

3745 Communication Controller Models A
3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller
Models 900 and 950



NetView Console APPN Command Reference Guide

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3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller
Models 900 and 950



NetView Console APPN Command Reference Guide

Note!

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the general information under “Notices” on page vii.

Second Edition (September 2000)

This edition applies to the 3745 Communication Controller Models A, and the 3746 Nways® Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950.

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About This Guide

This guide describes the commands available to manage an APPN® network using the Tivoli® NetView® for OS/390® program and IP resources.

Who Should Use This Guide

This guide is for the network administrator who remotely manages a network.

How This Guide Is Organized

The guide consists of the following chapters and appendixes:

Chapter 1	Gives an introduction to Communication Manager/2 Service Point functions
Chapter 2	Gives the RUNCMD implementation specifications
Chapter 3	Lists the NetView RUNCMD commands
Chapter 4	Lists the configuration commands
Chapter 5	Lists all network management commands
Appendix A	Gives examples of REXX clist
Appendix B	Gives the customer documentation bibliographies
Appendix X	Gives the abbreviations used in this guide, the glossary of terms that might be unfamiliar, and the index

What Is New in This Guide

This guide has been revised to include the following changes and enhancements:

- The following RUNCMDs have been added or enhanced for 3746 control from NetView:
 - Activate/deactivate IP resources
 - List all ports sorted by name
 - List all stations sorted by name
 - List a summary of the APPN sessions per alias name
 - List a summary of the topology per APPN Nntwork node
 - List all the topology data for a given APPN network node
 - List a summary of the directory per APPN network node
 - List all the directory data for a given APPN network node
 - Display the APPN connectivity counters
 - Request the APPN control program dump
 - Monitor the APPN control program dump request completion

The technical changes and additions are indicated by a vertical line (|) to the left of the change.

Related Publications

Additional and detailed information are available in the following publications:

- *TME 10 NetView for OS/390 Customization: Using REXX and the NetView Command List Language*, SC31-8231
- *TME 10 NetView for OS/390 Command Reference*, SC31-8227
- *CM/2 Service Point Application Router and Remote Operation Service Guide*, SC31-7006
- *TME 10 NetView for OS/390 User's Guide*, GC31-8241
- *SAA Common Programming Interface REXX Level 2 Reference*, SC24-5549.

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Chapter 1. Introduction

This guide describes the commands available to manage an APPN® network using the Tivoli® NetView® for OS/390® program and IP resources.

The NetView NCCF RUN command (RUNCMD) routes commands to a service point for processing by one of the service point applications. This facility is based on the use of the Service Point Application Router (SPA Router) and Remote Operations Service (ROP Service) functions of IBM Communication Manager/2 (CM/2).

Introduction to Communication Manager/2 Service Point Functions

To manage a network remotely, you can initiate commands from the NetView program that are processed on a workstation running Operating System/2® (OS/2®). The standard output generated by a command is returned to the NetView program.

Note: Throughout this document, NetView program refers to the host NetView program, and not to the NetView/PC program.

The two components Service Point Application Router (SPA Router) and Remote Operations Service (ROP Service) provide this network management capability. SPA Router and ROP Service provide the following features:

- Support of multiple local area networks (LANs) and multiple physical units (PUs)
- Administration of a large area
- A tool for system administration
- Administration of different domains

SPA Router and ROP Service Function

SPA Router is an OS/2 program that receives a command from a NetView program to the specified application. The application can be any OS/2 program-based product that runs in protected mode. The advantage of having a separate program – SPA Router – that directs the applications is that multiple OS/2 applications can receive commands concurrently.

ROP Service is an application that processes (on the OS/2 workstation) the commands sent by the NetView program through SPA Router. The commands sent to ROP Service can be any OS/2 commands that have a command line interface and that do not need interactive user input.

In addition to using ROP Service, you can send commands from the NetView program through SPA Router to IBM LAN Network Manager Version 1.1 or higher, and you can use the application programming interface (API) for SPA Router to develop your own applications.

Using REXX Executable Files and Command Lists

You can use REXX executable files (execs) and command lists (CLISTs) to automate the process of issuing RUNCMDs. Operating the NetView program, provides examples of REXX execs and a CLIST that you might find useful when developing your own REXX execs and CLISTs (see Appendix A, “APPN Network Management Commands in NetView RUNCMD - Netview Procedures (REXX)” on page A-1 for examples).

Operating the NetView Program

With the exception of using the format previously described, you use the NetView program with SPA Router and ROP Service the same way you use the NetView program with other applications.

Chapter 2. RUNCMD Implementation Specifications

Each RUNCMD **3746_APPN_Management_Command** issued by NetView is processed by the service point (the service processor) in the following order:

1. The **3746_APPN_Management_Command** is analyzed and mapped on the corresponding service processor and network node processor corresponding command which can be a subset of a:
 - Manage NNP command
 - CCM configuration command
 - CCM Management command
2. The mapped command is then executed by the SP or sent to the NNP via the current remote procedure call (RPC) interface already implemented between the SP and the NNP.
3. If the command is executed in the NNP, it returns the results to the SP.
4. The results are postprocessed by the **3746_APPN_Management_Command** according to the parameter list.
5. The final results are sent back through the standard output to NetView via the ROP Service.

Figure 2-1 illustrates the process.

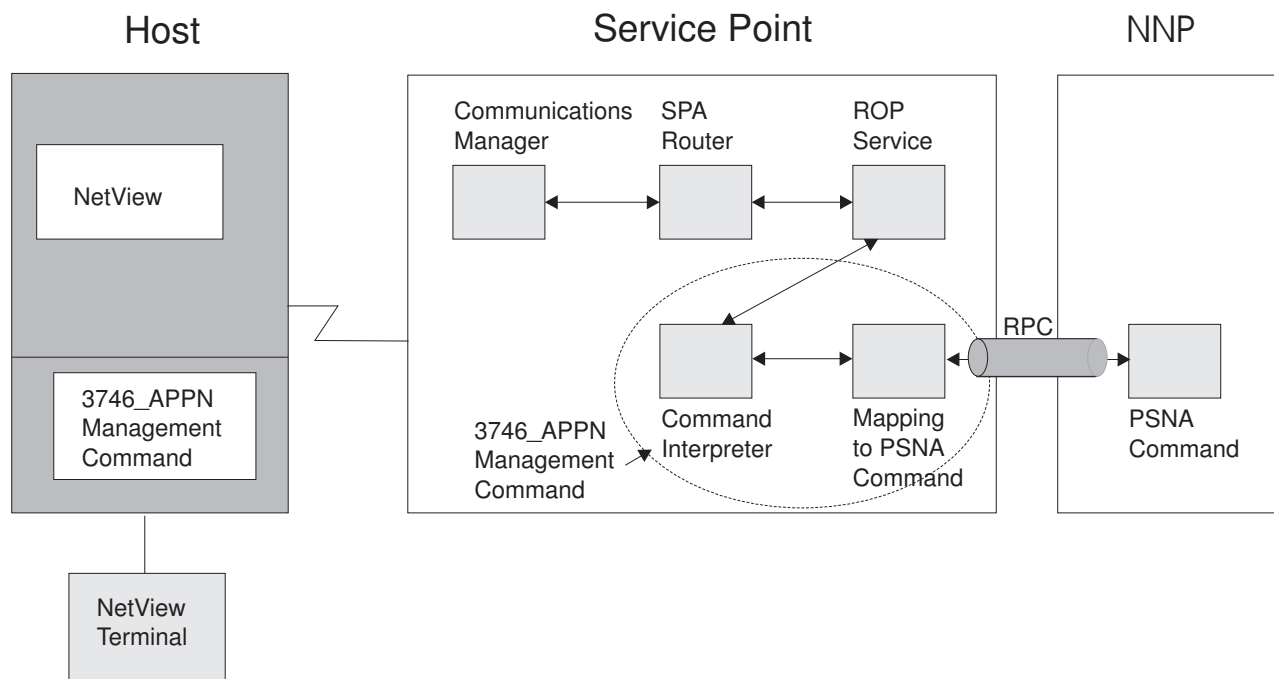
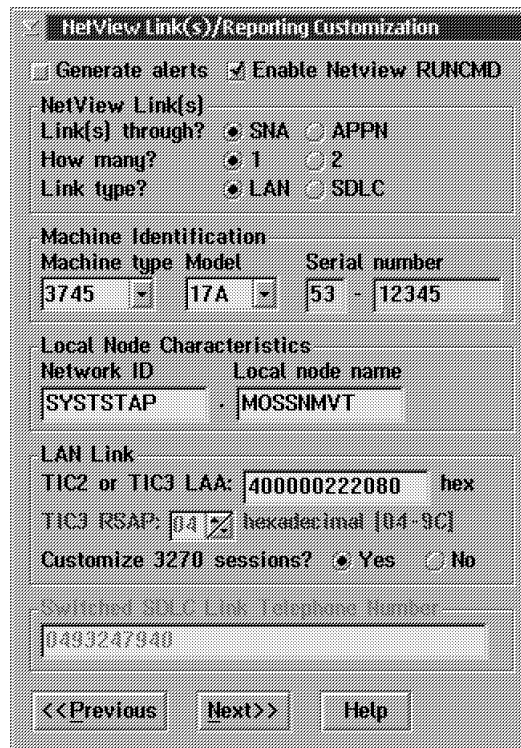


Figure 2-1. Structure of the RUN Command within SP/NNP

Note: The Communication Manager/2 limits the data length returned to the NetView program to 32 KB. This limitation can lead to some specific processing and commands. This is indicated when applicable.

Service Processor as Service Point

The service processor customization program allows you to enable the NetView RUN command from the SP Customization Panel. This is located in the **NetView Link(s)/Reporting Customization** panel, where a checkbox enables the **NetView RUNCMD** feature (see Figure 2-2).



The screenshot shows the 'NetView Link(s)/Reporting Customization' panel. It includes several sections: 'Generate alerts' and 'Enable Netview RUNCMD' checkboxes; 'NetView Link(s)' section with radio buttons for 'SNA' and 'APPN', and 'How many?' with radio buttons for '1' and '2'; 'Link type?' with radio buttons for 'LAN' and 'SDLC'; 'Machine Identification' section with dropdowns for 'Machine type' (3745), 'Model' (17A), and 'Serial number' (53 - 12345); 'Local Node Characteristics' section with text boxes for 'Network ID' (SYSTSTAP) and 'Local node name' (MOSSNMVT); 'LAN Link' section with 'TIC2 or TIC3 LAA' (400000222080 hex), 'TIC3 RSAP' (04 hexadecimal [04-9C]), and 'Customize 3270 sessions?' (Yes/No); and a 'Switched SDLC Link Telephone Number' text box (0493247940). Navigation buttons at the bottom are '<<Previous', 'Next>>', and 'Help'.

Figure 2-2. NetView Link(s)/Reporting Customization panel

Enabling NetView RUNCMD

The new checkbox is available when at least one NNP is installed, otherwise it is grayed out.

Groups of Commands

Three groups of commands are provided by the NetView RUNCMD.

1. NNP and control point management commands
2. Control point configuration management commands
3. APPN® management commands

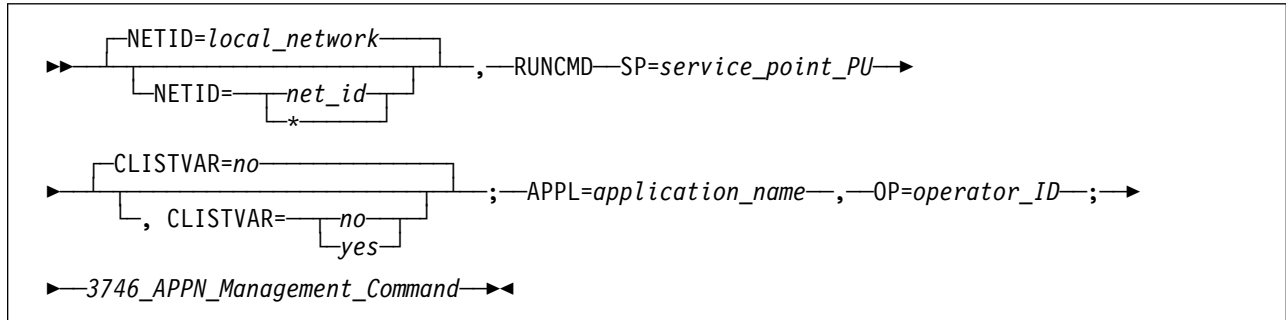
Multiple NetView Management

Several NetView programs can send the RUNCMD concurrently to the service processor. The serialization of the commands is performed by the ROP Service component that queues the commands. Each command is executed, the results are passed back, and then ROP Service dequeues the next command and so on.

Conflicting commands could be issued by different operators. It is your responsibility as network administrator to manage the network.

What Has Been Implemented in the Service Point

Based on the RUNCMD, the commands described in this section use the following syntax.



Where:

NETID

Specifies the network identifier of the network in which the service point is located. If there is another node or logical unit (LU) in any connected network with the same name as the service point you specified on the SP operand, communication is allowed only if VTAM® locates that service point based solely on the LU name (*sname*) of the NETID. NETID can be specified as one of the following:

local_network

Specifies to search for the target service point only in local network. This is the default if NETID is not specified.

net_id

Specifies the network in which to search for the target service point. The *net_id* must be a 1-8 character value using only the EBCDIC characters 0-9 and A-Z. At least one of the characters must be alphabetic.

*

Specifies to search for the target service point in any network.

service_point_PU

Is the physical unit (PU) of the service point the command is sent to.

application_name

Is the name of the application the command is sent to.

operator_ID

Is the operator ID of the NetView account issuing the command.

Note: It is used for ROP Service only.

CLISTVAR

Specifies whether to save replies in command list variables. You can use only CLISTVAR when coding the RUNCMD command in a command list. For more information, refer to "Common Operations Services Commands" in *TME 10 NetView for OS/390 customization: Using REXX and the NetView Command List Language*, SC31-8231.

no

Does not save replies in command list variables. No is the default.

yes

Saves replies in command list variables.

3746_APPN_Management_Command

The 3746 APPN management command being issued. Only the commands documented in this manual are supported (see Chapter 3, “3746 APPN, Manage NNP and CP Commands” on page 3-1, Chapter 4, “3746 APPN Manage Configurations Commands” on page 4-1, and Chapter 5, “3746 APPN Network Management Commands” on page 5-1).

