

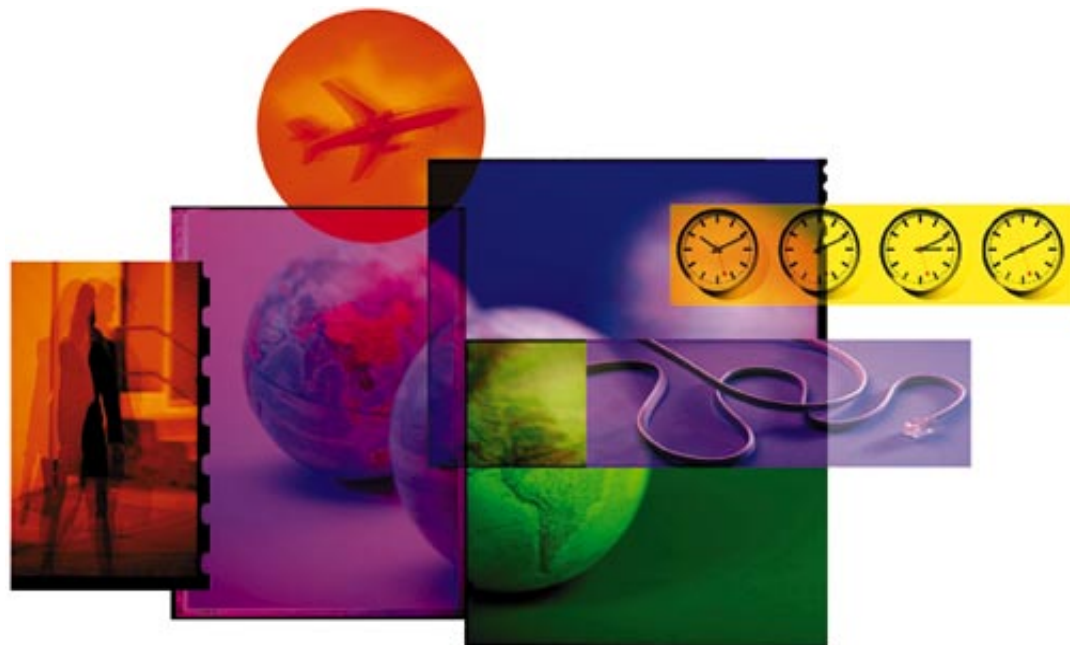


IBM Network Voice Data Integration Strategy

Clem Leung

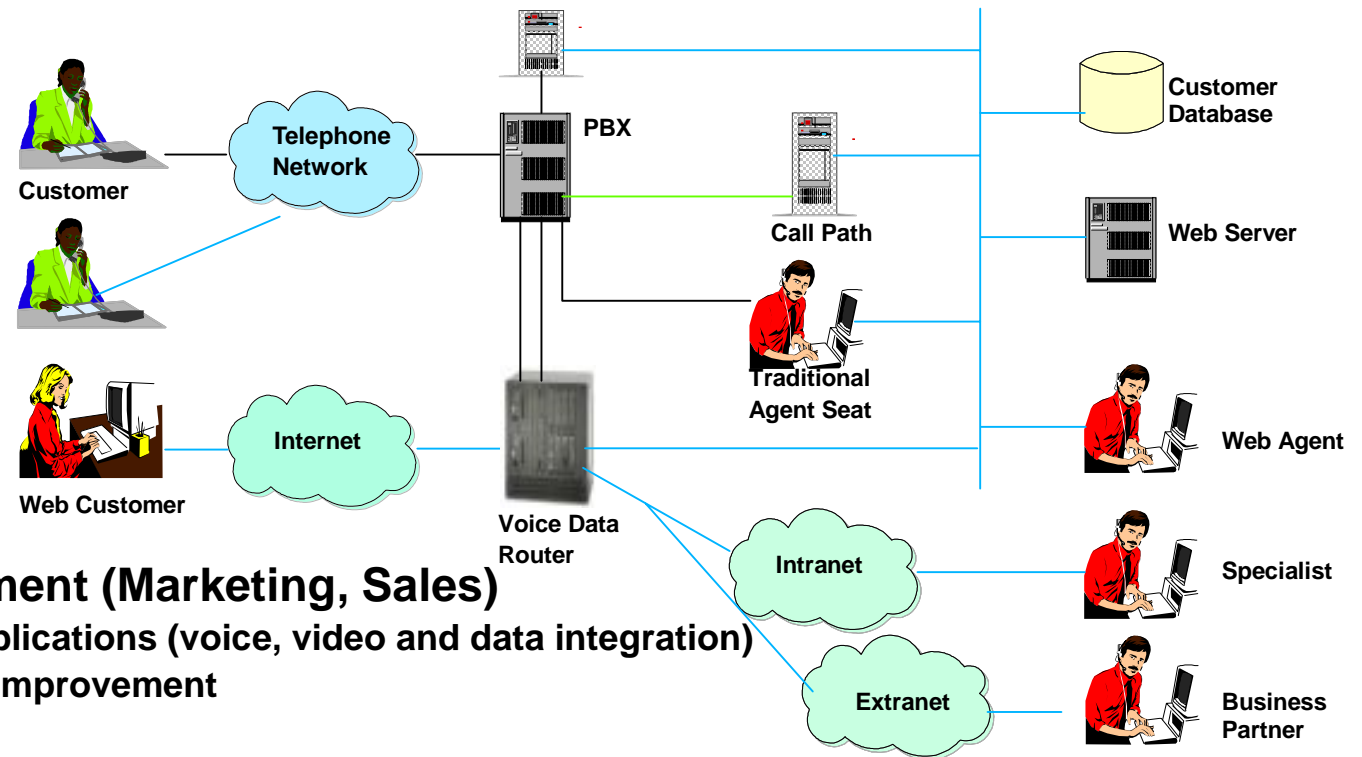
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Voice over Packet Network Business Drivers

