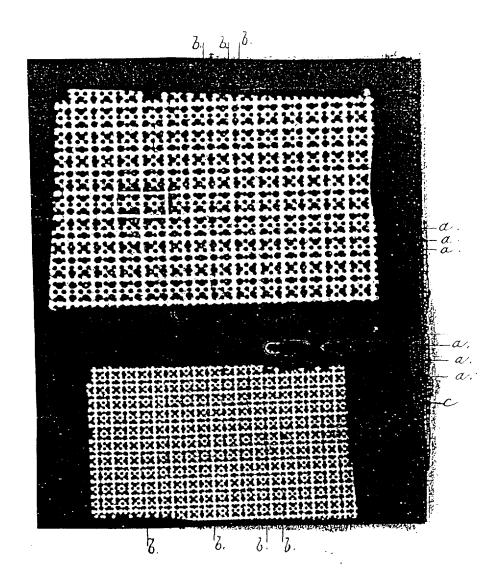
DESIGN.

G. M. JACOCKS & J. W. TAPPIN.
PERFORATED-PAPER.
No. 9,229.
Patented April 18, 1878.



Witnesses. Pennington Halsted John Robey, Jr. Jones W. Tappin by John J. Halted Land Ally

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GEORGE M. JACOCKS AND JAMES W. TAPPIN, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

DESIGN FOR PERFORATED PAPER.

Specification forming part of Design No. 9,229, dated April 18, 1876; application filed April 7, 1876. [Term of Patent 31 years.]

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, GEORGE M. JACOCKS and JAMES W. TAPPIN, both of the city, county, and State of New York, have originated and designed a Pattern for Perforated Paper for ornamental purposes, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying illustration or drawing, making part of this specification.

The nature of our design is fully represented in the drawing, and to which we refer.

The pattern caused by the perforations may be described as follows: The punctures or perforations leave parallel rows of solid paper, each of such rows or lines being equally distant from its next adjacent one on either side. These rows or lines are shown at a a. Similar solid lines, and equally distant apart, cross the first above-named lines a a at right angles. These are shown at b b. The edges of these lines are not straight, but have a jagged appearance, due to their having been cut by puncturing devices. Within each of the

approximately square areas or spaces left circumscribed by these solid lines is a sort of lace-like figure, composed of a central body of paper in the form of an imperfect octagon, marked c, and produced by perforations, and which is connected to the lines a and b by delicate thread-like connections at four sides. A central paneture in each of the octagons completes the whole pattern.

The sizes of the punctures or perforations may vary relatively to each other, and other material may be used besides paper.

What we claim as our invention is-

The design for perforated paper, substantially as shown and described, composed of equidistant parallel and crossing rows of solid paper, and the circumscribed imperfect octagon, having thread-like connections with the crossing rows.

GEO. M. JACOCKS. JAMES W. TAPPIN.

Witnesses:

ANDREW W. ARMSTRONG, JOHN THISTLE.