Note: If your RUNCMD addresses a service point that is not at corresponding EC level (which is at least F64810), your NCCF console will no longer accept commands, because the RUNCMD is waiting for a solicited response from the service point. Use the DISPCMD and CANCMD commands to cancel the RUNCMD.

Chapter 3. 3746 APPN, Manage NNP and CP Commands

This chapter lists the management commands that are available through the NetView **RUNCMD** defined in the service processor to control the NNP, CCM configuration management and the CCM APPN management menu.

NNP and CP management commands available through the NetView RUNCMD are similar to those defined in the service processor Manage Control Points (CP) on NNPs panel. For more details about NNP and CP management, refer to the “Manage Control Points on NNPs” section of chapter 4 in the *IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Model 950 User’s Guide*.

The NNP and The NNP and CP management commands is accepted for execution at the Service Point if the CP/NNP backup option is **not** enabled on the Manage Control Points (CP) on NNPs panel. Otherwise, the program returns the following message:

COMMAND REJECTED FOR THE CURRENT NNP/CP STATUS

Example:

```
NNP /DUMPCP
Start of Output -ERS5NMVT| NNP /DUMPCP

COMMAND REJECTED FOR THE CURRENT NNP/CP STATUS

End of Output -ERS5NMVT| NNP /DUMPCP
```

NNP Status Command

Syntax

▶▶—NNP /STATUS—◀◀

This command returns the current status of the active NNP and, if applicable, indicates whether a dump of the NNP control point is occurring after you issue an NNP/DUMPCP command. The status of the active NNP might be:

```
NNP DOWN
NNP STANDBY
NNP LINK WITH 3746 NOT READY
NNP LINK WITH 3746 READY
NNP LINK WITH 3746 OPERATIONAL
NNP WAITING OPERATOR ACTIVATION
```

If a dump of the NNP control point is occurring, the following string is also returned:

```
APPN DUMP CP IS RUNNING
```

| **Command Example**

| **NNP /STATUS**

| **Command Results**

| Start of output -BS4NMVT | NNP /STATUS

| NNP LINK WITH 3746 OPERATIONAL
| APPN DUMP CP IS RUNNING

| End of output -BS4NMVT | NNP /STATUS

Start CP

Syntax

▶▶—NNP /STARTCP—◀◀

This command starts the control program and returns the string STARTING CONTROL PROGRAM when the command is accepted, or else the string COMMAND REJECTED FOR THE CURRENT NNP STATUS when the command is incompatible with the current NNP status.

Table 3-1. Rules to Accept the Command with One NNP

NNP Status	Command
NNP Down	Rejected
NNP Standby	Accepted
NNP Waiting Operator Activation	Rejected
NNP Link with 3746 Not Ready	Rejected
NNP Link with 3746 Ready	Rejected
NNP Link with 3746 Operational	Rejected

You must verify the completion of the command by issuing an **NNP /STATUS** command.

Stop CP

Syntax

▶▶—NNP /STOPCP—◀◀

This command stops the control program and returns the string STOPPING CONTROL PROGRAM when the command is accepted, or else the string COMMAND REJECTED FOR THE CURRENT NNP STATUS when the command is incompatible with the current NNP status.

Note: This command should be used if you selected the option **Link(s) through SNA** in the **NetView Link(s)/Reporting Customization** panel (see Figure 2-2 on page 2-2). Otherwise, the link between the NetView focal point and the service processor service point is broken. In this case, the link must be reestablished manually on the service processor.

Table 3-2. Rules to Accept the Command with One NNP

NNP Status	Command
NNP Down	Rejected
NNP Standby	Rejected
NNP Waiting Operator Activation	Accepted
NNP Link with 3746 Not Ready	Accepted
NNP Link with 3746 Ready	Accepted
NNP Link with 3746 Operational	Accepted

You must verify the completion of the command by issuing an **NNP /STATUS** command.

Stop and Restart the CP

Syntax

▶▶—NNP /RSTARTCP—◀◀

This command stops and restarts the control program and returns the string `RESTARTING CONTROL PROGRAM` when the command is accepted, or else the string `COMMAND REJECTED FOR THE CURRENT NNP STATUS` when the command is incompatible with the current NNP status.

Table 3-3. Rules to Accept the Command with One NNP

NNP Status	Command
NNP Down	Rejected
NNP Standby	Rejected
NNP Waiting Operator Activation	Accepted
NNP Link with 3746 Not Ready	Accepted
NNP Link with 3746 Ready	Accepted
NNP Link with 3746 Operational	Accepted

You must verify the completion of the command by issuing an **NNP /STATUS** command.

Activate Configuration

Syntax

```
➡—NNP /ACTIVECP—➡
```

This command allows you to activate the current configuration when the automatic activation control is not activated.

It returns the string `ACTIVATING CONTROL PROGRAM` when the command is accepted, or else the string `COMMAND REJECTED FOR THE CURRENT NNP STATUS` when the command is incompatible with the current NNP status.

Notes:

1. If you selected the option **Link(s) through SNA** in the **NetView Link(s)/Reporting Customization** panel (see Figure 2-2 on page 2-2), the message `COMMAND ID x IS LONG RUNNING` is displayed. This means that the command takes longer than 60 seconds to run, but you can start another command during this time.
2. If you selected the option **Link(s) through APPN**, no answer is returned.

Table 3-4. Rules to Accept the Command with One NNP

NNP Status	Command
NNP Down	Rejected
NNP Standby	Rejected
NNP Waiting Operator Activation	Accepted
NNP Link with 3746 Not Ready	Rejected
NNP Link with 3746 Ready	Rejected
NNP Link with 3746 Operational	Rejected

You must verify the completion of the command by issuing an **NNP /STATUS** command.

Restart NNP

Syntax

▶▶—NNP /RESTART—◀◀

This command shuts down the NNP and reboots it automatically. If the automatic activation is selected, the control program is started.

It returns the string REACTIVATING NETWORK NODE PROCESSOR when the command is accepted, or else the string COMMAND REJECTED FOR THE CURRENT NNP STATUS when the command is incompatible with the current NNP status.

Table 3-5. Rules to Accept the Command with One NNP

NNP Status	Command
NNP Down	Rejected
NNP Standby	Accepted
NNP Waiting Operator Activation	Accepted
NNP Link with 3746 Not Ready	Accepted
NNP Link with 3746 Ready	Accepted
NNP Link with 3746 Operational	Accepted

You must verify the completion of the command by issuing an **NNP /STATUS** command.

Dump CP

Syntax

►►—NNP /DUMPCP—◄◄

This command triggers a dump of the NNP control point and returns the string APPN CP DUMP IS IN PROGRESS when the command is accepted. Otherwise, it returns the string UNABLE TO TAKE THE APPN CONTROL PROGRAM DUMP when the command is incompatible with the current active NNP status or when a dump of the APPN control program is still occurring.

Table 3-6. Rules to Accept the NNP/DUMPCP versus NNP Status

NNP Status	Control Program Dump
Down	No
Standby	No
Waiting Operator Activation	No
Link Not Ready	No
Link Ready	Yes
Link Operational	Yes

The result of an NNP control program dump is stored in a file on the NNP hard disk. The NNP keeps two dump files and uses them in a flip-flop manner. A dump request is performed only if the dump file with the oldest time stamp can be overwritten, that is, at least 8 minutes have elapsed since the dump file's creation. Therefore, you should use the NNP /DUMPCP command carefully, keeping in mind the required 8-minute delay.

Command Example

NNP /DUMPCP

Command Results

Start of Output ~ERS5NMVT| NNP /DUMPCP

APPN DUMP CP IS IN PROGRESS

End of Output ~ERS5NMVT| NNP /DUMPCP

Chapter 4. 3746 APPN Manage Configurations Commands

This chapter lists the commands related to the management of the configuration are.

List All Configurations

Syntax

```
➡—CONF /LIST—⬅
```

This command gives the list of all the configuration defined with CCM.

Command Example

conf /list

Command Result

```
| Start of Output -BS8NMVT | CONF /LIST
|
| Configuration name           MMM-DD-YYYY   HH:MM
| - BS8_nissbz_384DLCI CIR     Jan-03-2000  01:41
| - BS8_nissbz_384DLCI nipadd  Jan-03-2000  04:04
| - BS8-mutiPPP SU4-OSPF only  May-09-2000  15:49
| A BS8 MCL 840 + IP           May-09-2000  15:50
| - BS8 MCL 871 + IP           May-31-2000  14:52
| - BS8_SVTREG_6.0             Jul-08-1998  10:23
| - BS8_nissbz_384DLCI         Aug-26-1998  14:11
| - BS8_SVT_7A                 Sep-10-1998  16:00
| - BS8_nissbz_comrate164K     Nov-02-1999  11:01
|
| End of Output -BS8NMVT | CONF /LIST
```

Note: The configurations listed are only the compatible configurations (same level).

Activate a Configuration

Syntax

►►—CONF /ACTIVATE /NAME=—"configname"—►►

Note: *configname* must be between quotation marks.

This command performs all the processing tasks to activate a new configuration whose name is *configname*. If the configuration name *configname* is not found, the string THE CONFIGURATION IS NOT FOUND is returned.

Note: Two cases:

- If the option **Link(s) through SNA** has been selected in the **NetView Link(s)/Reporting Customization** (see Figure 2-2 on page 2-2), the message COMMAND ID x IS LONG RUNNING is displayed. The command is longer than 60 seconds and permits to start another command.
- If the option **Link(s) through APPN** has been selected no answer is returned.

How to Activate a Configuration

1. Issue the command **CONF /ACTIVATE /NAME="configname"**.
2. Check the response THE CONFIGURATION <configname> IS BEING ACTIVATED (see note).
3. Issue the command **NNP /STATUS** to get the NNP status until the status NNP LINK WITH 3746 OPERATIONAL is returned.

Note: This operation may take up to 20 minutes.

Command Example

conf /activate /name="BS8 MCL 871 + IP"

Command Result

Start of Output -BS8NMVT |CONF /ACTIVATE /NAME="BS8 MCL 871 + IP"

THE CONFIGURATION "BS8 MCL 871 + IP" IS BEING ACTIVATED

End of Output -BS8NMVT |CONF /ACTIVATE /NAME="BS8 MCL 871 + IP"

Chapter 5. 3746 APPN Network Management Commands

Network management is based on the CCM commands related to:

1. Ports
2. Stations
3. Non-intermediate sessions
4. APPN-specific:
 - a. Network topology
 - b. Network node information
 - c. Directory
 - d. Connection network information
 - e. HPR connections
 - f. Connectivity counters

|

List All Ports

Syntax

```
➡—PORT /LIST—➡
```

This command returns the list of all ports. The contents of the list are similar to the contents of the list displayed by CCM.

If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

Port /list

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /LIST

Port Name	Port#	LS#	Status	DLC Name	Type
TRP2304A	2304	0	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
FR2432AP	2432	1	ACTIVATING	FR	SAF
TRP2144A	2144	1	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
FR2398	2398	2	ACTIVATING	FR	SAF
TRP2688A	2688	1	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
TIC2592A	2592	1	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
SDLC2385	2385	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2376	2376	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2370	2370	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2369	2369	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2182	2182	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2181	2181	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2368	2368	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2187	2187	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
HLN2240I	2240	1	ACTIVATED	ESCON_IP	SAF
SDLC2374	2374	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2186	2186	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2185	2185	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
HLN2240A	2240	2	ACTIVATED	ESCON	SAF
CBS2080A	2080	1	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
TR2304I	2304	0	ACTIVATED	TR_IP	SAF
PN22402	2240	1	ACTIVATED	ESCON_IP	SAF
APFR2400	2400	0	ACTIVATING	FR	SAF
TRP2624A	2624	0	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
TRP2720A	2720	0	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
TRP2720I	2720	0	ACTIVATED	TR_IP	SAF
TRP2688I	2688	0	ACTIVATED	TR_IP	SAF
TRP2656A	2656	0	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
TRP2560A	2560	0	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
TRP2336A	2336	0	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
PN2240A	2240	1	ACTIVATED	ESCON	SAF
CBS2080I	2080	0	ACTIVATED	TR_IP	SAF
X25I2381	2381	0	NOT_ACTIVE	IP_X25	SAF
X25A2381	2381	0	NOT_ACTIVE	X25	SAF
X2397	2397	0	NOT_ACTIVE	X25	SAF

SDLC2180	2180	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2379	2379	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED
APFR2464	2464	0	NOT_ACTIVE	FR	SAF

|

End of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /LIST

List All Ports by Status

Syntax

►►—PORT /LIST /STATUS=—*portstatus*—**◄◄**

portstatus Possible values are:

activated
activating
deactivating
not_active

This command returns the list of the ports with the status *portstatus*.

If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

Port /list /status=not_active

Command Result

```
| Start of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /LIST /STATUS=NOT_ACTIVE

Port Name  Port#  LS#   Status      DLC Name  Type
X25I2381   2381   0     NOT_ACTIVE  IP_X25    SAF
X25A2381   2381   0     NOT_ACTIVE  X25       SAF
SDLC2180   2180   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC      LEASED
SDLC2379   2379   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC      LEASED
APFR2464   2464   0     NOT_ACTIVE  FR        SAF

| End of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /LIST /STATUS=NOT_ACTIVE
```

List All Ports by DLC Name

Syntax

►►—PORT /LIST /DLC=—*dlcname*—◄◄

dlcname Possible values are:

tr_ip
fr_ip
fr
sdlc
ppp
ibmtrnet
escon
escon_ip
x25

This command returns the list of the ports with the DLC name *dlcname*.

If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

port /list /dlc=fr

Command Result

```
| Start of Output ~BS4NMVT | PORT /LIST /DLC=FR

PORT /LIST /DLC=FR COMMAND EXECUTED
Port Name  Port#  LS#   Status      DLC Name  Type
FR2432AP   2432   1     ACTIVATING  FR        SAF
FR2398     2398   2     ACTIVATING  FR        SAF
APFR2400   2400   0     ACTIVATING  FR        SAF
APFR2464   2464   0     NOT_ACTIVE  FR        SAF

| End of Output ~BS4NMVT | PORT /LIST /DLC=FR
```

List Ports by Status and DLC

Syntax

►►—PORT /LIST /STATUS=—*portstatus*—/DLC=—*dlcname*—**►►**

portstatus Possible values are:

activated
activating
deactivating
not_active

dlcname Possible values are:

tr_ip
fr_ip
fr
sdlc
ppp
ibmtrnet
escon
escon_ip
x25

This command returns the list of the ports with the status *portstatus* and the DLC name *dlcname*.