IBM



■ Business enablement (Marketing, Sales)

- New eBusiness applications (voice, video and data integration)
- Business process improvement

■ Cost savings

- Leverage existing Intranet bandwidth and carrier service (like FR or Internet) to support fax or/and voice and associated applications
- Simplified management (data and voice)

■ Voice network availability/performance/reach enhancement

- Traditional voice network backup/supplement/replacement

Applications



- **Web Call Center**

- "Push to talk" web entry into call centers

- **Location Transparency**

- Follow-me services based on binding of phone #'s to IP address
 - Distributed ("Virtual") Call Centers

- **Unified Messaging**

- Email, Voicemail, Paging

- **Business Conferencing / Collaboration**

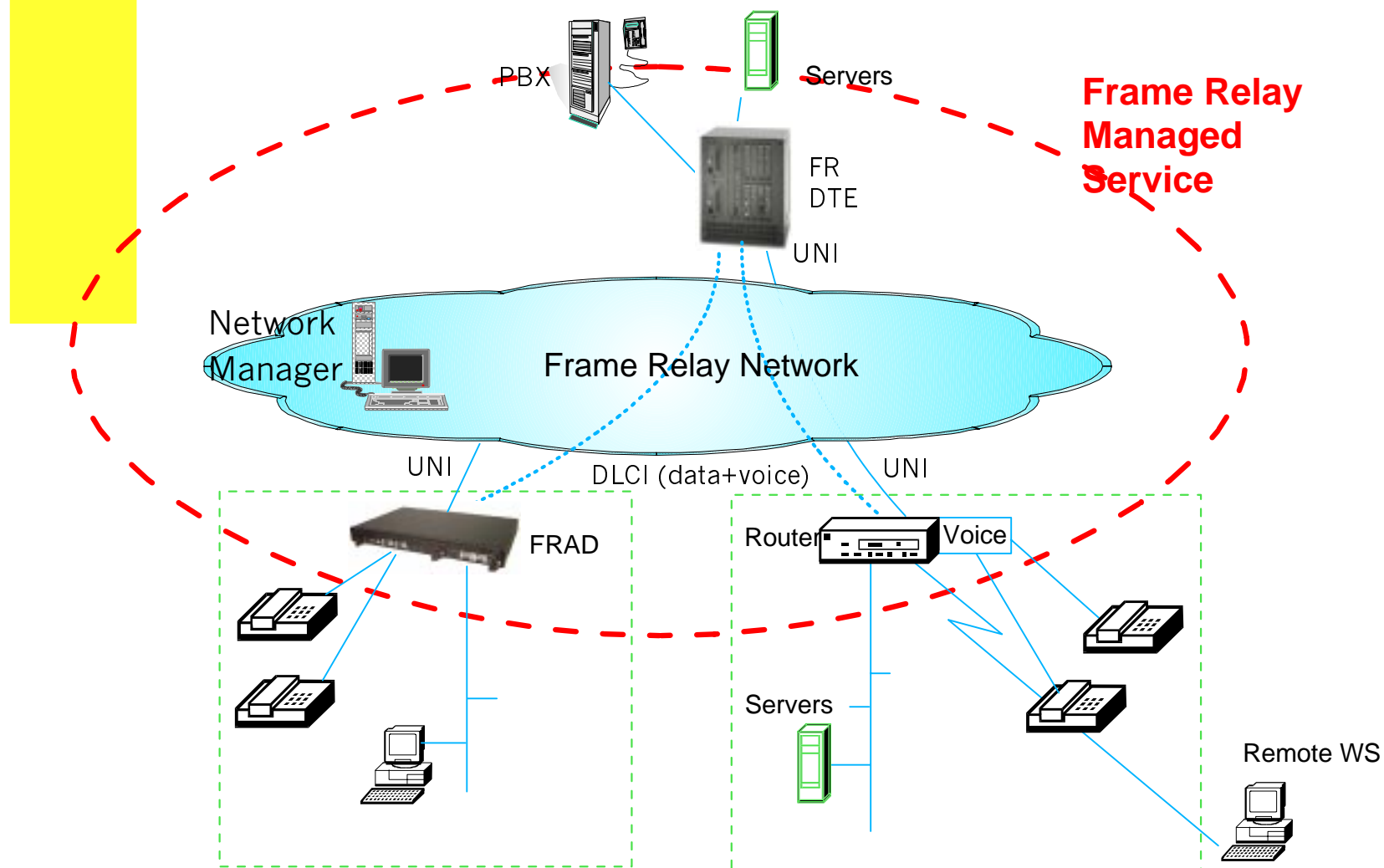
- VoIP Conference calling "on the fly" -- no prior reservation requirements
 - Multimedia conferencing as easily as traditional voice conferencing

Packet Voice Challenges

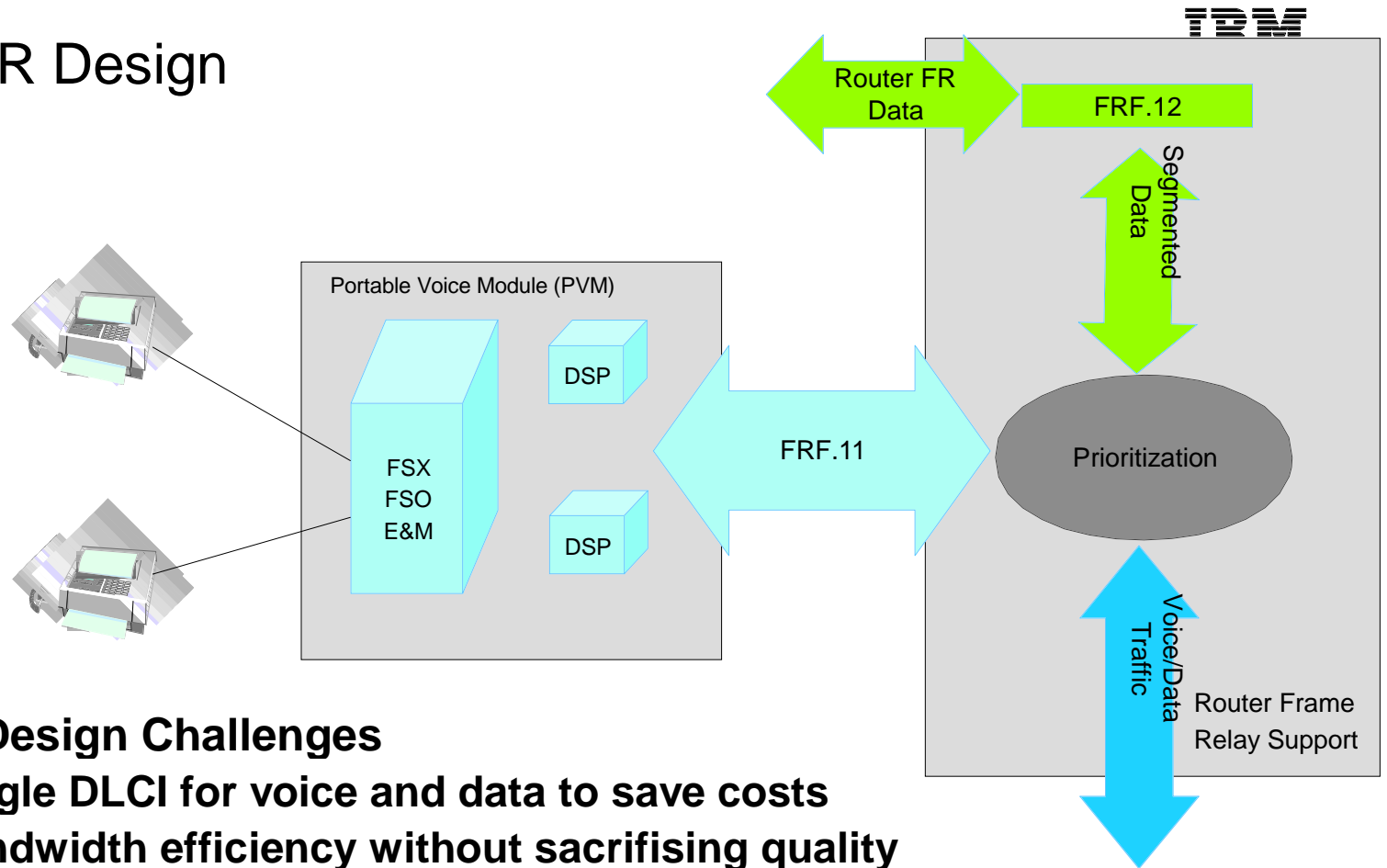
- Diverse characteristics of voice and data
- Network latency and QOS for voice - voice quality
- Network and resource efficiency and impacts on existing applications
- Cost savings vs complexity/service levels
- Scalability/complexity
- Security
- Standards and products maturity/reliability
- Overall management and support
- Overall network control - joint data/voice group
- Government regulations