If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

port /list /status=not_active /dlc=sdlc

Command Result

```
| Start of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /LIST /STATUS=NOT_ACTIVE /DLC=SDLC

Port Name  Port#  LS#   Status      DLC Name  Type
SDLC2180   2180   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC      LEASED
SDLC2379   2379   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC      LEASED

| End of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /LIST /STATUS=NOT_ACTIVE /DLC=
```

List All Ports by Wildcard Portname

Syntax

```
➡➡PORT /LIST /NAME=wildcard➡➡
```

wildcard

This command returns the list of the ports matching the portname *wildcard*. The string enter for *wildcard* must be one of the following:

- *
- *xyz*
- xyz*
- *xyz

xyz can be any character.

If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

port /list /name=S*

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=S*

Port Name	Port#	LS#	Status	DLC Name	Type
SDLC2385	2385	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2376	2376	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2370	2370	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2369	2369	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2182	2182	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2181	2181	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2368	2368	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2187	2187	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2374	2374	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2186	2186	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2185	2185	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2180	2180	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED
SDLC2379	2379	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED

End of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=S*

List a Port's Characteristics by Port Number

Syntax

```
►►—PORT /LIST /NUMBER=—portnumber—►◄
```

This command returns the characteristics of a port identified by its 4-digit port number. If the port number is invalid or does not exist, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

port /list /number=2080

Command Result

Start of Output -SU4NMVT | PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2080

PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2080 COMMAND EXECUTED

Port Name	Port#	LS#	Status	DLC Name	Type
CBSP2080	2080	2	ACTIVATED	IBMTRNET	SAF
TKR2080I	2080	0	ACTIVATED	TR_IP	SAF

Nb items of whole list = 2

End of Output -SU4NMVT | PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2080

Display the Details View for a Given Port Name

Syntax

```
▶▶—PORT /DETAILS /NAME=—portname—▶▶
```

portname The *portname* can take one of the port name values returned in the list of all ports.

This command returns the details view of the port name *portname*. If the port name *portname* is not found or omitted, the string THE PORT *portname* IS UNKNOWN is returned.

Command Example

port /details /name=sdlc2182

Command Result

```
| Start of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /DETAILS /NAME=SDLC2182

Port Name           SDLC2182
DLC Name            SDLC
Port Type           LEASED
SSID                4
Port Number         2182
Port address        X'4C49433131002020202020202020202020202020202020
                    202020202020202020'
Max received BTU size 2058
Total connections   850
Inbound connections 0
Outbound connections 850
Link station role   PRIMARY
Transmit/Receive caps TWS
Modem class         0
Target pacing count 3
Desired max send BTU size 2058
Adapter number      0
Transmit/Receive caps IP
Service any         No
Effective capacity   19200 bits per second
Cost per connect time 0
Cost per byte       0
Propagation delay    9.22 milliseconds (telephone)
HPR Support          No
User defined parameter 1 0
User defined parameter 2 0
User defined parameter 3 0
Security             Nonsecure

| End of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /DETAILS /NAME=SDLC2182
```

Display the Details View for a Given Port Number

Syntax

```
➡—PORT /DETAILS /NUMBER=—portnum—⬅
```

portnum The *portnum* can take one of the port number values returned in the list of all ports.

This command returns the details view of the port number *portnum*. If the port number *portnum* is not found or omitted, the string THE PORT *portnum* IS UNKNOWN is returned.

Command Example

port /details /number=2304

Command Result

```
I                    Start of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /DETAILS /NUMBER=2304

Port Name                    TRP2304A
DLC Name                    IBMTRNET
Port Type                    SAF
SSID                        6
Port Number                 2304
Port address                X'400000502304080000000000000000000000000000000000
                             0000000000000000000000'
Max received BTU size       8000
Total connections           1250
Inbound connections         0
Outbound connections        250
Link station role           NEGOTIABLE
Transmit/Receive caps       TWA
Modem class                 0
Target pacing count         3
Desired max send BTU size   8000
Adapter number              0
DLC data type               TR
Service any                  Yes
Effective capacity           15999900 bits per second
Cost per connect time       0
Cost per byte               0
Propagation delay           384.00 microseconds (1an)
HPR Support                  No
User defined parameter 1    0
User defined parameter 2    0
User defined parameter 3    0
Security                    Nonsecure

Port Name                    TR2304I
DLC Name                    TR_IP
Port Type                    SAF
SSID                        6
```

End of Output -BS4NMVT | PORT /DETAILS /NUMBER=2304

Activate All Ports

Syntax

▶▶—PORT /ACT /ALL—▶▶

This command requests the activation of all ports. You can verify the completion of the command by issuing a **PORT /LIST** command.

Command Example

port /act /all

Command Result

Start of Output ↵BS8NMVT | PORT /ACT /ALL

PORT /ACT /ALL COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output ↵BS8NMVT | PORT /ACT /ALL

Activate a Given Port by Name

Syntax

►►—PORT /ACT /NAME=—*portname*—**◄◄**

portname This can take one of the values returned in the list of ports of all ports.

This command requests the activation of the port name *portname*. If the port name *portname* is not found or omitted, the string THE PORT NAME NOT SPECIFIED is returned.

Command Example

1. A PORT /LIST command is issued to verify the port status.
2. A PORT /ACT command is issued to activate the NOT_ACTIVE port.
3. A PORT /LIST is issued again to verify that the port is now in the ACTIVATED state.

PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574 COMMAND EXECUTED

Port Name	Port£	LS£	Status	DLC Name	Type
APDL2574	2574	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED

Nb items of whole list = 1

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

PORT /ACT /NAME=APDL2574

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /ACT /NAME=APDL2574

PORT /ACT /NAME=APDL2574 COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /ACT /NAME=APDL2574

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574 COMMAND EXECUTED

Port Name	Port£	LS£	Status	DLC Name	Type
APDL2574	2574	0	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED

Nb items of whole list = 1

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574

Activate a List of Ports by Name

Syntax

►►—PORT /ACT /NAME=—*portname1, portname2, ..., portnamen*—**►◄**

portnamex This can take one of the values returned in the list of ports of all ports.

This command requests the activation of the list of ports with names *portname1, portname2,..., portnamen*. If one of the port names is not found or omitted, the string PORT NAME *portnamex* UNKNOWN is returned.

Command Example

1. A PORT /LIST command is issued to verify the status of a set of ports identified by wildcard name.
2. A PORT /ACT command is issued to activate a set of NOT_ACTIVE ports.
3. A PORT /LIST is issued again to verify that the just-activated ports have switched to the ACTIVATED state.

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

```
PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL* COMMAND EXECUTED
Port Name  Port£  LS£   Status      DLC Name   Type
APDL2588   2588   10    ACTIVATED   SDLC       LEASED
APDL2560   2560   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
APDL2564   2564   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
APDL2573   2573   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
APDL2574   2574   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
APDL2576   2576   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
APDL2580   2580   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
Nb items of whole list = 7
```

End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

PORT /ACT /NAME=APDL2560,APDL2574,APDL2576

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /ACT /NAME=APDL2560,APDL2574,APDL2576

PORT /ACT /NAME=APDL2560,APDL2574,APDL2576 COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /ACT /NAME=APDL2560,APDL2574,APDL2576

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

```

|      Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*
|
|      PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL* COMMAND EXECUTED
|      Port Name   Port£ LS£   Status      DLC Name   Type
|      APDL2560    2560  1     ACTIVATED    SDLC      LEASED
|      APDL2574    2574  3     ACTIVATED    SDLC      LEASED
|      APDL2576    2576  1     ACTIVATED    SDLC      LEASED
|      APDL2588    2588 10     ACTIVATED    SDLC      LEASED
|      APDL2564    2564  0     NOT_ACTIVE   SDLC      LEASED
|      APDL2573    2573  0     NOT_ACTIVE   SDLC      LEASED
|      APDL2580    2580  0     NOT_ACTIVE   SDLC      LEASED
|      Nb items of whole list = 7
|
|      End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

```

Activate a Given Port by Number

Syntax

►►—PORT /ACT /NUMBER=—*portnum*—**◄◄**

portnum This can take one of the values returned in the list of all ports.

This command requests the activation of the ports number *portnum*. If the port number *portnum* is not found or omitted, the string PORT NUMBER *portnum* UNKNOWN is returned.

Command Example

1. A PORT /LIST command is issued to verify the port status.
2. The PORT /ACT command is issued to activate the NOT_ACTIVE port.
3. A PORT /LIST is issued again to verify that the port is now in the ACTIVATED state.

PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574 COMMAND EXECUTED

Port Name	Port£	LS£	Status	DLC Name	Type
APDL2574	2574	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED
Nb items of whole list = 1					

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

PORT /ACT /NUMBER=2574

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /ACT /NUMBER=2574

PORT /ACT /NUMBER=2574 COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /ACT /NUMBER=2574

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574 COMMAND EXECUTED

Port Name	Port£	LS£	Status	DLC Name	Type
APDL2574	2574	0	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
Nb items of whole list = 1					

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574

Activate a List of Ports By Number

Syntax

►►—PORT /ACT /NUMBER=*portnum1, portnum2, ..., portnumn*—**◄◄**

portnumx This can take one of the values returned in the list of ports of all ports.

This command requests the activation of the list of ports with the numbers *portnum1, portnum2,..., portnumn*. If one of the port numbers is not found or omitted, the string PORT NUMBER *portnumx* UNKNOWN is returned.

Command Example

1. A PORT /LIST command is issued to verify the status of a set of ports identified by a wildcard name.
2. A PORT /ACT command is issued to activate a set of NOT_ACTIVE ports using their port numbers.
3. A PORT /LIST is issued again to verify that the just-activated ports have switched to the ACTIVATED state.

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

```
PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL* COMMAND EXECUTED
Port Name  Port£  LS£   Status      DLC Name   Type
APDL2588   2588   10    ACTIVATED   SDLC       LEASED
APDL2560   2560   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
APDL2564   2564   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
APDL2573   2573   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
APDL2574   2574   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
APDL2576   2576   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
APDL2580   2580   0     NOT_ACTIVE  SDLC       LEASED
Nb items of whole list = 7
```

End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

PORT /ACT /NUMBER=2560,2564,2573

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /ACT /NUMBER=2560,2564,2573

PORT /ACT /NUMBER=2560,2564,2573 COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /ACT /NUMBER=2560,2564,2573

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

```

|          Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*
|
|          PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL* COMMAND EXECUTED
|          Port Name   Port£ LS£   Status      DLC Name   Type
|          APDL2560    2560  1      ACTIVATED    SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2564    2564  1      ACTIVATED    SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2573    2573  1      ACTIVATED    SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2588    2588  10     ACTIVATED    SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2574    2574  0      NOT_ACTIVE   SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2576    2576  0      NOT_ACTIVE   SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2580    2580  0      NOT_ACTIVE   SDLC      LEASED
|          Nb items of whole list = 7
|
|          End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

```

Deactivate All Ports

Syntax

▶▶—PORT /DEACT /ALL—/F—◀◀

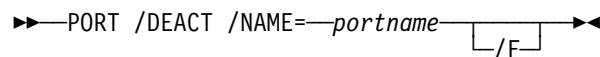
| This command requests the deactivation of all ports. Parameter *F* can be added to
| submit the command in FORCE MODE.

Note:

This command breaks the link between the network node processor and NetView. To reactivate this link, you must issue the command **PORT /ACT /ALL** from the service processor.

Deactivate a Given Port by Name

Syntax



portname This can take one of the values returned in the list of ports of all ports.

This command requests the deactivation of the port named *portname*. If the port name *portname* is not found or omitted, the string PORT NAME NOT SPECIFIED is returned.

Note: Use the parameter *F* to submit the command in FORCE MODE.

Command Example

1. A PORT /LIST command is issued to verify that the port status is ACTIVATED.
2. The PORT /DEACT command is issued to deactivate the port.
3. A PORT /LIST is issued again to verify that the port is now in the NOT_ACTIVE state.

PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574 COMMAND EXECUTED

Port Name	Port£	LS£	Status	DLC Name	Type
APDL2574	2574	0	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED

Nb items of whole list = 1

End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

PORT /DEACT /NAME=APDL2574

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /DEACT /NAME=APDL2574

PORT /DEACT /NAME=APDL2574 COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /DEACT /NAME=APDL2574

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574 COMMAND EXECUTED

Port Name	Port£	LS£	Status	DLC Name	Type
APDL2574	2574	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED

Nb items of whole list = 1

End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

Deactivate a List of Ports by Name

Syntax

```
➡➡PORT /DEACT /NAME=portname1, portname2, ..., portnamen➡➡  
└─/F─┘
```

portnamex This can take one of the values returned in the list of ports of all ports.

This command requests the deactivation of the list of ports with names *portname1, portname2,..., portnamen*. If one of the port name *portnamex* is not found or omitted, the string PORT NAME *portnamex* UNKNOWN is returned.

Note: Use the parameter *F* to submit the command in FORCE MODE.

Command Example

1. A PORT /LIST command is issued to verify the status of a set of ports identified by a wildcard name.
2. A PORT /ACT command is issued to deactivate a set of ACTIVATED ports.
3. A PORT /LIST is issued again to verify that the just-deactivated ports have switched to the NOT_ACTIVE state.

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL* COMMAND EXECUTED

Port Name	Port£	LS£	Status	DLC Name	Type
APDL2560	2560	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2574	2574	3	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2576	2576	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2588	2588	10	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2564	2564	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2573	2573	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2580	2580	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED

Nb items of whole list = 7

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

PORT /DEACT /NAME=APDL2560,APDL2574,APDL2576

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /DEACT /NAME=APDL2560,APDL2574,APDL2576

PORT /DEACT /NAME=APDL2560,APDL2574,APDL2576 COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /DEACT /NAME=APDL2560,APDL2574,APDL2576

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

```

|          Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*
|
|          PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL* COMMAND EXECUTED
|          Port Name   Port£ LS£   Status      DLC Name   Type
|          APDL2588    2588  10     ACTIVATED    SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2560    2560   0     NOT_ACTIVE    SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2564    2564   0     NOT_ACTIVE    SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2573    2573   0     NOT_ACTIVE    SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2574    2574   0     NOT_ACTIVE    SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2576    2576   0     NOT_ACTIVE    SDLC      LEASED
|          APDL2580    2580   0     NOT_ACTIVE    SDLC      LEASED
|          Nb items of whole list = 7
|
|          End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

```

Deactivate a Given Port by Number

Syntax

The diagram shows the command syntax: `PORT /DEACT /NUMBER=portnum [/F]`. The `portnum` is underlined. The `[/F]` part is enclosed in a box with a bracket, indicating it is an optional parameter.

portnum This can take one of the values returned in the list of ports of all ports.

This command requests the deactivation of the port number *portnum*. If the port number *portnum* is not found or omitted, the string `PORT NUMBER portnum UNKNOWN` is returned.

Note: The parameter *F* is added to submit the command in FORCE MODE.

Command Example

1. A `PORT /LIST` command is issued to verify that the port state is `ACTIVATED`.
2. The `PORT /DEACT` command is issued to deactivate the port.
3. A `PORT /LIST` command is issued again to verify that the port state has switched to the `NOT_ACTIVE` state.

PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | `PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574`

`PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574 COMMAND EXECUTED`

Port Name	Port£	LS£	Status	DLC Name	Type
APDL2574	2574	0	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED

Nb items of whole list = 1

End of Output -BS8NMVT | `PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574`

PORT /DEACT /NUMBER=2574

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | `PORT /DEACT /NUMBER=2574`

`PORT /DEACT /NUMBER=2574 COMMAND EXECUTED`

End of Output -BS8NMVT | `PORT /DEACT /NUMBER=2574`

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL2574

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | `PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574`

`PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574 COMMAND EXECUTED`

Port Name	Port£	LS£	Status	DLC Name	Type
APDL2574	2574	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED

Nb items of whole list = 1

End of Output -BS8NMVT | `PORT /LIST /NUMBER=2574`

Deactivate a List of Ports by Number

Syntax

```
➡—PORT /DEACT /NUMBER=—portnum1, portnum2, ..., portnumn—➡  
➡—└─/F—┘➡
```

portnumx This can take one of the values returned in the list of all ports.

This command requests the deactivation of the list of ports with number *portnum1*, *portnum2*, ..., *portnumn*. If one of the port number *portnumx* is not found or omitted, the string PORT NUMBER *portnumx* UNKNOWN is returned.

Note: Use the parameter *F* to submit the command in FORCE MODE.

Command Example

1. A PORT /LIST command is issued to verify the status of a set of ports identified by a wildcard name.
2. A PORT /DEACT command is issued to deactivate a set of ports with the ACTIVATED state, using their port numbers.
3. A PORT /LIST is issued again to verify that the just-deactivated ports have switched to the NOT_ACTIVE state.

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL* COMMAND EXECUTED

Port Name	Port#	LS#	Status	DLC Name	Type
APDL2560	2560	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2564	2564	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2573	2573	1	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2588	2588	10	ACTIVATED	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2574	2574	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2576	2576	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED
APDL2580	2580	0	NOT_ACTIVE	SDLC	LEASED

Nb items of whole list = 7

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

PORT /DEACT /NUMBER=2560,2564,2573

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /DEACT /NUMBER=2560,2564,2573

PORT /DEACT /NUMBER=2560,2564,2573 COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | PORT /DEACT /NUMBER=2560,2564,2573

PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

```

|      Start of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*
|
|      PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL* COMMAND EXECUTED
|      Port Name   Port£  LS£    Status          DLC Name   Type
|      APDL2588    2588   10     ACTIVATED       SDLC       LEASED
|      APDL2560    2560   0      NOT_ACTIVE      SDLC       LEASED
|      APDL2564    2564   0      NOT_ACTIVE      SDLC       LEASED
|      APDL2573    2573   0      NOT_ACTIVE      SDLC       LEASED
|      APDL2574    2574   0      NOT_ACTIVE      SDLC       LEASED
|      APDL2576    2576   0      NOT_ACTIVE      SDLC       LEASED
|      APDL2580    2580   0      NOT_ACTIVE      SDLC       LEASED
|      Nb items of whole list = 7
|
|      End of Output -BS8NMVT | PORT /LIST /NAME=APDL*

```

List All Stations

Syntax

```
➡—STATION /LIST—➡
```

This command returns the list of all stations similar to the CCM station. If the list output exceeds a certain size, it will be displayed page per page and will be assigned a one-digit list ID.

Command Example

Station /List

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST

LINK NAME	#SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE STATE	ADDRESS
SI2381	0	0		LEN CONTACTED	323810
T02720	0	0		LEN CONALS PND	40000050272008
S2385001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2376001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2370001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2369001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2182001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2181001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2368001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2187001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2180001	0	0		END CONALS PND	0000
S2379001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
LS22405I	0	0		END XID PND	00050807080701
S2374001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2186001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2185001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
LS2240A3	0	0		END XID PND	00030807080701
LS2240A2	0	0		END XID PND	00020807080701
ZYX00004	0	0		LEN CONTACTED	01000807080701
ZYX00001	0	0		LEN CONTACTED	01000807080701
@@7	0	21	SYSTSTAP.SR3	NET CONTACTED	40000030214408
SA2381	0	25	SYSTSTAP.SR3	NET CONTACTED	323810
TOSR32	0	24	SYSTSTAP.SR3	NET CONTACTED	40000030214408
TOMAE	0	21	SYSTSTAP.MAERS6	NET CONTACTED	40000050249708
FRSR3	0	0		LRN NOT ACTIVE	00200000010864
P3970012	0	0		LRN NOT ACTIVE	11001400
P3970011	0	0		LRN NOT ACTIVE	11001400
P3970010	0	0		LRN NOT ACTIVE	0010

LISTID = 8, PAGE = 1 OF 8

Date of the list = 06-20-2000 11:36:11

End of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST

Retrieve a Page of Stations List with Listid

Syntax

```
➡—STATION /LIST /LISTID=—listid, PAGE=pagenum—➡
```

Use this command to retrieve the contents of a page of a stations list that spans multiple pages and, therefore, is identified by a *listid*. This multiple-page stations list can be the result of a **STATION /LIST** command or of a **STATION /LIST /NAME** command.

The NetView RUNCMD repetition is under the responsibility of the NetView operator or the automation program. The last list returned contains the following last record.

Command Example

station /list /listid=8, page=8

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST /LISTID=8

LINK NAME	#SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE	STATE	ADDRESS
P3970009	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0009
P3970008	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0008
P3970007	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0007
P3970006	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0006
P3970005	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0005
P3970004	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0004
P3970003	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0003
P3970002	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0002
P3970001	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0001
ST239802	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	00110000010464
ST239801	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	00100000010464
SPMOSSE	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	40000050111104

LISTID = 8, PAGE = 8 OF 8

Date of the list = 06-20-2000 11:36:48

End of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST /LISTID=8

List Stations by Status

Syntax

►►STATION /LIST /STATUS=—*stationstatus*►►

stationstatus Possible values are:

not_active
conals_pnd
xid_pnd
contactpnd
contacted
disc_pnd

This command returns the list of the stations with the status *stationstatus*. If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

station /list /status=not_active

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST /STATUS=NOT_ACTIVE

LINK NAME	#SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE	STATE	ADDRESS
FRSR3	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	00200000010864
P3970001	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0001
P3970002	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0002
ST239802	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	00110000010464
P3970003	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0003
P3970004	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0004
P3970005	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0005
P3970006	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0006
P3970007	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0007
P3970008	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0008
P3970009	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0009
P3970010	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0010
P3970011	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	11001400
P3970012	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	11001400
S2180001	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0000
S2379001	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	0000
SPMOSSE	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	40000050111104
ST239801	0	0		LRN	NOT ACTIVE	00100000010464

End of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST /STATUS=NOT_ACTIVE

List Stations by Wildcard Name

Syntax

```
➡ STATION /LIST /NAME=wildcard ⬅
```

This command returns the list of the stations matching the link name *wildcard*. The string entered for *wildcard* must be one of the following:

- * (this is equivalent to a **STATIONS /LIST** command)
- *xyz*
- xyz*
- *xyz
- xyz

where xyz is any character.

If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

```
station /list /name=s*
```

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=S*

LINK NAME	#SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE STATE	ADDRESS
SI2381	0	0		LEN CONTACTED	323810
S2385001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2376001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2370001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2369001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2182001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2181001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2368001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2187001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2180001	0	0		END CONALS PND	0000
S2379001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2374001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2186001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
S2185001	0	0		END XID PND	0000
SA2381	0	25	SYSTSTAP.SR3	NET CONTACTED	323810

End of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=S*

List Stations by Partner Name

Syntax

►►—STATION /LIST /PARTNER=—*partnername*—**►►**

This command returns the list of the stations with the partner name *partnername*. If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

station /list /partnername=syststap.sr3

Command Result

```
| Start of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST /PARTNERNAME=SYSTSTAP.SR3

LINK NAME #SE  TG  PARTNER NAME      TYPE STATE      ADDRESS
@@7         0   21  SYSTSTAP.SR3      NET CONTACTED  40000030214408
SA2381      0   25  SYSTSTAP.SR3      NET CONTACTED  323810
TOSR32      0   24  SYSTSTAP.SR3      NET CONTACTED  40000030214408

| End of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST /PARTNERNAME=SYSTSTAP.SR3
```

List Stations by Port Name

Syntax

`➤—STATION /LIST /PORTNAME=—portname—➤`

This command returns the list of the stations defined with the port name *portname*. If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

station /list /portname=SA2381

Command Result

```
| Start of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST /PORTNAME=SA2381

LINK NAME #SE   TG  PARTNER NAME          TYPE STATE      ADDRESS
SA2381      0   25                NET CONTACTED  323810

| End of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /LIST /PORTNAME=SA2381
```

Display the Details View for a Given Station Name

Syntax

▶▶—STATION /DETAILS /NAME=—*linkname*—◀◀

linkname This can take be one of the station name value returned in the list of stations.

This command returns the details view of the station name *linkname*. If the station *linkname* is not found or is omitted, the string THE STATION *linkname* IS UNKNOWN is returned.

Command Example

station /details /name=st239801

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /DETAILS /NAME=ST239801

Link Name	ST239801
Adjacent node CP name	
Adjacent node type	Learn
DLC Name	FR
Port Name	FR2398
CP-CP session support	Yes
Preferred NN server	No
Auto-activate link	Yes
Transmission group number	0
Limited resource	NO
Solicit SSCP	No
Init self	No
BIND support	Yes
Link station role	Negotiable
Line type	SAF
HPR Support	No
Effective capacity	19200 bits per second
Cost per connect time	0
Cost per byte	0
Propagation delay	0.00 seconds (minimum)
User defined parameter 1	0
User defined parameter 2	0
User defined parameter 3	0
Security	Nonsecure

End of Output -BS4NMVT | STATION /DETAILS /NAME=ST239801

Activate All Stations

Syntax

▶▶—STATION /ACT /ALL—▶▶

This command requests the activation of all stations.

You can verify the completion of the command by issuing a **STATION /LIST** command.

Command Example

station /act /all

Command Result

Start of Output ↵BS8NMVT | STATION /ACT /ALL

STATION /ACT /ALL COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output ↵BS8NMVT |STATION /ACT /ALL

Activate a Given Station by Name

Syntax

►►—STATION /ACT /NAME=—*linkname*—◄◄

linkname This can take one of the station name value returned in the list of stations.

This command request the activation of the station *linkname*.

If *linkname* is not found, the string STATION NAME *linkname* IS UNKNOWN is returned.

If *linkname* is omitted, the string STATION NAME NOT SPECIFIED is returned.

Command Example

1. A STATION /LIST is issued to verify that a station is in the NOT_ACTIVE state.
2. A STATION /ACT is issued towards this station to activate it.
3. A STATION /LIST is issued again to verify that the station has switched to the CONTACTED state.

STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

LINK NAME	£SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE STATE	ADDRESS
ST2144T	0	0		LRN NOT_ACTIVE	40000079214408

Nb items of whole list = 1

End of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

STATION /ACT /NAME=ST2144T

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /ACT /NAME=ST2144T

STATION /ACT /NAME=ST2144T COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /ACT /NAME=ST2144T

STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

LINK NAME	£SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE STATE	ADDRESS
ST2144T	0	13	SYSTSTAP.BS12	NET CONTACTED	40000079214408

Nb items of whole list = 1

End of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

Activate a List of Stations by Name

Syntax

```
►►STATION /ACT /NAME=—linkname1, linkname2, ..., linknamen►►
```

linknamex This can take one of the station name value returned in the list of stations.

This command requests the activation of the list of stations with the names *linkname1*, *linkname2*, ..., *linknamen*.

If a linkname is not found, the string STATION *linknamex* IS UNKNOWN is returned.

Command Example

1. A STATION /LIST is issued to list stations in the NOT_ACTIVE state.
2. A STATION /ACT is issued towards a list of stations to activate them.
3. A STATION /LIST is issued again to verify that the stations have switched to the CONTACTED state.

STATION /LIST /STATUS=NOT_ACTIVE

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /STATUS=NOT_ACTIVE

LINK NAME	£SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE STATE	ADDRESS
PU0F	0	0		LRN NOT_ACTIVE	0000
PU10	0	0		LRN NOT_ACTIVE	0000
PU11	0	0		LRN NOT_ACTIVE	0000
.					
.					
S219006	0	0		LRN NOT_ACTIVE	0000
TOPS10	0	0		LRN NOT_ACTIVE	00210000010464

Nb items of whole list = 50

End of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /STATUS=NOT_ACTIVE

STATION /ACT /NAME=PU0F,PU10,PU11

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /ACT /NAME=PU0F,PU10,PU11

STATION /ACT /NAME=PU0F,PU10,PU11 COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /ACT /NAME=PU0F,PU10,PU11

STATION /LIST /NAME=PU*

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=PU*

LINK NAME	£SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE STATE	ADDRESS
PU0F	0	13	SYSTSTAP.SU4	SET CONTACTED	0000
PU10	0	13	SYSTSTAP.BS12	SET CONTACTED	0000
PU0F	0	13	SYSTSTAP.BS4	SET CONTACTED	0000

Nb items of whole list = 3

End of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=PU*

Deactivate All Stations

Syntax

▶▶—STATION /DEACT /ALL—▶▶

This command requests the deactivation of all stations.

You can verify the completion of the command by issuing a **STATION /LIST** command

Command Example

station /deact /all

Command Result

Start of Output ↵BS8NMVT | STATION /DEACT /ALL

STATION /DEACT /ALL COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output ↵BS8NMVT |STATION /DEACT /ALL

Deactivate a Given Station by Name

Syntax

►►—STATION /DEACT /NAME=—*linkname*—◄◄

linkname This can take one of the station name value returned in the list of stations.