Voice over FR

IBM



VoFR Design



✓ Key Design Challenges

- ✓ Single DLCI for voice and data to save costs
- ✓ Bandwidth efficiency without sacrificing quality
- ✓ Voice priority and controllable network delay
- ✓ Fax and modem support
- ✓ Efficient voice routing and PVC maintenance to improve scalability

Key VoFR technologies

■ Benefits:

- Voice and data over a cost effective carrier service
- Bandwidth efficiency
 - Voice compression althorigm (CELP)- 4.8to12k (almost toll quality)
 - Echo cancellation and silence removal
- Robust delay control using CIR
- Intelligent buffer management
- Large frame segementation and reassembly
- Prioritization
- Loss frame control
- Discard control

■ Issues

- Fax/modem detection
- Voice routing efficiency and minimized delay
- Efficient switching and PVC/SVC setup

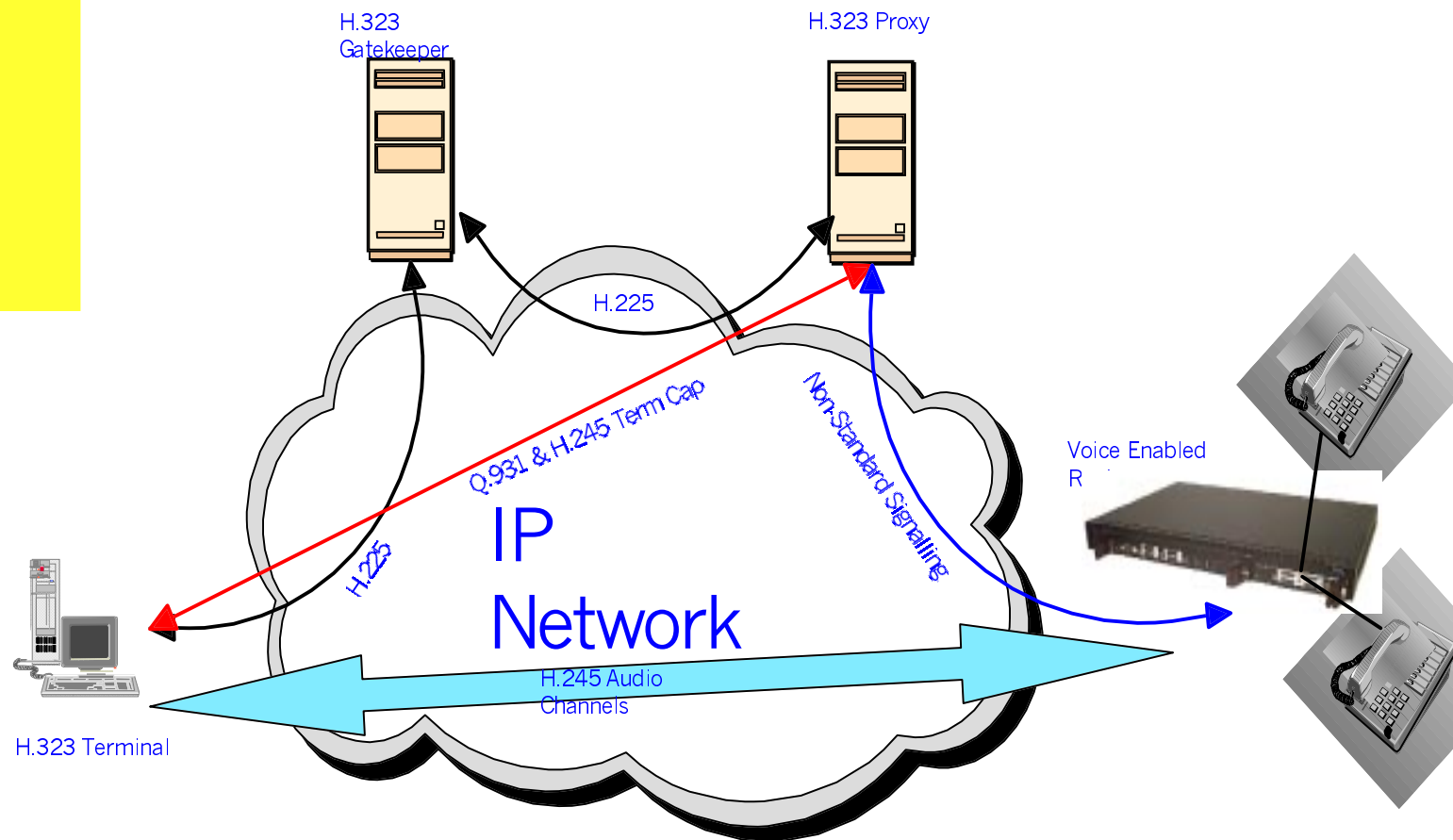
■ Key technologies

- FRF11 - DLCI subchannel to support voice and data over single DLCI
- FRF12 - Data segmentation to minimize delay for voice

Voice over FR solution

- Best used for hierarchical voice structure
- Excellent network delay control for voice quality
- Need end to end FR network
- PVC configuration and management is key
- Voice and data integrated application requires gateways
- Voice support and overhead permeates entire network

VoIP Interworking



Key VoIP benefits and technologies

■ Benefits -

- Integrated voice/data application support
- Use of existing IP router networks (Internet/intranet) to save costs