This command requests the deactivation of the station name *linkname*.

If *linkname* is not found, the string STATION *linkname* IS UNKNOWN is returned.

If *linkname* is omitted, the string STATION NAME NOT SPECIFIED is returned.

When the deactivation is complete, the string STATION *linkname* IS DEACTIVATED is returned.

Command Example

1. A STATION /LIST is issued to verify that a station is in the CONTACTED state.
2. A STATION /DEACT is issued towards this station to deactivate it.
3. A STATION /LIST is issued again to verify that the station has switched to the NOT_ACTIVE state.

STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

LINK NAME	£SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE STATE	ADDRESS
ST2144T	0	13	SYSTSTAP.BS12	NET CONTACTED	40000079214408

Nb items of whole list = 1

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

STATION /DEACT /NAME=ST2144T

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | STATION /DEACT /NAME=ST2144T

STATION /DEACT /NAME=ST2144T COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | STATION /DEACT /NAME=ST2144T

STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

Start of Output ~BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

LINK NAME	£SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE STATE	ADDRESS
ST2144T	0	0		LRN NOT_ACTIVE	40000079214408

Nb items of whole list = 1

End of Output ~BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=ST2144T

Deactivate a List of Stations by Name

Syntax

```
➡➡STATION /DEACT /NAME=—linkname1, linkname2, ..., linknamen—➡➡
```

linknamex This can take one of the station name value returned in the list of stations.

This command requests the deactivation of the list of stations with the names *linkname1*, *linkname2*, ..., *linknamen*.

If *linknamex* is not found, the string STATION *linknamex* IS UNKNOWN is returned.

Command Example

1. A STATION /LIST is issued to list stations in the CONTACTED state.
2. A STATION /DEACT is issued towards this list of stations to activate them.
3. A STATION /LIST is issued again to verify that the stations have switched to the NOT_ACTIVE state.

STATION /LIST /STATUS=NOT_ACTIVE

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=PU*

LINK NAME	£SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE STATE	ADDRESS
PU0F	0	13	SYSTSTAP.SU4	SET CONTACTED	0000
PU10	0	13	SYSTSTAP.BS12	SET CONTACTED	0000
PU0F	0	13	SYSTSTAP.BS4	SET CONTACTED	0000

Nb items of whole list = 3

End of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=PU*

STATION /DEACT /NAME=PU0F,PU10,PU11

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /DEACT /NAME=PU0F,PU10,PU11

STATION /DEACT /NAME=PU0F,PU10,PU11 COMMAND EXECUTED

End of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /DEACT /NAME=PU0F,PU10,PU11

STATION /LIST /NAME=PU*

Start of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=PU*

LINK NAME	£SE	TG	PARTNER NAME	TYPE STATE	ADDRESS
PU0F	0	0		LRN NOT_ACTIVE	0000
PU10	0	0		LRN NOT_ACTIVE	0000
PU11	0	0		LRN NOT_ACTIVE	0000

Nb items of whole list = 3

End of Output -BS8NMVT | STATION /LIST /NAME=PU*

List All Sessions

Syntax

```
➡➡SESSION /LIST➡➡
```

This command returns the list of all sessions similar to the one displayed by CCM.

If no session is found, the string NO SESSION is returned.

Command Example

session /list

Command Result

|

| Start of Output -ERS5NMVT| SESSION /LIST

LU	ALIAS	MODE	FQ PARTNER NAME and ALIAS	LINK	SPW	RPW	RU	Size	SessionId
ERS5	CPSVRMGR	SYSTSTAP.ICN23	@I044209	07F5D960TCID	10	9	512		X'C08F3086CF3C5210'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.DAVERS5	@I044060	07B564D0TCID	10	50	512		X'C46FCA62A41B4ADE'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BIGNETC5	@I207594	@@15	10	50	512		X'D27B69C056085E71'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BS12	@I044227	07D30960TCID	10	50	512		X'D46348EC40407070'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.CSC04502	@I044239	07D18690TCID	10	8	512		X'E0434B6BCC36F3CA'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BIGNNB5E	@I044340	@@14	10	50	512		X'E40B98293AC702DE'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BIGNNB5D	@I044277	@@13	10	50	512		X'E40B982A3AC702D0'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BIGNNB5C	@I044353	@@12	10	50	512		X'E40B982B3AC702C2'
	.								
	.								
	.								
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.CSC04502	@I044239	07D18690TCID	10	8	512		X'FFAFF05D7C256E71'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.ERS5NMVT	@I044193	SPMOSSE	10	8	512		X'FFAFF05D7C256F07'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.ERS7	@I121113	07F5CA80TCID	10	8	512		X'FFAFF05D7C2576B5'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BS12	@I044227	07D2F420TCID	10	8	512		X'FFAFF05D7C2584B2'
ERS5	CPSVRMGR	SYSTSTAP.ICN23	@I044209	07F5D960TCID	10	1	512		X'FFAFF05D7C25853C'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.NNSIS185	@I569982	FA04	10	8	512		X'FFAFF05D7C25855A'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BIGNNB5A	@I044332	@@10	10	8	512		X'FFAFF05D7C25A545'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BIGNNB5B	@I044302	@@11	10	8	512		X'FFAFF05D7C25A546'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BIGNNB5C	@I044353	@@12	10	8	512		X'FFAFF05D7C25A547'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BIGNNB5D	@I044277	@@13	10	8	512		X'FFAFF05D7C25A548'
ERS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.BIGNNB5E	@I044340	@@14	10	8	512		X'FFAFF05D7C25A54D'
ERS5	CPSVRMGR	SYSTSTAP.NNSIS185	@I569982	07F5D520TCID	10	1	512		X'FFAFF05D7C25A54F'

Nb items of whole list = 56

| End of Output -ERS5NMVT| SESSION /LIST

|

Note: The output list items are sorted in alphabetical order using the SessionID field.

|

Summary List of Sessions

Syntax

```
➤➤—SESSION /SUMMARY—➤➤
```

This command returns a summary list of sessions consisting of one line per LU alias indicating the number of sessions for that LU alias. If you need to obtain a detailed view of the sessions for a particular LU alias, use the **SESSION /LIST /LUALIAS** command (see page 5-42).

Command Example

session /summary

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | SESSION /SUMMARY

LU ALIAS	SESSION COUNT
BS5	2
BS6	2

End of Output -BS4NMVT | SESSION /SUMMARY

Retrieve a Page of Sessions List with Listid

Syntax

```
►►—SESSION /LIST /LISTID=—listid,—PAGE=—pagenum—◄◄
```

Use this command to retrieve the contents of a page of a sessions list that spans multiple pages and, therefore, is identified by a *listid*. This multiple-page sessions list can be the result of a **SESSION /LIST** command.

Command Example

This **SESSION /LIST** command output spans over 5 pages, and a list identification of “6” has been assigned to the command output. A **SESSION /LIST /LISTID=6**, **PAGE=5** is issued to display the last page of the session list output.

Command Result

SESSION /LIST

Start of Output ~ERS3NMVT| SESSION /LIST

LU	ALIAS	MODE	FQ PARTNER NAME and ALIAS	LINK	SPW	RPW	RU	Size	SessionId
ERS3		CPSVRMG	SYSTSTAP.ICN23	âI492309	FRERS5	10	33	512	X'C08F3086C75F6A1C'
ERS3		CPSVRMG	SYSTSTAP.ICN13	âI492303	FRERS5	10	9	512	X'C08F3416CA695F31'
ERS3		CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.E158917	âI322669	ââ2608	10	9	512	X'C70F2241BE29BBD0'
.									
ERS3		CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.E158808	âI678956	ââ2311	10	50	512	X'C80F3145BF2AC930'
ERS3		CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.E158818	âI679807	ââ2360	10	50	512	X'C80F3147BF29C993'
ERS3		CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.E158808	âI678941	ââ2310	10	50	512	X'C80F3147BF2AC92F'

LISTID = 6 ,PAGE = 1 OF 5
Nb items of whole list = 1008
Date of the list = 06-22-2000 10:44:15

End of Output ~ERS3NMVT| SESSION /LIST

SESSION /LIST /LISTID=6,PAGE=5

Start of Output ~ERS3NMVT| SESSION /LIST /LISTID=6,PAGE=5

LU	ALIAS	MODE	FQ PARTNER NAME and ALIAS	LINK	SPW	RPW	RU	Size	SessionId
ERS3		CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.E158924	âI323370	ââ2640	10	8	512	X'FFAFF77D82A85251'
ERS3		CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.E158924	âI323396	ââ2641	10	8	512	X'FFAFF77D82A85252'
ERS3		CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.E158924	âI323418	ââ2642	10	8	512	X'FFAFF77D82A85253'
ERS3		CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.E158924	âI323440	ââ2643	10	8	512	X'FFAFF77D82A85254'
ERS3		CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.E158925	âI323462	ââ2644	10	8	512	X'FFAFF77D82A85255'
ERS3		CPSVCMG	SYSTSTAP.ERS5	âI492404	FRERS5	10	8	512	X'FFAFF77D82AA9FA7'
ERERS3		CPSVRMG	SYSTSP.ICN13	âI492303	FRERS5	10	1	512	X'FFAFF77D82AA9FA8'
ERS3		CPSVRMG	SYSTSTAP.ICN23	âI492309	FRERS5	10	1	512	X'FFAFF77D82AAA06F'

Nb items of whole list = 1008
Date of the list = 06-22-2000 10:44:15

End of Output ~ERS3NMVT| SESSION /LIST /LISTID=6,PAGE=5

Note: The session IDs are given in alphabetical order.

List Sessions by LU Alias Name

Syntax

```
➤➤—SESSION /LIST /LUALIAS=—aliasname—➤➤
```

This command returns the list of all sessions with the LU alias name *lualias*.

If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

session /list /lualias=BS5

Command Result

| Start of Output ~BS4NMVT | SESSION /LIST /LUALIAS=BS5

LU ALIAS	MODE	FQ PARTNER NAME and ALIAS	LINK	SPW	RPW	RU Size	SessionId
BS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTST.BS6 @I070422	0A1A1AD8	2	16	512	X'D493172E7FEC5A2E'
BS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTST.BS6 @I070422	0A1A3E40	2	8	512	X'D49FA72E64936455'
BS5	CPSVRMGR	SYSTST.CDRM11 @I070490	0A35E090	2	1	512	X'D49FA72E64937AC3'
BS5	CPSVRMGR	SYSTST.CDRM11 @I070490	0A35E090	2	42	512	X'EA5F3DE7945AF875'

| End of Output ~BS4NMVT | SESSION /LIST /LUALIAS=BS5

Note: The session IDs are given in alphabetical order.

List Sessions by Mode Name

Syntax

```
▶▶—SESSION /LIST /MODE=—modename—▶▶
```

This command returns the list of all sessions with the mode name *modename*.

If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

session /list /mode=CPSVCMG

Command Result

| Start of Output ~BS4NMVT | SESSION /LIST /MODE=CPSVMG

LU	ALIAS	MODE	FQ PARTNER NAME and ALIAS	LINK	SPW	RPW	RU	Size	SessionId
BS5		CPSVCMG	SYSTST.BS6 @I070422	0A1A1AD8	2	16		512	X'D493172E7FEC5A2E'
BS5		CPSVCMG	SYSTST.BS6 @I070422	0A1A3E40	2	8		512	X'D49FA72E64936455'

| End of Output ~BS4NMVT | SESSION /LIST /MODE=CPSVMG

Note: The session IDs are given in alphabetical order.

List Sessions by Partners Name and Alias Name

Syntax

```
▶▶—SESSION /LIST /PARTNER=—partnername,—ALIAS=—aliasname—◀◀
```

This command returns the list of all sessions with the partner name *partner* and the alias name *aliasname*.

If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

session /list /partner=SYSTST.BS6, alias=EI070422

Command Result

| Start of Output ~BS4NMVT | SESSION /LIST /PARTNER=SYSTST.BS6

LU	ALIAS	MODE	FQ PARTNER NAME and ALIAS	LINK	SPW	RPW	RU	Size	SessionId
BS5		CPSVCMG	SYSTST.BS6 @I070422	0A1A1AD8	2	16	512		X'D493172E7FEC5A2E'
BS5		CPSVCMG	SYSTST.BS6 @I070422	0A1A3E40	2	8	512		X'D49FA72E64936455'

| End of Output ~BS4NMVT | SESSION /LIST /PARTNER=SYSTST.BS6

Note: The session IDs are given in alphabetical order.

List Sessions by Station Name

Syntax

▶▶—SESSION /LIST /STATION=—*linkname*—▶▶

This command returns the list of all sessions with the station name *linkname*.

If there is no resource found, the string THE RESOURCES LIST IS EMPTY is returned.

Command Example

session /list /station=0A1A3E40

Command Result

| Start of Output ~BS4NMVT | SESSION /LIST /STATION=0A1A3E40

LU ALIAS	MODE	FQ PARTNER NAME and ALIAS	LINK	SPW	RPW	RU Size	SessionId
BS5	CPSVCMG	SYSTST.BS6 @I070422	0A1A3E40	2	8	512	X'D49FA72E64936455'

| End of Output ~BS4NMVT | SESSION /LIST /STATION=0A1A3E40

Note: The session IDs are given in alphabetical order.

Display the Details View for a Given Session ID

Syntax

```
➡➡—SESSION /DETAILS /SESSIONID=—sessionid—➡➡
```

This command returns the details view of the session with sessionid name *sessionid*.

If the *sessionid* is not found, the string THE SESSION *sessionid* IS UNKNOWN is returned.

Command Example

session /details /sessionid=D49FA72E64938D51

Note: The session id can be entered in lowercase or uppercase letters but without a prefix X and quotes.

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | SESSION /DETAILS /SESSIONID=D49FA72E64938D51

Session ID	X'D49FA72E64938D51'
Conversation ID	X'00000000'
LU alias	BS5
Partner LU alias	@I080922
Mode name	CPSVCMG
Send maximum RU size	512
Receive maximum RU size	512
Send pacing window	2
Receive pacing window	8
Link name	0A19BF68TCID
Outbound destination address (DAF)	X'00'
Outbound origin address (OAF)	X'01'
OAF-DAF assignor indicator (ODAI)	B'32'
Session type	LU-LU session
Connection type	Peer
Procedure correlator ID (PCID)	X'2EA79FD4518D9364'
PCID generator CP name	SYSTST.BS5
Conversation group ID	X'DE180537'
LU name	SYSTST.BS5
Partner LU name	SYSTST.BS6
Pacing type	Adaptive

End of Output -BS4NMVT | SESSION /DETAILS /SESSIONID=D49FA72E64938D51

Network Topology Display

Syntax

➡—APPN /TOPOLOGY—➡

This command returns network node topology information.