- Multimedia PC support (without handsets)
- Use of IP network to route for efficiency and scalability

■ Issues:

- Network delay (voice quality) requires in depth design
- Impact on existing infrastructure and applications
- Voice to IP conversion efficiency
- Internal and external network addressing and firewall impact

■ Technologies

- Differentiated Services - simple packet prioritization
- RSVP - network resource reservation for QOS
- Multilink PPP- packet segmentation for network delay
- RTP/RTCP - per flow control on 'timed' app (voice/video)
- H.323 Gateway and Proxies

VoIP Observations

- Appears to be flexible, scalable and efficient technology
- 'Ubiquitous' IP protocol provides momentum
- Existing IP networks provide global reach and tremendous cost savings
- QOS to maintain toll call quality is key
- IP over FR (CIR) appears to be a good combination
- Voice/data integrated applications extremely promising
- Good for any to any voice network

Vendor selection decision factors

- **Standards base for interoperability**
 - **Voice quality control**
 - **Scalability**
 - **Hardware and software flexibility**
 - **Management**
 - **Security**
 - **End to end solution**
 - **Experience, skills in both voice and data networking**
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IBM Networking Hardware (NHD) Voice Data Strategy **IBM**

Provide a flexible, cost effective, scalable, end to end, manageable system support for data and voice integration

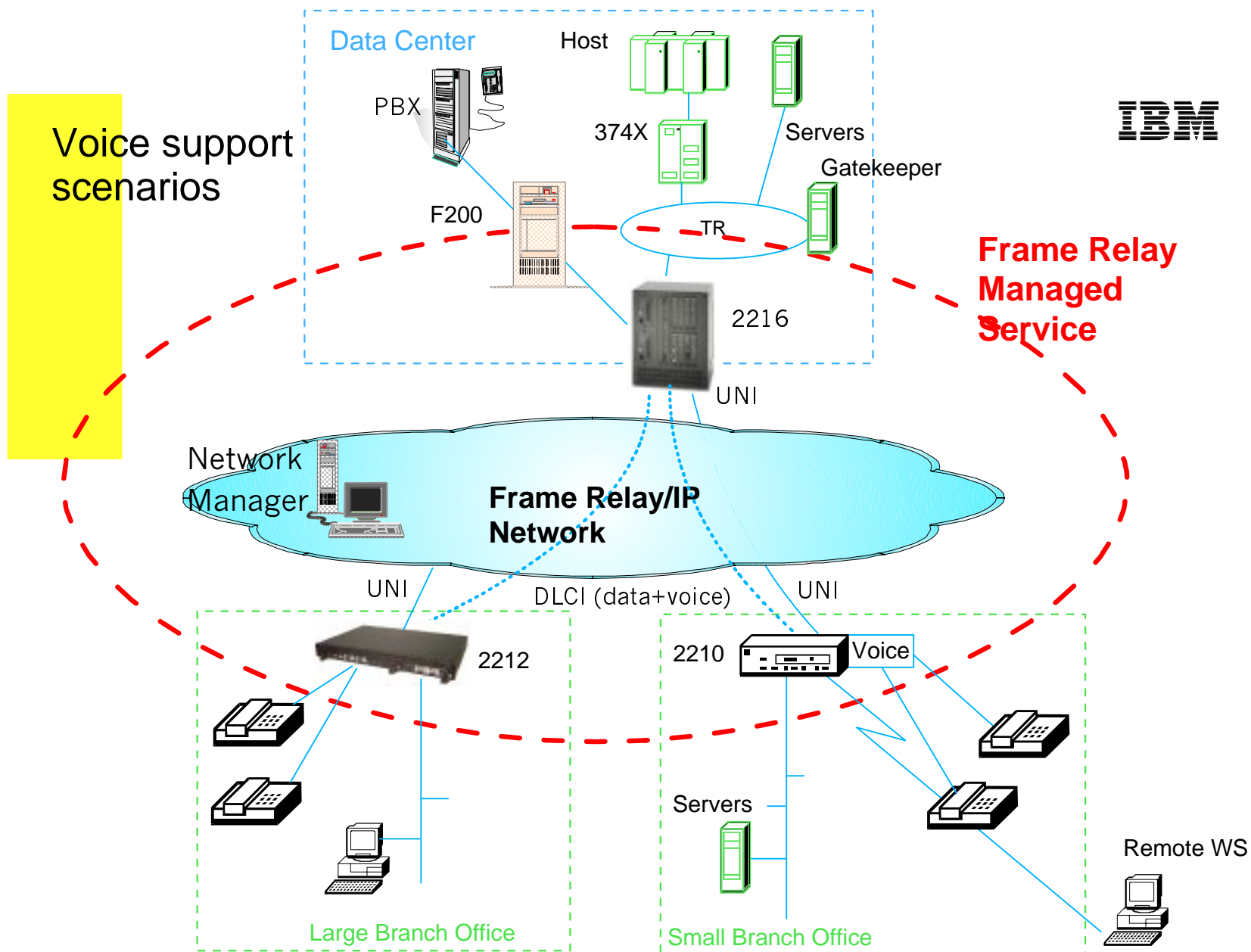
- **Provide a flexible and cost effective hardware/software platform to satisfy customer needs in branch office - IP/SNA integration, voice, ebusiness**
 - Branch Office WAN (2210, 2212)
 - **Provide high performance multiservice backbone**
 - Campus WAN Consolidation (2212, 2216, 2220, 8265)
 - **Provide industry strength H.323 Gateway**
 - **Provide cost effective, highly scalable server site catcher**
 - NetUtility Servers (TN3270e server, DLSw, security,...)
 - **Enable campus workgroup/wiring closet to support voice**
 - Layer 3 Ethernet Switches with QOS
 - **Desktop (eg. Java Telephone) and Application Integration**
 - **Integrated network/system management system**
 - Directory enabled network systems
-