Command Example

appn /topology

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /TOPOLOGY

```
1> Network node CP name          SYSTSTAP.CDRM10
   Route additional resistance    128
   Congested?                    No
   Quiescing?                    No
   ISR depleted                  No
   Cent Direct Support           No
1.1> TG partner CP name          SYSTSTAP.RT830
    Transmission group number    21
    TG partner node type         Real
    Quiescing?                   No
    Topology                     Network
    Effective capacity           31.95 Megabits per second
    Cost per connect time        0
    Cost per byte                0
    Propagation delay            384.00 microseconds (lan)
    User defined parameter 1     128
    User defined parameter 2     128
    User defined parameter 3     128
    Security                     Nonsecure

2> Network node CP name          SYSTSTAP.CDRM11
   Route additional resistance    128
   Congested?                    No
   Quiescing?                    No
   ISR depleted                  No
   Cent Direct Support           No
2.1> TG partner CP name          SYSTSTAP.SR3
    Transmission group number    21
    TG partner node type         Real
    Quiescing?                   No
    Topology                     Network
    Effective capacity           31.95 Megabits per second
    Cost per connect time        0
    Cost per byte                0
    Propagation delay            384.00 microseconds (lan)
    User defined parameter 1     128
    User defined parameter 2     128
    User defined parameter 3     128
    Security                     Nonsecure
```

```

3> Network node CP name          SYSTSTAP.MAERS6
Route additional resistance      128
Congested?                      No
Quiescing?                      No
ISR depleted                    No
Cent Direct Support             No
3.1> TG partner CP name          SYSTSTAP.SR3
Transmission group number       21
TG partner node type            Real
Quiescing?                     No
Topology                        Network
Effective capacity              15.97 Megabits per second
Cost per connect time           0
Cost per byte                   0
Propagation delay               384.00 microseconds (1an)
User defined parameter 1        128
User defined parameter 2        128
User defined parameter 3        128
Security                        Nonsecure

5> Network node CP name          SYSTSTAP.RT830
Route additional resistance      128
Congested?                      No
Quiescing?                      No
ISR depleted                    No
Cent Direct Support             No
5.4> TG partner CP name          SYSTSTAP.MAERS6
Transmission group number       21
TG partner node type            Real
Quiescing?                     No
Topology                        Network
Effective capacity              15.97 Megabits per second
Cost per connect time           0
Cost per byte                   0
Propagation delay               384.00 microseconds (1an)
User defined parameter 1        0
User defined parameter 2        0
User defined parameter 3        0
Security                        Nonsecure

5.1> TG partner CP name          SYSTSTAP.SR3
Transmission group number       21
TG partner node type            Real
Quiescing?                     No
Topology                        Network
Effective capacity              15.97 Megabits per second
Cost per connect time           0
Cost per byte                   0
Propagation delay               384.00 microseconds (1an)
User defined parameter 1        0
User defined parameter 2        0
User defined parameter 3        0
Security                        Nonsecure

5.2> TG partner CP name          SYSTSTAP.SR3
Transmission group number       24
TG partner node type            Real

```

Quiescing?	No
Topology	Network
Effective capacity	15.97 Megabits per second
Cost per connect time	0
Cost per byte	0
Propagation delay	384.00 microseconds (lan)
User defined parameter 1	0
User defined parameter 2	0
User defined parameter 3	0
Security	Nonsecure

5.3> TG partner CP name	SYSTSTAP.SR3
Transmission group number	25
TG partner node type	Real
Quiescing?	No
Topology	Network
Effective capacity	249.60 Kilobits per second
Cost per connect time	0
Cost per byte	64
Propagation delay	147.46 milliseconds (packet switched network)
User defined parameter 1	0
User defined parameter 2	0
User defined parameter 3	0
Security	Public switched network

LISTID = 7, PAGE = 1 OF 7

Date of the list = 06-20-2000 11:36:11

End of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /TOPOLOGY

Summary List of the Network Topology

Syntax

▶▶—APPN /TOPOLOGY /SUMMARY—▶▶

This command returns a summary list of the network topology, consisting of one line per network node indicating the name of the network node control point. If you want to obtain the detailed view of the topology information for a particular network node, use the **APPN /TOPOLOGY /NN** command (see page 5-53).

Command Example

appn /topology /summary

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /TOPOLOGY /SUMMARY

1> Network node CP name	SYSTSTAP.CDRM10
2> Network node CP name	SYSTSTAP.CDRM11
3> Network node CP name	SYSTSTAP.MAERS6

End of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /TOPOLOGY /SUMMARY

Retrieve a Page of Network Topology Display with Listid

Syntax

►►—APPN /TOPOLOGY /LISTID=*listid*,—PAGE=*pagenum*—◄◄

Use this command to retrieve the contents of a page of an APPN topology information list that spans multiple pages and, therefore, is identified by a *listid*. This multiple-page APPN topology information list can be the result of an **APPN /TOPOLOGY** command or an **APPN /TOPOLOGY /SUMMARY** command. The NetView RUNCMD repetition is under the responsibility of the NetView operator or the automation program. The last list returned contains the following last record.

Command Example

appn /topology /listid=7 , page=7

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /TOPOLOGY /LISTID=7, PAGE=7

```
4> Network node CP name          SYSTSTAP.SR3
   Route additional resistance    128
   Congested?                    No
   Quiescing?                    No
   ISR depleted                  No
   Cent Direct Support           No
4.3> TG partner CP name          SYSTSTAP.RT830
   Transmission group number     21
   TG partner node type          Real
   Quiescing?                    No
   Topology                      Network
   Effective capacity            15.97 Megabits per second
   Cost per connect time         0
   Cost per byte                 0
   Propagation delay             0.00 seconds (minimum)
   User defined parameter 1      0
   User defined parameter 2      0
   User defined parameter 3      0
   Security                      Nonsecure

4.1> TG partner CP name          SYSTSTAP.RT830
   Transmission group number     34
   TG partner node type          Real
   Quiescing?                    No
   Topology                      Network
   Effective capacity            15.97 Megabits per second
   Cost per connect time         0
   Cost per byte                 0
   Propagation delay             384.00 microseconds (lan)
   User defined parameter 1      0
   User defined parameter 2      0
   User defined parameter 3      0
   Security                      Nonsecure
```

4.2> TG partner CP name	SYSTSTAP.RT830
Transmission group number	35
TG partner node type	Real
Quiescing?	No
Topology	Network
Effective capacity	249.60 Kilobits per second
Cost per connect time	0
Cost per byte	64
Propagation delay	147.46 milliseconds (packet switched network)
User defined parameter 1	0
User defined parameter 2	0
User defined parameter 3	0
Security	Public switched network

LISTID = 7, PAGE = 7 OF 7

Date of the list = 06-20-2000 11:36:11

End of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /TOPOLOGY /LISTID=7, PAGE=7

List Topology Data of an APPN Network Node

Syntax

```
➤—APPN /TOPOLOGY /NN=—cpname—➤
```

This command returns the topology data that pertain to the network node *cpname*.

Command Example

```
appn /topology /nn=syststap.cdrm10
```

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /TOPOLOGY /NN=SYSTSTAP.CDRMR10

```
1> Network node CP name          SYSTSTAP.CDRMR10
   Route additional resistance    128
   Congested?                    No
   Quiescing?                    No
   ISR depleted                  No
   Cent Direct Support           No
1.1> TG partner CP name          SYSTSTAP.RT830
    Transmission group number    21
    TG partner node type         Real
    Quiescing?                   No
    Topology                     Network
    Effective capacity           31.95 Megabits per second
    Cost per connect time        0
    Cost per byte                0
    Propagation delay            384.00 microseconds (1an)
    User defined parameter 1     128
    User defined parameter 2     128
    User defined parameter 3     128
    Security                     Nonsecure
```

End of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /TOPOLOGY /NN=SYSTSTAP.CDRMR10

Node Information Display

Syntax

▶▶—APPN /NETNODE—▶▶

This command returns the network node information.

Command Example

appn /netnode

Command Result

```
|      Start of Output ¬BS4NMVT | APPN /NETNODE

Route additional resistance      128
Maximum directory cache entries 255
Current directory cache entries  2
Directory save interval         20

|      End of Output ¬BS4NMVT | APPN /NETNODE
```

Directory Information Display

Syntax

➡—APPN /DIR—➡

This command returns the directory information.

Command Example

appn /dir

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /DIR

```
1> Network node CP name          SYSTSTAP.RT830
Number of associated LUs          65
 LU name          Owning CP name          LU entry type
1.1> SYSTSTAP.EN06FR05 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR05 Register
1.1> SYSTSTAP.EN06FR05 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR05 Register
1.2> SYSTSTAP.LU06FR05 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR05 Register
1.3> SYSTSTAP.EN06FR04 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR04 Register
1.4> SYSTSTAP.LU06FR04 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR04 Register
1.5> SYSTSTAP.EN06FR03 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR03 Register
1.6> SYSTSTAP.LU06FR03 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR03 Register
1.7> SYSTSTAP.EN06FR01 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR01 Register
1.8> SYSTSTAP.LU06FR01 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR01 Register
1.9> SYSTSTAP.EN06FR02 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR02 Register
1.10> SYSTSTAP.LU06FR02 SYSTSTAP.EN06FR02 Register
1.11> SYSTSTAP.EN191028 SYSTSTAP.EN191028 Register
1.12> SYSTSTAP.LU191028 SYSTSTAP.EN191028 Register
1.13> SYSTSTAP.EN191026 SYSTSTAP.EN191026 Register
1.14> SYSTSTAP.LU191026 SYSTSTAP.EN191026 Register
1.15> SYSTSTAP.EN191024 SYSTSTAP.EN191024 Register
1.16> SYSTSTAP.LU191024 SYSTSTAP.EN191024 Register
1.17> SYSTSTAP.EN191022 SYSTSTAP.EN191022 Register
1.18> SYSTSTAP.LU191022 SYSTSTAP.EN191022 Register
1.19> SYSTSTAP.EN191020 SYSTSTAP.EN191020 Register
1.20> SYSTSTAP.LU191020 SYSTSTAP.EN191020 Register
1.21> SYSTSTAP.EN191018 SYSTSTAP.EN191018 Register
1.22> SYSTSTAP.LU191018 SYSTSTAP.EN191018 Register
1.23> SYSTSTAP.EN191016 SYSTSTAP.EN191016 Register
1.24> SYSTSTAP.LU191016 SYSTSTAP.EN191016 Register
1.25> SYSTSTAP.EN191014 SYSTSTAP.EN191014 Register
1.26> SYSTSTAP.LU191014 SYSTSTAP.EN191014 Register
1.27> SYSTSTAP.EN191012 SYSTSTAP.EN191012 Register
1.28> SYSTSTAP.LU191012 SYSTSTAP.EN191012 Register
1.29> SYSTSTAP.EN191010 SYSTSTAP.EN191010 Register
1.30> SYSTSTAP.LU191010 SYSTSTAP.EN191010 Register
1.31> SYSTSTAP.EN191008 SYSTSTAP.EN191008 Register
1.32> SYSTSTAP.LU191008 SYSTSTAP.EN191008 Register
1.33> SYSTSTAP.EN191006 SYSTSTAP.EN191006 Register
1.34> SYSTSTAP.LU191006 SYSTSTAP.EN191006 Register
1.35> SYSTSTAP.EN191004 SYSTSTAP.EN191004 Register
```

1.36>	SYSTSTAP.LU191004	SYSTSTAP.EN191004	Register
1.37>	SYSTSTAP.EN191002	SYSTSTAP.EN191002	Register
1.38>	SYSTSTAP.LU191002	SYSTSTAP.EN191002	Register
1.39>	SYSTSTAP.EN237400	SYSTSTAP.EN237400	Register
1.40>	SYSTSTAP.LU237400	SYSTSTAP.EN237400	Register
1.41>	SYSTSTAP.EN218000	SYSTSTAP.EN218000	Register
1.42>	SYSTSTAP.LU218000	SYSTSTAP.EN218000	Register
1.43>	SYSTSTAP.EN237900	SYSTSTAP.EN237900	Register
1.44>	SYSTSTAP.LU237900	SYSTSTAP.EN237900	Register
1.45>	SYSTSTAP.EN237600	SYSTSTAP.EN237600	Register
1.46>	SYSTSTAP.LU237600	SYSTSTAP.EN237600	Register
1.47>	SYSTSTAP.EN238500	SYSTSTAP.EN238500	Register
1.48>	SYSTSTAP.LU238500	SYSTSTAP.EN238500	Register
1.49>	SYSTSTAP.EN218600	SYSTSTAP.EN218600	Register
1.50>	SYSTSTAP.LU218600	SYSTSTAP.EN218600	Register
1.51>	SYSTSTAP.EN218500	SYSTSTAP.EN218500	Register
1.52>	SYSTSTAP.LU218500	SYSTSTAP.EN218500	Register
1.53>	SYSTSTAP.EN236900	SYSTSTAP.EN236900	Register
1.54>	SYSTSTAP.LU236900	SYSTSTAP.EN236900	Register
1.55>	SYSTSTAP.EN236800	SYSTSTAP.EN236800	Register
1.56>	SYSTSTAP.LU236800	SYSTSTAP.EN236800	Register
1.57>	SYSTSTAP.EN237000	SYSTSTAP.EN237000	Register
1.58>	SYSTSTAP.LU237000	SYSTSTAP.EN237000	Register
1.59>	SYSTSTAP.EN218700	SYSTSTAP.EN218700	Register
1.60>	SYSTSTAP.LU218700	SYSTSTAP.EN218700	Register
1.61>	SYSTSTAP.EN218100	SYSTSTAP.EN218100	Register
1.62>	SYSTSTAP.LU218100	SYSTSTAP.EN218100	Register
1.63>	SYSTSTAP.EN218200	SYSTSTAP.EN218200	Register
1.64>	SYSTSTAP.LU218200	SYSTSTAP.EN218200	Register
1.65>	SYSTSTAP.RT830	SYSTSTAP.RT830	Home
2>	Network node CP name	SYSTSTAP.CDRM10	
	Number of associated LUs	2	
	LU name	Owning CP name	LU entry type
2.1>	SYSTSTAP.L10REP02	SYSTSTAP.CDRM10	Cache
2.1>	SYSTSTAP.L10REP02	SYSTSTAP.CDRM10	Cache
2.2>	SYSTSTAP.CNM10	SYSTSTAP.CDRM10	Cache

End of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /DIR

Summary of APPN Network Node Directory

Syntax

➡➡—APPN /DIR /SUMMARY—➡➡

This command returns a summary list of the network node directory consisting of one line per network node, indicating the number of associated LUs. If you want to display the detailed view of the directory information for a particular network node, use the **APPN /DIR /NN** command (see page 5-60).