IBM Voice/Data Integration Core Technologies

- **Powerful, low cost and flexible hardware base:**
 - POWER PC processors
 - Compact PCI adapters
 - PRIZMA switch chip set
 - Highly reliable/performance and low cost storage/hard disk
- **High function software base:**
 - Multiprotocol support
 - Strong native SNA and SNA/IP integration support
- **DataBeam acquisition for robust H.323 Gateway platform**
- **Industry leading voice technology partnership**
- **Directory enabled management based on highly scalable server based data base (DB2), directory service and management applications**
- **Key standards based technologies**
 - RSVP
 - Differentiated Services
 - Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)

Voice support scenarios

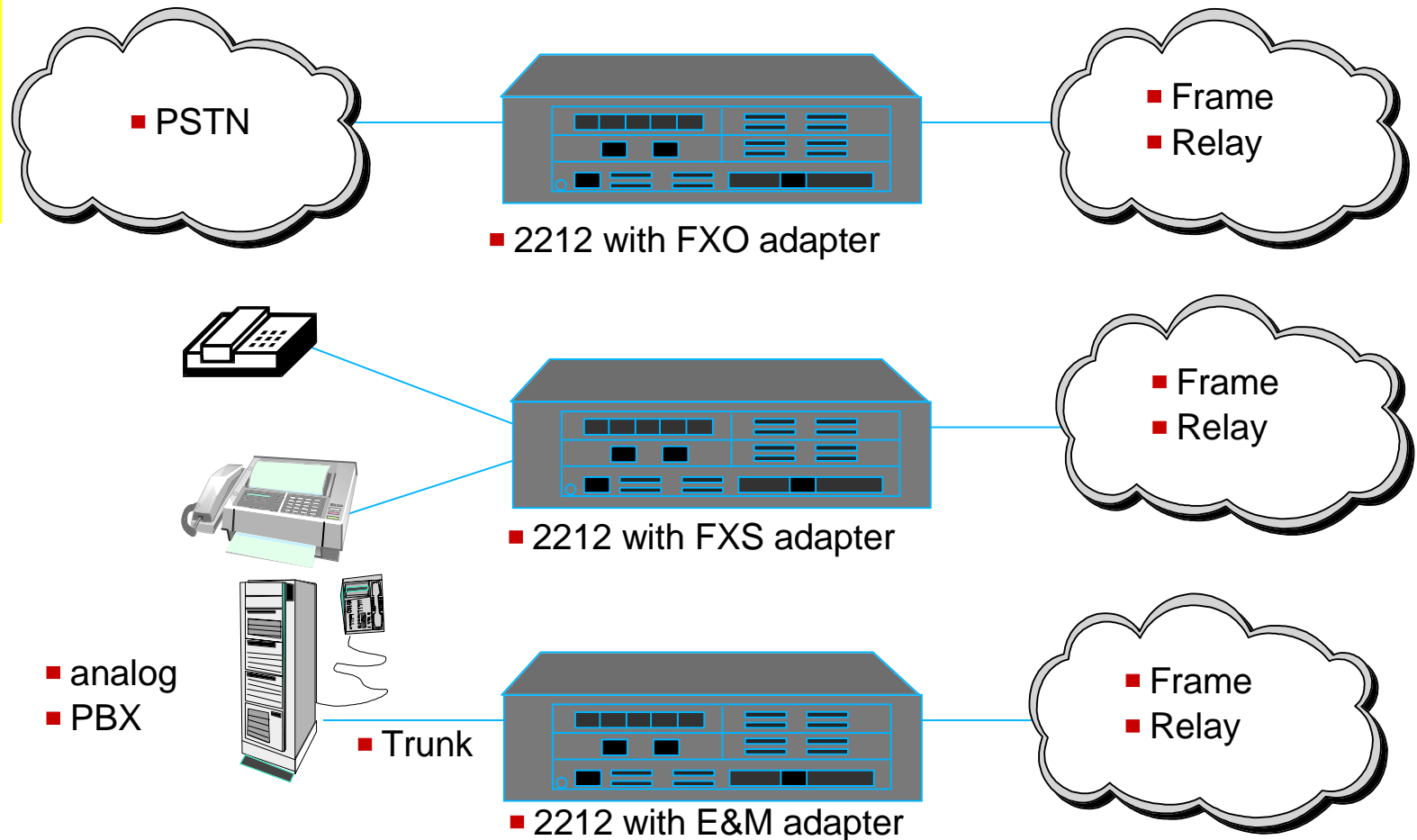
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New 2212 HW for Voice