Command Example

appn /dir /summary

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /DIR /SUMMARY

1> Network node CP name	SYSTSTAP.RT830	Number of associated LUs	65
2> Network node CP name	SYSTSTAP.CDRMR10	Number of associated LUs	2

End of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /DIR /SUMMARY

Retrieve a Page of Directory Information

Syntax

```
➤—APPN /DIR /LISTID=—listid,—PAGE=—pagenum—➤
```

Use this command to retrieve the contents of a page of an APPN directory information list that spans multiple pages and, therefore, is identified by a *listid*. This multiple-page APPN directory information list can be the result of an **APPN /DIR** command or an **APPN /DIR /SUMMARY** command.

Command Example

An **APPN /DIR** command output spans over 3 pages and a list identification of “0” is assigned to the command output. An **APPN /DIR /LISTID=0 PAGE=3** is issued to display the last page of the **APPN /DIR** command output.

Command Result

APPN /DIR

Start of Output ~ERS4NMVT| APPN /DIR

```
1> Network node CP name          SYSTSTAP.ERS4
Number of associated LUs          1129
    LU name          Owning CP name    LU entry type
    1.1> SYSTSTAP.EN2A8218 SYSTSTAP.NNDCS2 Register
    1.2> SYSTSTAP.EN2A8216 SYSTSTAP.NNDCS2 Register
    .
    .
    1.496> SYSTSTAP.E1289192 SYSTSTAP.NNDCS2 Register
    1.497> SYSTSTAP.LU289242 SYSTSTAP.NNDCS2 Register
LISTID = 0, PAGE = 1 OF 3
Date of the list = 06-05-2000 12:34:23
```

End of Output ~ERS4NMVT| APPN /DIR

APPN /DIR /LISTID=0,PAGE=3

Start of Output -ERS4NMVT| APPN /DIR /LISTID=0,PAGE=3

```
1.998> SYSTSTAP.EN288002 SYSTSTAP.NNDCS2 Register
1.999> SYSTSTAP.LU288004 SYSTSTAP.NNDCS2 Register
1.1000> SYSTSTAP.LU288002 SYSTSTAP.NNDCS2 Register
.
.
.
1.1128> SYSTSTAP.LUTEST1 SYSTSTAP.BIGNETA2 Home
1.1129> SYSTSTAP.ERS4 SYSTSTAP.ERS4 Home
2> Network node CP name SYSTSTAP.ICN13
Number of associated LUs 2
LU name Owning CP name LU entry type
2.1> SYSTSTAP.ICN13 SYSTSTAP.ICN13 Cache
2.2> SYSTSTAP.CNM13 SYSTSTAP.ICN13 Cache
3> Network node CP name SYSTSTAP.ERS5
Number of associated LUs 1
LU name Owning CP name LU entry type
3.1> SYSTSTAP.ERS5 SYSTSTAP.ERS5 Cache
4> Network node CP name SYSTSTAP.ICN23
Number of associated LUs 1
LU name Owning CP name LU entry type
4.1> SYSTSTAP.L23RESP SYSTSTAP.ICN23 Cache
LISTID = 0, PAGE = 3 OF 3
Date of the list = 06-05-2000 12:34:23
```

End of Output -ERS4NMVT| APPN /DIR /LISTID=0,PAGE=3

List the Directory Data for an APPN Network Node

Syntax

```
➤➤—APPN /DIR /NN=—cpname—➤➤
```

This command returns the directory data that pertains to the network node *cpname*.

Command Example

appn /dir /nn=syststap.cdrm10

Command Result

Start of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /DIR /NN=SYSTSTAP.CDMR10

```
2> Network node CP name          SYSTSTAP.CDRMR10
Number of associated LUs          2
  LU name          Owning CP name          LU entry type
  2.1> SYSTSTAP.L10REP02 SYSTSTAP.CDRMR10          Cache
  2.1> SYSTSTAP.L10REP02 SYSTSTAP.CDRMR10          Cache
  2.2> SYSTSTAP.CNM10    SYSTSTAP.CDRMR10          Cache
```

End of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /DIR /NN=SYSTSTAP.CDMR10

Connection Information Display

Syntax

▶▶—APPN /CONNECT—◀◀

This command returns the network connection information.

Command Example

appn /connect

Command Result

```
|      Start of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /CONNECT
|
|      Connection network definitions  0
|
|      End of Output -BS4NMVT | APPN /CONNECT
```

HPR Connection Information Display

Syntax

▶▶—APPN /HPR—◀◀

This command returns the HPR connection information.

Command Example

appn /hpr

Command Result

Start of Output ~BS4NMVT | APPN /HPR

TCID	Partner Name	COS	ISR#	Status	Port#
A197720	SYSTST.BS6	RSETUP.B	0	Active	NNP
A19BF68	SYSTST.BS6	CPSVCMGB	1	Active	NNP
A197BC0	SYSTST.BS6	CPSVCMGB	1	Active	NNP
FF6C7CF0	SYSTST.CDRM11	#CONNECT	0	Active	2112/2144

End of Output ~BS4NMVT | APPN /HPR

Display the APPN Connectivity Counters

Syntax

▶▶—APPN /CC—◀◀

This command displays the connectivity counters.

Command Example

appn /cc

Command Result

Start of Output ↵ERS4NMVT | APPN /CC

Total Counters:

Number of active PUs: 797

Number of active ISR: 1087

DLUR counters:

Number of active PUs: 502

Number of active SSCP_PU sessions: 1502

Number of active LU_LU sessions: 1083

End of Output ↵ERS4NMVT | APPN /CC

Appendix A. APPN Network Management Commands in NetView RUNCMD - Netview Procedures (REXX)

The RUNCMD command support in the 3746 service processor allows the user to issue network management commands to the service processor from the NetView NCCF console. In order to simplify the usage of the NetView RUNCMD in this particular case, a set of REXX procedures has been developed. Each procedure has a *mnemonic name* that indicates an *action* to be performed towards an *object* or a *set of objects* selected using a *criterion*.

Table A-1, Table A-2, and Table A-3 on page A-2 provide the naming conventions for objects, actions, and selection criteria, while Table A-4 on page A-3 displays the commands-to-procedures relationships.

Table A-1. Naming Conventions for Objects

Object	Code
APPN	APPN
Configuration	CO
NNP	NN
NNP Control Point (CP)	NNCP
Port	PO
Session	SE
Station	ST

Table A-2. Naming Conventions for Actions

Action	Code
Activate	AC
Deactivate	DE
Details	DT
Dump	D
List	LI
Restart	RE
Start	S
Status	ST
Summary	SUM
Stop	P

Table A-3. Naming Conventions for Selection Criteria	
Selection Criterion or Command Option	Code
LU Alias Name	LU
Mode Name	MO
Name	NA
Partner	PA
Station Link Name	ST

Installing and Using the Procedures Using the RUNCMD

All the REXX procedures listed in Table A-4 on page A-3 are available on the 3746 Service Processor (SP) in the file EULRUSMP.ZIP located in F:\SP_RW\.

Extract the REXX Procedures

1. Using DCAF or JAVA® remote console file transfer, extract the EULRUSMP.ZIP file.
2. Unzipping the file will produce a series of .txt files. There is one file per procedure (for instance, the appn.txt file corresponds to the APPN procedure) plus a file named **spnval.txt** which is a procedure invoked by every other procedure for 3746 service point name validity checking.

Upload the REXX Procedures Files to OS/390

The REXX procedures must be uploaded to an OS/390 Partitioned Dataset that will be concatenated to the definitions of your NetView DSICLD file. Use the "Send file option" of a 3270 emulator to transfer the procedure .txt files to OS/390 via a TSO userID.

Configure the Procedures to Your Environment

A service point name **spname** is passed to the **spnval** procedure for validation. Currently, the **spname** is a 3- to 4-character 3746 identification name that is appended to the string **nmvt** to form the PU name of the NetView Service Point. The **spnval** procedure uses an internal table (character string) to validate this 3746 identification and returns to the caller the Service Point PU name (for instance **bs8nmvt** for the **bs8** node). The contents of **spnval** can be adapted to the user's needs.

Table A-4 (Page 1 of 3). Commands-to-Procedures Relationships

Network Command	Procedure Name and parameters
NNP /STATUS	NNST <i>sname</i>
NNP /RESTART	NNRE <i>sname</i>
NNP /STARTTCP	NNCPS <i>sname</i>
NNP /STOPCP	NNCPP <i>sname</i>
NNP /STARTTCP	NNCPRE <i>sname</i>
NNP /ACTIVECP	NNCPAC <i>sname</i>
NNP /DUMPCP	NNCPD <i>sname</i>
CONF /LIST	COLI <i>sname</i>
CONF /ACTIVATE	COAC <i>sname configname</i>
PORT /LIST	POLI <i>sname</i>
PORT /LIST /STATUS= <i>portstatus</i>	POLI <i>sname portstatus</i> (see below)
PORT /LIST /DLC= <i>dlcname</i>	ACTIVATED / ACTIVATING / DEACTIVATED / DEACTIVATING / NOT_ACTIVE POLI <i>sname dlcname</i> (see below) TR_IP / FR_IP / FR / SDLC / PPP / IBMTNET / ESCON / ESCON_IP / X25
PORT /LIST /STATUS= <i>portstatus</i> /DLC= <i>dlcname</i>	POLI <i>sname portstatus dlcname</i>
PORT /LIST /NAME= <i>portname</i>	POLI <i>sname portname</i> (with or without wildcard)
PORT /LIST /NUMBER= <i>portnumber</i>	POLI <i>sname portnumber</i>
PORT /DETAILS /NAME= <i>portname</i>	PODT <i>sname portname</i>
PORT /DETAILS /NUMBER= <i>portnumber</i>	PODT <i>sname portnumber</i>
PORT /ACT /ALL	POAC <i>sname all</i>
PORT /ACT /NAME= <i>portname1</i> [, <i>portname2</i> ...]	POAC <i>sname portname1</i> [<i>portname2</i> [<i>portname3</i>]]
PORT /ACT /NUMBER= <i>portnumber1</i> [, <i>portnumber2</i> ...]	POAC <i>sname portnumber1</i> [<i>portnumber2</i> [<i>portnumber3</i>]]
PORT /DEACT /ALL	PODE <i>sname all</i>
PORT /DEACT /NAME= <i>portname1</i> [, <i>portname2</i> ...]	PODE <i>sname portname1</i> [<i>portname2</i> [<i>portname3</i>]]
PORT /DEACT /NUMBER= <i>portnumber1</i> [, <i>portnumber2</i> ...]	PODE <i>sname portnumber1</i> [<i>portnumber2</i> [<i>portnumber3</i>]]

Table A-4 (Page 2 of 3). Commands-to-Procedures Relationships

Network Command	Procedure Name and parameters
STATION /LIST	STLI spname
STATION /LIST /LISTID=listid, PAGE=pagenum	STLI spname listid pagenum
STATION /LIST /STATUS=stationstatus	STLI spname stationstatus (see below)
	NOT_ACTIVE / CONVALS_PND / XID_PND / CONTACTPND / CONTACTED / DISC_PND
STATION /LIST /NAME=linkname	STLINA spname linkname
STATION /LIST /LISTID=listid, PAGE=pagenum	STLINA spname listid pagenum
STATION /LIST /PARTNER=partnername	STLIPA spname partnername
STATION /LIST /PORTNAME=portname	STLIPO spname portname
STATION /DETAILS /NAME=linkname	STDT spname linkname
STATION /ACT /ALL	STAC spname all
STATION /ACT /NAME=linkname1 [,linkname2...]	STAC spname linkname1 [linkname2 [linkname3]]
STATION /DEACT /ALL	STDE spname all
STATION /DEACT /STATION=linkname1 [,linkname2...] [/F]	STDE spname linkname1 [linkname2 [linkname3]] [/F]
SESSION /LIST	SELI spname
SESSION /LIST /LISTID=listid, PAGE=pagenum	SELI spname listid pagenum
SESSION /SUMMARY	SESUM spname
SESSION /LIST /LUALIAS=lualiasname	SELILU spname lualiasname
SESSION /LIST /MODE=modename	SELIMO spname modename
SESSION /LIST /PARTNER=partnername, ALIAS=aliasname	SELIPA spname partnername aliasname
SESSION /LIST /STATION=linkname	SELIST spname linkname
SESSION /DETAILS /SESSIONID=sessionid	SEDT spname sessionid
APPN /TOPOLOGY	APPN spname t
APPN /TOPOLOGY /LISTID=listid, PAGE=pagenum	APPN spname t listid pagenum

Table A-4 (Page 3 of 3). Commands-to-Procedures Relationships

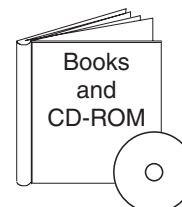
Network Command	Procedure Name and parameters
APPN /TOPOLOGY /SUMMARY	APPN <i>sname ts</i>
APPN /TOPOLOGY /NN= <i>cpname</i>	APPN <i>sname t cpname</i>
APPN /NETNODE	APPN <i>sname n</i>
APPN /DIR	APPN <i>sname d</i>
APPN /DIR / LISTID= <i>listid</i> , PAGE= <i>pagenum</i>	APPN <i>sname d listid pagenum</i>
APPN /DIR /SUMMARY	APPN <i>sname ds</i>
APPN /DIR /NN= <i>cpname</i>	APPN <i>sname d cpname</i>
APPN /CONNET	APPN <i>sname c</i>
APPN /HPR	APPN <i>sname h</i>
APPN /CC	APPN <i>sname cc</i>

Appendix B. Bibliographies

Customer Documentation for the 3745 (All Models), and 3746 (Model 900)

Table B-1 (Page 1 of 6). Customer Documentation for the 3745 Models X10 and X1A, and 3746 Model 900

This customer documentation has the following formats:



Finding Information

3745 Models A and 3746 Books

All of the books in the 3745 Models A and 3746 library are available on the CD-ROM that contains the Licensed Internal Code (LIC) for the machine.