IBM

Three different analog adapters
FXS, FXO, E&M



The IBM 9783(Nuera F200 Voice FRAD) Ordering, Support, Service by IBM

Offers Digital Interface to PBX

- 23 lines (T1) or 30 lines (E1)

Performs PVC switching for branch to branch telephony

- No branch to branch PVCs required

Facilitates centralized numbering plan

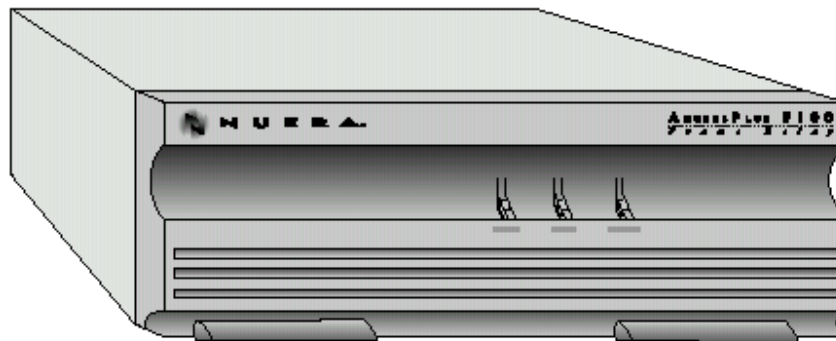


Figure 3. Access Plus F-Series Front Panel

IBM 9783 Features

BASE UNIT CAPACITY

■ Core Card:

- ▶ Network Interface- Single V.35/RS422
- ▶ Console Interface - RS232/RS485

■ Stack Cards

- ▶ Up to Four(4) High Speed Processor(HSP)
- ▶ Digital Subscriber Card(1)

■ Voice/Fax Cards:

- ▶ Eight Voice/Fax Slots
 - Analog: one(1) voice channel per card
max: eight(8)
 - Digital: four(4) voice channels per card
max: 24/T1 30/E1

IBM 9783 Features

■ VOICE FEATURES/INTERFACES:

- ▶ BitRate: G.728 LD-CELP at 16kbps
G.726 ADPCM at 32kbps
E-CELP at 4.8/7.47/9.6kbps
G.729 CS-ACELP at 8kbps
- ▶ Echo Cancellation: CCITT G.165 for 0-49 msec delay
- ▶ Fax Compression: Group III at 2.4/4.8/7.2/9.6kbps
- ▶ Signalling(analog): DTMF, Immediate and Wink Start
- ▶ Signalling(digital): DTMF, CAS, robbed bit
- ▶ Electrical: FXO, FXS, and 2/4 Wire E&M

■ FRAME RELAY:

- ▶ Capacity: one(1) to four(4) trunks/256 DLCI
- ▶ Bit Rate: standard rates 9.6kbps-2Mbps
- ▶ Format: Frame Relay FRF.1 UNI DTE/DCE

IBM 9783 Features

■ FRAME RELAY ACCESS DEVICE INTERFACES

- ▶ Capacity: max 16 ports
- ▶ Bit Rate: 75bps-115.2kbps(asynch)
200bps-2.0Mbps(synch)
- ▶ Protocols: Asynch/HDLC/SDLC/bisync

■ NETWORK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

- ▶ NueraView(PC with HPOV)
 - Configuration/Topology
 - Monitoring
 - Alarms
 - Diagnostics
 - Statistics

IBM WEB sites



IBM Networking Hardware

www.networking.ibm.com

2210 Multiprotocol Router

www.networking.ibm.com/220/220prod.html

2212 Multiprotocol Router

www.networking.ibm.com/2212/2212prod.html

2216 Multiaccess Connector

www.networking.ibm.com/216/216prod.html

NETeam

www.networking.ibm.com/neteam/