Evaluating and Configuring



GA33-0092

IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models 210, 310, 410, and 610

Introduction

Gives an introduction of the IBM Models 210 to 610 capabilities.

For Models A, refer to the *Overview*, GA33-0180.



GA33-0180

IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A and 170² IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950

Overview

Gives an overview of connectivity capabilities within SNA, APPN, and IP networking.



GA27-4234

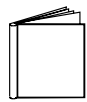
IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A² IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950

Planning Series: Overview, Installation, and Integration

Provides information for:

- Overall 3746 planning
- Installation and upgrade scenarios
- Controller and service processor network integration
- Related MOSS-E and CCM worksheets for these tasks.

Table B-1 (Page 2 of 6). Customer Documentation for the 3745 Models X10 and X1A, and 3746 Model 900



GA27-4235

IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A²
IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller
Models 900 and 950

Planning Series:
Serial Line Adapters

Provides information for:

- Serial line adapter descriptions
- Serial line adapter line weights and connectivity
- Types of SDLC support
- Configuring X.25 lines
- Performance tuning for frame-relay, PPP, X.25, and NCP lines.
- ISDN adapter description and configuration.



GA27-4236

IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A²
IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller
Models 900 and 950

Planning Series:
Token Ring and Ethernet

Provides information for:

- Token-ring adapter description and configuration
- Ethernet adapter description and configuration.



GA27-4237

IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A²
IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller
Models 900 and 950

Planning Series:
ESCON Channels

Provides information for:

- ESCON adapter descriptions
- ESCON configuration and tuning information
- ESCON configuration examples.



GA27-4238

IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A²
IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller
Models 900 and 950

Planning Series:
Physical Planning

Provides information for:

- 3746 and MAE physical planning details
- 3746 and MAE cable information
- Explanation of installation sheets
- 3746 plugging sheets.

Table B-1 (Page 3 of 6). Customer Documentation for the 3745 Models X10 and X1A, and 3746 Model 900

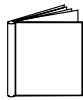
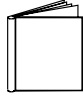
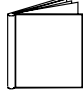

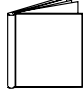
	GA27-4239	<p>IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A² IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950</p> <p>Planning Series: Management Planning</p> <p>Provides information for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Overview for 3746 • 3746 APPN/HPR, IP router, and X.25 • NetView Performance Monitor (NPM), remote consoles, and RSF • MAE APPN/HPR management.
	GA27-4240	<p>IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A² IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950</p> <p>Planning Series: Multiaccess Enclosure Planning</p> <p>Provides information for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MAE adapters details • MAE ESCON planning and configuration • ATM and ISDN support.
	GA27-4241	<p>IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A² IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950</p> <p>Planning Series: Protocols Description</p> <p>Provides information for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Overview and details about APPN/HPR and IP.
	On-line information	<p>IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A² IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950</p> <p>Planning Series: Controller Configuration and Management Worksheets</p> <p>Provides planning worksheets for ESCON, Multiaccess Enclosure, serial line, and token-ring definitions.</p>
Preparing Your Site		
	GC22-7064	<p>IBM System/360™, System/370™, 4300 Processor</p> <p>Input/Output Equipment Installation Manual-Physical Planning (Including Technical News Letter GN22-5490)</p> <p>Provides information for physical installation for the 3745 Models 130 to 610.</p> <p>For 3745 Models A and 3746 Model 900, refer to the <i>Planning Guide</i>, GA33-0457.</p>

Table B-1 (Page 4 of 6). Customer Documentation for the 3745 Models X10 and X1A, and 3746 Model 900

	GA33-0127	IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models 210, 310, 410, and 610 Preparing for Connection
		<p>Helps for preparing the 3745 Models 210 to 610 cable installation.</p> <p>For 3745 Models A refer to the <i>Connection and Integration Guide</i>, SA33-0129.</p>
Preparing for Operation		
	GA33-0400	IBM 3745 Communication Controller All Models³ IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950 Safety Information¹
		Provides general safety guidelines.
	SA33-0129	IBM 3745 Communication Controller All Models³ IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Model 900 Connection and Integration Guide¹
		Contains information for connecting hardware and integrating network of the 3745 and 3746-900 after installation.
	SA33-0416	Line Interface Coupler Type 5 and Type 6 Portable Keypad Display Migration and Integration Guide
		Contains information for moving and testing LIC types 5 and 6.
	SA33-0158	IBM 3745 Communication Controller All Models³ IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Model 900 Console Setup Guide¹
		<p>Provides information for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Installing local, alternate, or remote consoles for 3745 Models 130 to 610 • Configuring user workstations to remotely control the service processor for 3745 Models A and 3746 Model 900 using: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – DCAF program – Telnet Client program – Java Console support.
Customizing Your Control Program		
	SA33-0178	Guide to Timed IPL and Rename Load Module
		<p>Provides VTAM procedures for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scheduling an automatic reload of the 3745 • Getting 3745 load module changes transparent to the operations staff.
Operating and Testing		

Table B-1 (Page 5 of 6). Customer Documentation for the 3745 Models X10 and X1A, and 3746 Model 900








	SA33-0098	IBM 3745 Communication Controller All Models⁴ Basic Operations Guide¹ Provides instructions for daily routine operations on the 3745 Models 130 to 610.
	SA33-0177	IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A² IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Model 900 Basic Operations Guide¹ Provides instructions for daily routine operations on the 3745 Models 17A to 61A, and 3746 Model 900 operating as an SNA node (using NCP), APPN/HPR Network Node, and IP Router.
	SA33-0097	IBM 3745 Communication Controller All Models³ Advanced Operations Guide¹ Provides instructions for advanced operations and testing, using the 3745 MOSS console.
	On-line Information	Controller Configuration and Management Application Provides a graphical user interface for configuring and managing a 3746 APPN/HPR Network Node and IP Router, and its resources. It is also available as a stand-alone application, using an OS/2 workstation. Defines and explains all the 3746 Network Node and IP Router configuration parameters through its online help.
	SH11-3081	IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950 Controller Configuration and Management: User's Guide⁵ Explains how to use CCM and gives examples of the configuration process.
	GA33-0479	IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950 NetView Console APPN Command Reference Guide Explains how to use the RUN COMMAND from the NetView S/390 Program and gives examples.
Managing Problems		
	SA33-0096	IBM 3745 Communication Controller All Models³ Problem Determination Guide¹ A guide to perform problem determination on the 3745 Models 130 to 61A.

Table B-1 (Page 6 of 6). Customer Documentation for the 3745 Models X10 and X1A, and 3746 Model 900



On-line Information

Problem Analysis Guide

An online guide to analyze alarms, events, and control panel codes on:

- IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A²
- IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950.



SA33-0175

IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A²

IBM 3746 Expansion Unit Model 900

IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Model 950

Alert Reference Guide

Provides information about events or errors reported by alerts for:

- IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models A²
- IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Models 900 and 950.

¹ Documentation shipped with the 3745.




² 3745 Models 17A to 61A.

³ 3745 Models 130 to 61A.

⁴ Except 3745 Models A.

⁵ Documentation shipped with the 3746-900.

Additional Customer Documentation for the 3745 Models 130, 150, 160, 170, and 17A

Table B-2. Additional Customer Documentation for the 3745 Models 130 to 17A		
This customer documentation has the following format:		
		
Finding Information		
<p>3745 Models A and 3746 Books</p> <p>All of the books in the 3745 Models A and 3746 library are available on the CD-ROM that contains the Licensed Internal Code (LIC) for the machine.</p>		
Evaluating and Configuring		
	GA33-0138	<p>IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models 130, 150, 160, and 170</p> <p>Introduction</p> <p>Gives an introduction about the IBM Models 130 to 170 capabilities, including Model 160.</p> <p>For Model 17A refer to the <i>Overview</i>, GA33-0180.</p>
Preparing Your Site		
	GA33-0140	<p>IBM 3745 Communication Controller Models 130, 150, 160, and 170</p> <p>Preparing for Connection</p> <p>Helps for preparing the 3745 Models 130 to 170 cable installation.</p> <p>For 3745 Model 17A refer to the <i>Connection and Integration Guide</i>, SA33-0129.</p>
¹ Documentation shipped with the 3745.		

Additional Customer Documentation for the 3746 Model 950

Table B-3. Additional Customer Documentation for the 3746 Model 950

This customer documentation has the following format:

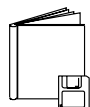


Finding Information

3745 Models A and 3746 Books

All of the books in the 3745 Models A and 3746 library are available on the CD-ROM that contains the Licensed Internal Code (LIC) for the machine.

Operating and Testing



SA33-0356

IBM 3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller Model 950

User's Guide¹

Explains how to:

- Carry out daily routine operations on Nways Controller
- Install, test, and customize the Nways controller after installation
- Configure user's workstations to remotely control the service processor using:
 - DCAF program
 - Telnet client program
 - Java console support.

¹ Documentation shipped with the 3746-950.

List of Abbreviations

APPN	Advanced Peer-to-Peer Networking	MAE	Multiaccess Enclosure
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange	MOSS	Maintenance and Operator Subsystem
ATM	Asynchronous Transfer Mode	MOSS-E	Maintenance and Operator Subsystem - Extended
CCM	Controller Configuration and Management	NCP	Network Control Program
CDF-E	Configuration Data File-Extended	NMVT	Network Management Vector Transport
CLI	Command Language Interface	NN	Network Node
CM/2		NNP	Network Node Processor
CP	Control Program (SNA environment) Control Point (APPN environment)	OS	Operating System
DBCS	Double Byte Character Set	PPP	Point-to-Point Protocol
DCAF	Distributed Console Access Facility	PU	Physical Unit
DLC	Data Link Control	PSNA	
FFST/2	First Failure Support Technology for OS/2	RPC	Remote Procedure Call
HPR	High Performance Routing	RU	R
IEEE		SDLC	Synchronous Data Link Control
ID	Identifier	SNA	Systems Network Architecture
IP	Internet Protocol	SP	Service Processor
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network	SPNVAL	Service Point Name Validation
kbps	kilobits per second	TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network	TFTP	Trivial File Transfer Protocol
LU	Logical Unit	UPM	User Profile management
		URL	Uniform Resource Locator
		WSID	Workstation Identifier

Glossary

This glossary defines all new terms used in this manual. It also includes terms and definitions from the *IBM Dictionary of Computing*, SC20-1699.

Advanced Peer-to-Peer Networking (APPN). Data communication support that routes data in a network between two or more advanced program-to-program communications (APPC) systems that do not need to be adjacent.

configuration data file (CDF). A MOSS file that contains a description of all the hardware features (presence, type, address, and characteristics) of the 3745 controller.

configuration data file-extended (CDF-E). A MOSS-E file that contains a description of all the hardware features (presence, type, address, and characteristics) of the 3746 Model 900 controller.

control point (CP). A collection of tasks, which provide directory and route selection functions for APPN. An end node control point provides its own configuration, session, and management services with assistance from the control point in its serving network node. A network node control point provides session and routing service.

control program. A computer program designed to schedule and to supervise the execution of programs of the controller.

Distributed Console Access Facility (DCAF). An IBM licensed program that enables a user at one workstation to remotely control, monitor, and operate another workstation.

focal point (FP). An APPN network node that receives alerts. A focal point allows a customer to centrally manage a network.

host processor. (1) A processor that controls all or part of a user application network. (2) In a network, the processing unit in which the access method for the network resides. (3) In an SNA network, the processing unit that contains a system services control point (SSCP). (4) A processing unit that executes the access method for attached communication controllers. Also called *host*.

integrated services digital network (ISDN). A digital end-to-end telecommunication network that supports multiple services including, but not limited to, voice and data.

Internet Protocol (IP). In TCP/IP, a protocol that routes data from its source to its destination in an Internet environment.

local area network (LAN). A computer network located on a user's premises within a limited geographical area. Communication within a LAN is not subject to external regulation; however, communication across the LAN boundary may be subject to some form of regulation.

logical unit (LU). In SNA, a port through which an end user accesses the SNA network in order to communicate with another end user and through which the end user accesses the functions provided by system services control points (SSCPs). An LU can support at least two sessions, one with an SSCP and one with another LU, and may be capable of supporting many sessions with other logical units.

Maintenance and Operator Sub-System (MOSS). The part of the controller that provides operating and servicing facilities to the user's operator and the IBM service representative.

Maintenance and Operator Sub-System-Extended (MOSS-E). The licensed internal code loaded on the service processor fixed disk to provide maintenance and operator facilities to the user and IBM service representative.

Multiaccess Enclosure (MAE). A super processor for the 3746-9x0 with a direct hardware attachment to the controller connectivity switch. The MAE houses eight adapter slots with up to eight ports per adapter, and handles multiple traffic routing for TCP/IP, SNA/DLUR, APPN, and HPR protocols.

NCCF. Network Communications Control Facility

NetView Performance Monitor (NPM). An IBM licensed program that collects, monitors, analyses, and displays data relevant to the performance of a VTAM telecommunication network. It runs as an on-line VTAM application program.

NetView S/390 program. An IBM licensed program network. It runs as an on-line VTAM application program on S/390 System.

network. See *user application network*.

Network Control Program (NCP). An IBM licensed program that provides communication controllers supports for single-domain, multiple domain, and interconnected network capability.

Glossary

ROP Service. Application that processes (under OS/2 workstation) the commands sent by the NetView program through SPA Router.

SPA Router. It is an OS/2 program that receives a command from a NetView program to the specified application.

REXX. Restructured Extended Executor. A general-purpose, procedural language for end-user personal programming, designed for ease by both casual general users and computer professionals.

Synchronous Data Link Control (SDLC). A discipline conforming to subsets of the Advanced Data Communication Control Procedures (ADCCP) of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and High-level Data Link Control (HDLC) of the International Organization for Standardization (IOS), for managing synchronous, code-transparent, serial-by-bit information transfer over a link connection. Transmission exchanges may be duplex or half-duplex over switched or nonswitched links. The configuration of the link connection may be point-to-point, multipoint, or loop.

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3746 Nways Multiprotocol Controller
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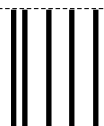
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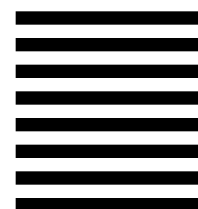
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